UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM S-1 (Amendment No. 4)

REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

Oxis International, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

2834

(Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code)

100 South Ashley Street, Suite 600 Tampa, Florida 33602 Phone: (800) 304-9888

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

Corporation Service Company Corporation Trust Center 1209 Orange Street Wilmington, DE Telephone: (302) 658-7581

(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

Copies of Communications to:

Gary R. Henrie, Esq. PO Box 107 Nauvoo, Illinois 62354 Tel: (309) 313-5092 Email: grhlaw@hotmail.com

Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to public:

From time to time after the effective date of this registration statement.

If any securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act, check the following box. [X]

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. []

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. []

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. []

If delivery of the prospectus is expected to be made pursuant to Rule 434, please check the following box. []

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of each Class of Securities to be Registered	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price(1)	Amount of Registration Fee
Class A Units consisting of:	\$12,000,000	\$1,208.40
(i) Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share(2)		
(ii) Warrants to purchase common stock		
Exercise price of Class A Unit Warrants (2)	\$12,000,000	\$1,208.40
Class B Units consisting of:	\$12,000,000	\$1,208.40

(i) Series J Convertible Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share (ii) Warrants to purchase common stock		
Common stock issuable upon conversion of Series J Convertible Preferred Stock (2)		
Exercise price of Class B Unit Warrants (2)	\$12,000,000	\$1,208.40
Exercise price of Placement Agent Warrants (2)	\$1,920,000	\$193.35
Total	\$49,920,000	\$5.026.95(3)

- (1) Estimated solely for the purpose of computing the amount of the registration fee pursuant to Rule 457(o) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.
- (2) Pursuant to Rule 416 under the Securities Act, the securities being registered hereunder include such indeterminate number of additional shares of common stock as may be issued after the date hereof as a result of stock splits, stock dividends or similar transactions.
- (3) Calculated in accordance with Rule 457(o) and Rule 457(g) of the Securities Act at the statutory rate of \$100.70 per \$1,000,000 of securities registered.

The Registrant hereby amends this registration statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this registration statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until the registration statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

The information in this Prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not issue these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This Prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS DATED NOVEMBER XX, 2016

OXIS INTERNATIONAL, INC.

60,000,000 Class A Units consisting of Common Stock and Warrants,
6,000,000 Class B Units consisting of Series J Convertible Preferred Stock and Warrants,
60,000,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Series J Convertible Preferred Stock,
60,000,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the warrants in the Class A Units,
60,000,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the warrants in the Class B Units,
9,600,000 Placement Agent Warrants, and
9,600,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the Placement Agent Warrants

We are offering 60,000,000 Class A Units (consisting of one share of our common stock and a Series A warrant to purchase one share of our common stock at an exercise price equal to the public offering price of the Class A Units ("Series A warrant")). The shares of common stock and Series A warrants part of a Class A Unit are immediately separable and will be issued separately in this offering.

We are also offering to those purchasers, if any, whose purchase of Class A Units in this offering would otherwise result in the purchaser, together with its affiliates and certain related parties, beneficially owning more than 4.99% of our outstanding common stock immediately following the consummation of this offering, the opportunity, in lieu of purchasing Class A Units, to purchase Class B Units. Each Class B Unit will consist of one share of our Series J Convertible Preferred Stock, or the Series J Preferred, convertible into ten shares of our common stock at the public offering price of the Class A Units times ten, together with the equivalent number of Series A warrants as would have been issued to such purchaser if they had purchased Class A Units based on the public offering price. The Series J Preferred do not generally have any voting rights but are convertible into shares of common stock. The shares of Series J Preferred and Series A warrants are immediately separable and will be issued separately in this offering.

We are also offering the shares of common stock that are issuable from time to time upon conversion of the Series J Preferred and upon exercise of the Series A warrants being offered by this prospectus.

Assuming we sell all 60,000,000 Class A Units (and no Class B Units) being offered in this offering and a public offering price of \$0.20, the reported closing price of our common stock on August 18, 2016, we would issue in this offering an aggregate of 60,000,000 shares of our common stock and Series A warrants to purchase 60,000,000 shares of our common stock.

Our common stock is listed on the OTCQB under the symbol OXIS. Our common stock is also quoted on several European based exchanges including Berlin (OXI.BE), Frankfurt (OXI.DE), the Euronext (OXI.NX) and Paris, (OXI.PA). The last reported sale price of our common stock on OTCQB on August 18, 2016 was \$0.20 per share. There is no established public trading market for the Series A warrants or Series J Preferred, and we do not expect a market to develop. In addition, the warrants and Series J Preferred are not and will not be listed for trading on any national securities exchange.

Investing in our common stock involves risks, which are described in the "Risk Factors" section beginning on page 9 of this prospectus.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	Per Sl	share of stock and	Unit (one Per Class I common shae of a Series A Preferred an one share warrant for on stock) commo	Series J d a Series A ten shares of
Public offering price	\$	\$	\$	\$
Placement agent's fees(1)	\$	\$	\$	\$
Proceeds, before expenses, to Oxis International, Inc.	\$	\$	\$	\$

placement agent. See "Plan of Distribution" on page 20 of this prospectus for a description of the compensation payable to the placement agent.

Delivery of the shares will take place on or about , 2016, subject to satisfaction of certain conditions.

Sole Book-Running Manager Rodman & Renshaw, a unit of H.C. Wainwright & Co.

The date of this prospectus is November, 2016.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
PROSPECTUS SUMMARY	5
RISK FACTORS	8
USE OF PROCEEDS	12
MARKET FOR OUR COMMON STOCK AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS	12
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF	
OPERATIONS	13
BUSINESS	19
MANAGEMENT	23
EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION	25
VOTING SECURITIES AND PRINCIPAL HOLDERS	26
PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION	29
DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK	31
LEGAL MATTERS	31
DISCLOSURE OF COMMISSION POSITION ON INDEMNIFICATION FOR SECURITIES ACT LIABILITIES	31
EXPERTS	32
WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION	32
INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	33

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus. We have not authorized any person to provide you with any information or represent anything not contained in this prospectus, and, if given or made, any such other information or representation should not be relied upon as having been authorized by us. The selling stockholders are not offering to sell, or seeking offers to buy, our common stock in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. You should not assume that the information provided in this prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front cover of this prospectus.

In addition to historical information, this prospectus contains forward-looking statements. The words "forecast", "eliminate", "project", "intend", "expect", "should", "believe" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors, including those discussed in "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.

Except as required by law, we assume no obligation to publicly update or revise these forward-looking statements for any reason, or to update the reasons actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements, even if new information becomes available in the future.

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights information contained elsewhere in this prospectus; it does not contain all of the information you should consider before investing in our common stock. You should read the entire prospectus before making an investment decision.

Throughout this prospectus, the terms "we," "us," "our," and "our company" refer to Oxis International, Inc., a Delaware corporation and related subsidiaries.

All references to the number of shares issued or outstanding in this prospectus, and all per share and other similar data, reflect a 1-for-250 reverse stock split that we effected on December 16, 2015.

Our Business

OXIS International, Inc., through its wholly owned subsidiary Oxis Biotech, Inc, is an immuno-oncology company with a robust technology platform consisting of bispecific and trispecific scFv constructs, full-length antibodies, proprietary drug payloads, proprietary antibody-drug linkers, dual-drug payload antibody-drug conjugates (ADCs), bispecific targeted ADCs, and NK cell and T-cell antibody directed cell-mediated cytotoxic (ADDCs) agents.

Our Offices

Our principal executive offices are located at 100 South Ashley Street, Suite 600, Tampa, Fl 33602 and our telephone number is (800) 304-9888.

Our Website

Our website is located at www.oxis.com. Information on our website is not, and should not be considered, part of this prospectus.

THE OFFERING

Class A Units offered by us

We are offering up to 60,000,000 Class A Units. Each Class A Unit will consist of one share of our common stock and a Series A warrant to purchase one share of our common stock at an exercise price equal to the public offering price of the Class A Units, ("Series A warrant"). The Class A Units will not be certificated and the share of common stock and warrants part of such unit are immediately separable and will be issued separately in this offering.

This prospectus also relates to the offering of shares of our common stock issuable upon the exercise of the Series A warrants part of the Class A Units.

Assuming we sell all 60,000,000 Class A Units (and no Class B Units) being offered in this offering and a public offering price of \$0.20, the reported closing price of our common stock on August 18, 2016, we would issue in this offering an aggregate of 60,000,000 shares of our common stock and Series A warrants to purchase 60,000,000 shares of our common stock.

Class B Units offered by us

We are also offering to those purchasers, if any, whose purchase of Class A Units in this offering would otherwise result in the purchaser, together with its affiliates and certain related parties, beneficially owning more than 4.99% of our outstanding common stock immediately following the consummation of this offering, the opportunity, in lieu of purchasing Class A Units, to purchase Class B Units. Each Class B Unit will consist of one share of our Series J Convertible Preferred Stock, or the Series J Preferred, convertible into ten shares of our common stock at the public offering price of the Class A Units times ten, together with the equivalent number of Series A warrants as would have been issued to such purchaser if they had purchased Class A Units based on the public offering price. The Series J Preferred do not generally have any voting rights but are convertible into shares of common stock. The Class B Units will not be certificated and the share of Series J Preferred and warrants part of such unit are immediately separable and will be issued separately in this offering.

This prospectus also relates to the offering of shares of our common stock issuable upon conversion of the Series J Preferred Stock and upon exercise of the Series A warrants part of the Class B Units.

Series A Warrants

Each Series A warrant included in the Units will have an exercise price equal to the public offering price of the Class A Units, will be exercisable upon issuance, and will expire five years from the date of issuance.

Common stock outstanding before this offering

30,241,305 shares

Common stock outstanding after this offering

shares(1)

Use of proceeds

We intend to use the net proceeds from this offering for general corporate purposes and working capital.

Risk factors

You should read the "Risk Factors" beginning on page 7 of this Prospectus for a discussion of factors to consider before deciding to purchase the securities we are offering.

OTC Markets symbol for our common stock

OXIS

(1) Assumes only Class A Units are sold in this offering. To the extent we sell any Class B Units, the same aggregate number of common stock equivalents resulting from this offering would be convertible under the Series J Preferred issued as part of the Class B Units.

Summary Financial Information

The tables and information below are derived from Oxis' audited financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and the year ended December 31, 2015.

Balance Sheet Summary	September 30, 2016 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2015 (Audited)
Cash	\$ 154,000	\$ 47,000
Prepaid expenses	2,000	2,000
Property and equipment, net	4,000	5,000
Total assets	160,000	54,000
Total liabilities	17,366,000	61,888,000
Total Stockholders' Deficit	(17,206,000)	(61,834,000)
Statement of Operations Summary	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 (Unaudited)	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 (Unaudited)
Revenues	\$ -	27,000
Gross profit	-	-
Research and development	725,000	475,000
General and administrative expenses	7,827,000	5,571,000
Other income/(loss)	32,414,000	10,671,000
Net income/(loss)	23,862,000	4,652,000

RISK FACTORS

This offering involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties described below in addition to the other information contained in this prospectus before deciding whether to invest in shares of our common stock. If any of the following risks actually occur, our business, financial condition or operating results could be harmed. In that case, the trading price of our common stock could decline and you may lose part or all of your investment. In the opinion of management, the risks discussed below represent the material risks known to the company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also impair our business operations and adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

Risks Related to Our Business

We have a history of operating losses; we expect to continue to incur losses and we may never be profitable.

As of September 30, 2016, we had an accumulated deficit of \$ 121,820,000 . We do not expect to generate any product sales or royalty revenues for at least four years. We expect to incur significant additional operating losses in the future as we expand research and development and clinical trial efforts.

Our ability to achieve long-term profitability is dependent upon obtaining regulatory approvals for our products and successfully commercializing our products alone or with third parties. However, our operations may not be profitable even if any of our products under development are successfully developed and produced and thereafter commercialized.

Even if we succeed in commercializing one or more of our product candidates, we expect to continue to incur substantial research and development and other expenditures to develop and market additional product candidates. The size of our future net losses will depend, in part, on the rate of future growth of our expenses and our ability to generate revenue. Our prior losses and expected future losses have had and will continue to have an adverse effect on our stockholders' equity and working capital.

We will have to hire additional executive officers and employees to operate our business. If we are unable to hire qualified personnel, we may not be able to implement our business plan and if we are unable to do so, the value of our common stock could be reduced.

We currently have only two full-time employees. The loss of the services of any of our key product or business development employees could delay our product development programs and our research and development efforts. We do not maintain key person life insurance on any of our officers, employees or consultants. In order to develop our business in accordance with our business plan, we will have to hire additional qualified personnel, including in the areas of manufacturing, clinical trials management, regulatory affairs, and business development. We will need to raise sufficient funds to hire the necessary employees and have commenced our search for additional key employees. However, competition for qualified employees among companies in the biotechnology and biopharmaceutical industry is intense, and no assurance can be given that we will be able attract, hire, retain and motivate the highly skilled employees that we need. If we are unable to hire new skilled personnel, including management, our ability to properly develop our products and to implement our business plan will be adversely affected, which will result in a reduction in the value of our shares of common stock.

Our intellectual property may be compromised.

Part of the value of the Company going forward is vested in the intellectual property that the Company is acquiring the rights to at the present time. There may have been many persons involved in the development of the intellectual property, some of which the Company is not successful in obtaining the rights from. It is possible that in the future, claimants to the property rights may come forward that the Company is not aware of at the present time. It is also possible that the Company may not be successful in protecting its property rights. In either event, it is possible that the Company could lose the value of its intellectual property and if so the business prospects of the Company may suffer.

The fact that we have generated operating losses in the past raises doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company has a history of generating operating losses. We have in the past covered any shortfall in operating capital from sales of equity and debt securities, but there can be no assurance that we will continue to be able to do so. The unpredictable economy in the United States and the volatile public equity markets may make it more difficult for us to raise capital as and when we need it, and it is difficult for us to assess the impact this might have on our operations or liquidity. If we cannot raise the funds that we require to continue our business operations, there is a substantial risk that our business will fail.

We are subject to extensive regulation, which can be costly, time consuming and can subject us to unanticipated delays; even if we obtain regulatory approval for some of our products, those products may still face regulatory difficulties.

All of our potential products, processing and manufacturing activities, are subject to comprehensive regulation by the FDA in the United States and by comparable authorities in other countries. The process of obtaining FDA and other required regulatory approvals, including foreign approvals, is expensive and often takes many years and can vary substantially based upon the type, complexity and novelty of the products involved. In addition, regulatory agencies may lack experience with our technologies and products, which may lengthen the regulatory review process, increase our development costs and delay or prevent their commercialization.

If we violate regulatory requirements at any stage, whether before or after marketing approval is obtained, we may be fined, forced to remove a product from the market and experience other adverse consequences including delay, which could materially harm our financial results. Additionally, we may not be able to obtain the labeling claims necessary or desirable for the promotion of our products. We may also be required to undertake post-marketing trials. In addition, if we or others identify side effects after any of our adoptive therapies are on the market, or if manufacturing problems occur, regulatory approval may be withdrawn and reformulations, additional clinical trials, changes in labeling of our products, and additional marketing applications may be required.

It may take longer to complete our clinical trials than we project, or we may not be able to complete them at all.

For budgeting and planning purposes, we have projected the date for the commencement, continuation and completion of our various clinical trials. However, a number of factors, including scheduling conflicts with participating clinicians and clinical institutions, and difficulties in identifying and enrolling patients who meet trial eligibility criteria, may cause significant delays. We may not commence or complete clinical trials involving any of our products as projected or may not conduct them successfully.

We expect to rely on medical institutions, academic institutions or clinical research organizations to conduct, supervise or monitor some or all aspects of clinical trials involving our products. We will have less control over the timing and other aspects of these clinical trials than if we conducted them entirely on our own. If we fail to commence or complete, or experience delays in, any of our planned clinical trials, our stock price and our ability to conduct our business as currently planned could be harmed.

We are exposed to the risk of liability claims, for which we may not have adequate insurance.

Since we participate in the pharmaceutical industry, we may be subject to liability claims by employees, customers, end users and third parties. We do not currently have product liability insurance. We intend to have proper insurance in place; however, there can be no assurance that any liability insurance we purchase will be adequate to cover claims asserted against us or that we will be able to maintain such insurance in the future. We intend to adopt prudent risk management programs to reduce these risks and potential liabilities; however, we have not taken any steps to create these programs and have no estimate as to the cost or time required to do so and there can be no assurance that such programs, if and when adopted, will fully protect us. We may not be able to put risk management programs in place, or obtain insurance, if we are unable to retain the necessary expertise and/or are unsuccessful in raising necessary capital in the future. Adverse rulings in any legal matters, proceedings and other matters could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Pre-clinical and clinical trials are conducted during the development of potential products and other treatments to determine their safety and efficacy for use by humans. Notwithstanding these efforts, when our treatments are introduced into the marketplace, unanticipated side effects may become evident. Manufacturing, marketing, selling and testing our product candidates under development or to be acquired or licensed, entails a risk of product liability claims. We could be subject to product liability claims in the event that our product candidates, processes, or products under development fail to perform as intended. Even unsuccessful claims could result in the expenditure of funds in litigation and the diversion of management time and resources, and could damage our reputation and impair the marketability of our product candidates and processes. While we plan to maintain liability insurance for product liability claims, we may not be able to obtain or maintain such insurance at a commercially reasonable cost. If a successful claim were made against us, and we don't have insurance or the amount of insurance was inadequate to cover the costs of defending against or paying such a claim or the damages payable by us, we would experience a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Risks Related to Our Securities

Our common shares are penny stock. Trading of our common shares may be restricted by the SEC's penny stock regulations and the FINRA's sales practice requirements, which may limit a shareholder's ability to buy and sell our common shares.

Our common shares are deemed to be penny stock. The Securities and Exchange Commission has adopted Rule 15g-9 which generally defines "penny stock" to be any equity security that has a market price (as defined) less than \$5.00 per share subject to certain exceptions. Our securities are covered by the penny stock rules, which impose additional sales practice requirements on broker-dealers who sell to persons other than established customers and "accredited investors". The term "accredited investor" refers generally to institutions with assets in excess of \$5,000,000 or individuals with a net worth in excess of \$1,000,000 or annual income exceeding \$200,000 or \$300,000 jointly with their spouse. The penny stock rules require a broker-dealer, prior to a transaction in a penny stock not otherwise exempt from the rules, to deliver a standardized risk disclosure document in a form prepared by the SEC which provides information about penny stocks and the nature and level of risks in the penny stock market. The broker-dealer also must provide the customer with current bid and offer quotations for the penny stock, the compensation of the broker-dealer and its salesperson in the transaction and monthly account statements showing the market value of each penny stock held in the customer's account. The bid and offer quotations, and the broker-dealer and salesperson compensation information, must be given to the customer orally or in writing prior to effecting the transaction and must be given to the customer in writing before or with the customer's confirmation. In addition, the penny stock rules require that prior to a transaction in a penny stock not otherwise exempt from these rules, the broker-dealer must make a special written determination that the penny stock is a suitable investment for the purchaser and receive the purchaser's written agreement to the transaction. These disclosure requirements may have the effect of reducing the level of trading activity in the secondary market for the common shares that are subject to these penny stock rules. Consequently, these penny stock rules may affect the ability of broker-dealers to trade our securities. We believe that the penny stock rules discourage investor interest in, and limit the marketability of, our common shares.

In addition to the "penny stock" rules promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority has adopted rules that require that in recommending an investment to a customer, a broker-dealer must have reasonable grounds for believing that the investment is suitable for that customer. Prior to recommending speculative low priced securities to their non-institutional customers, broker-dealers must make reasonable efforts to obtain information about the customer's financial status, tax status, investment objectives and other information. Under interpretations of these rules, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority believes that there is a high probability that speculative low-priced securities will not be suitable for at least some customers. The Financial Industry Regulatory Authority requirements make it more difficult for broker-dealers to recommend that their customers buy our common shares, which may limit your ability to buy and sell our shares.

Clearing Brokers may Decline to Deposit the Shares in the Subscriber's Account.

Clearing brokers may decline to deposit into Subscriber's account a stock certificate for a security that (1) is a penny stock or (2) has stale or incomplete filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). In addition to these conditions and limitations, the clearing broker may subject The Company's securities to additional review before accepting such securities for deposit. This review process may (1) take up to two weeks or longer, and (2) may include research into the Company or Subscriber. The characteristics that may trigger additional review include (1) low price of the security or securities under review; (2) large number of shares being deposited with clearing broker into Subscriber's account; (3) the securities in question are non-exchange traded; (4) the stock certificates are recently issued; (5) recent merger activity of the underlying company; and/or (6) change of name of the underlying company issuing these stock certificates. Finally, all of the aforementioned conditions, limitations, and characteristics triggering review may apply to Subscriber's Deposit/Withdrawal At Custodian (DWAC) requests, Automated Customer Account Transfer Account Service (ACATS) requests, and Depository Trust Company (DTC) receipts for deposit requests.

We may be unable to attract and retain qualified, experienced, highly skilled personnel, which could adversely affect the implementation of our business plan.

Our success depends to a significant degree upon our ability to attract, retain and motivate skilled and qualified personnel. As we become a more mature company in the future, we may find recruiting and retention efforts more challenging. If we do not succeed in attracting, hiring and integrating excellent personnel, or retaining and motivating existing personnel, we may be unable to grow effectively. The loss of any key employee, including members of our senior management team, and our inability to attract highly skilled personnel with sufficient experience in our industries could harm our business.

Our common stock is quoted on the OTCOB which may have an unfavorable impact on our stock price and liquidity.

Our common stock is quoted on the OTCQB, which is a significantly more limited trading market than the New York Stock Exchange or The NASDAQ Stock Market. The quotation of the Company's shares on the OTCQB may result in a less liquid market available for existing and potential stockholders to trade shares of our common stock, could depress the trading price of our common stock and could have a long-term adverse impact on our ability to raise capital in the future.

There is limited liquidity on the OTCQB which may result in stock price volatility and inaccurate quote information.

When fewer shares of a security are being traded on the OTCQB, volatility of prices may increase and price movement may outpace the ability to deliver accurate quote information. Due to lower trading volumes in shares of our common stock, there may be a lower likelihood of one's orders for shares of our common stock being executed, and current prices may differ significantly from the price one was quoted at the time of one's order entry.

Our common stock is thinly traded, so you may be unable to sell at or near asking prices or at all if you need to sell your shares to raise money or otherwise desire to liquidate your shares.

Currently, the Company's common stock is quoted in the OTCQB and future trading volume may be limited by the fact that many major institutional investment funds, including mutual funds, as well as individual investors follow a policy of not investing in OTCQB stocks and certain major brokerage firms restrict their brokers from recommending OTCQB stocks because they are considered speculative, volatile and thinly traded. The OTCQB market is an inter-dealer market much less regulated than the major exchanges and our common stock is subject to abuses, volatility and shorting. Thus, there is currently no broadly followed and established trading market for the Company's common stock. An established trading market may never develop or be maintained. Active trading markets generally result in lower price volatility and more efficient execution of buy and sell orders. Absence of an active trading market reduces the liquidity of the shares traded there.

Our common stock is subject to price volatility unrelated to our operations.

The market price of our common stock could fluctuate substantially due to a variety of factors, including market perception of our ability to achieve our planned growth, quarterly operating results of other companies in the same industry, trading volume in our common stock, changes in general conditions in the economy and the financial markets or other developments affecting the Company's competitors or the Company itself. In addition, the OTCBB is subject to extreme price and volume fluctuations in general. This volatility has had a significant effect on the market price of securities issued by many companies for reasons unrelated to their operating performance and could have the same effect on our common stock.

The Company has certain notes which could be converted into common stock, the exercise of which and the conversion of which may dilute the value of shares held by Company shareholders.

The Company has warrants outstanding that if exercised would lead to the issuance of 4,677,106 shares of common stock of the company. There are also certain notes on which the Company is not obligated but which are the subject of litigation in which the Company is involved that parties adverse to the Company have asked the Court to order a conversion of such notes into common shares of the Company. In the event the warrants or any of them are exercised, or if the court orders the described notes to be converted, the stock of the existing stockholders will be diluted.

If you are not an institutional investor, you may purchase securities in this offering only if you reside within the states in which we will apply to have the securities registered or are exempt from registration, and, if required, meet any requisite suitability standards.

Because our common stock is quoted on the OTCQB Marketplace and not listed on a national securities exchange, this offering must be registered, or be exempt from registration, in any state in which the securities are to be offered or sold. We will apply to register the securities, or will seek to obtain an exemption from registration, only in certain states. If you are not an "institutional investor," you must be a resident of these jurisdictions to purchase our securities in the offering. The definition of an "institutional investor" varies from state to state, but generally includes financial institutions, broker-dealers, banks, insurance companies and other qualified entities. If you are not an institutional investor, you may purchase securities in this offering only if you reside in the jurisdictions where there is an effective registration or an available exemption, and, if required, meet any requisite suitability standards.

USE OF PROCEEDS

Unless we state otherwise in the applicable prospectus supplement, we intend to use the net proceeds from the sale of securities described in this prospectus for the further development of our products and for general corporate purposes, which may include, among other things, reducing indebtedness, acquiring other businesses (although we currently have no agreement to acquire any business), and making capital expenditures, as well as for working capital.

DETERMINATION OF OFFERING PRICE

The offering price of the units has been arbitrarily determined and bears no relationship to any objective criterion of value. The price does not bear any relationship to our assets, book value, historical earnings or net worth. No valuation or appraisal has been prepared for our business. Our common stock is listed and traded on the OTCQB under the symbol "OXIS." The closing price of our common stock on August 18, 2016 was \$0.20 per share.

DILUTION

Our net tangible book value of our common stock as of September 30, 2016 was approximately negative \$17,206,000 (\$(17,206,000)), or approximately \$(0.569) per share of common stock. "Net tangible book value" is total assets minus the sum of liabilities and intangible assets. "Net tangible book value per share" is net tangible book value divided by the total number of shares outstanding.

Assuming that we issue 60,000,000 Units at an assumed offering price of \$0.20 per Unit, the closing price of our common stock on the OTCQB on August 18, 2016, and after deducting placement agents fees and estimated offering expenses payable by us, our adjusted net tangible book value after giving effect to this offering as of September 30, 2016 would have been approximately\$ (6,241,026) or \$ (0.069) per share of our common stock. This calculation excludes the proceeds, if any, from the exercise of warrants issued in this offering. This amount represents an immediate dilution in net tangible book value of \$0.269 per share to new investors purchasing units in this offering and an immediate increase in net tangible book value of \$0.500 per share to our existing shareholders.

Because there is no minimum offering amount required as a condition to the closing of this offering, the dilution per share to new investors may be more than that indicated above in the event that the actual number of shares sold, if any, is less than the maximum number of shares of our common stock we are offering. If any shares of common stock are issued upon exercise of outstanding options or warrants, including the warrants issued in this offering, you may experience further dilution.

BUSINESS

Overview

OXIS International, Inc., through its wholly owned subsidiary Oxis Biotech, Inc, is an immuno-oncology company with a robust technology platform consisting of bispecific and trispecific scFv constructs, full-length antibodies, proprietary drug payloads, proprietary antibody-drug linkers, dual-drug payload antibody-drug conjugates (ADCs), bispecific targeted ADCs, and NK cell and T-cell antibody directed cell-mediated cytotoxic (ADDCs) agents.

OXS-1550

OXS-1550 is a bispecific scFv recombinant fusion protein-drug conjugate composed of the variable regions of the heavy and light chains of anti-CD19 and anti-CD22 antibodies and a modified form of diphtheria toxin as its cytotoxic drug payload. CD19 is a membrane glycoprotein present on the surface of all stages of B-lymphocyte development, and is also expressed on most B-cell mature lymphoma cells and leukemia cells. CD22 is a glycoprotein expressed on B-lineage lymphoid precursors, including precursor acute lymphoblastic leukemia, and often is co-expressed with CD19 on mature B-cell malignancies such as lymphoma.

OXS-1550 targets cancer cells expressing the CD19 receptor or CD22 receptor or both receptors. When OXS-1550 binds to cancer cells, the cancer cells internalize OXS-1550, and are killed due to the action of drug's cytotoxic diphtheria toxin payload. OXS-1550 has demonstrated success in a Phase 1 human clinical trial in patients with relapsed/refractory B-cell lymphoma or leukemia.

Oxis began enrolling patients in a Phase 1/Phase 2 trial of OXS-1550 during the second quarter of 2016. The FDA-approved clinical trial is being conducted at the University of Minnesota's Masonic Cancer Center. There are currently 32 patients who have participated in the clinical trial. The six new patients bring to 32 the number of patients who have participated in the clinical trial. All the new patients are given an approved increased dosage of OXS-1550.

p62/SQSTM1 (Sequestosome-1) Inhibitor Drug Development Program

In humans, the p62/SQSTM1 protein is encoded by the SQSTM1 gene. The p62/SQSTM1 protein is a multifunctional protein involved in autophagy, cell signaling, tumorigenesis, and plays an important role at the crossroad between autophagy and cancer. Cell-cell interactions between multiple myeloma cells and bone marrow stromal cells activate signaling pathways that result in enhanced multiple myeloma cell growth, osteoclast formation, and inhibition of osteoblast differentiation.

Multiple myeloma remains an incurable malignancy with systematic morbidity and a median survival of 3-5 years. Multiple myeloma is characterized by aberrant proliferation of terminally differentiated plasma cells and impairment in apoptosis capacity. Due to the interactions between myeloma cells and cells of the bone marrow microenvironment, the osteolytic bone disease associated with myeloma is inextricably linked with tumor progression. High incidence of bone metastasis in multiple myeloma patients is frequently associated with severe bone pain and pathological bone fracture. Activated osteoclast levels and suppressed osteoblast levels are thought to play a role in multiple myeloma associated osteolytic bone disease.

While a diverse spectrum of novel agents has shown therapeutic potential for the treatment of multiple myeloma including bortezomib, lenalidomide and arsenic trioxide, high relapse rates and drug resistance continue to plague these therapies. Thus, novel targets and new therapeutics for the treatment of multiple myeloma are of critical importance for improved patient outcomes.

It has been demonstrated that the ZZ domain of the p62/SQSTM1 protein is responsible for increased multiple myeloma cell growth and associated osteoclast mediated bone disease. Dr. Xiang-Qun Xie and colleagues at ID4 Pharma LLC have developed novel chemical compounds (e.g., OXS-4235) which inhibit osteoclastic bone destruction in multiple myeloma. Oxis Biotech has exclusively licensed rights to OXS-4135 and other compounds for the treatment of multiple myeloma and associated osteolytic bone disease.

Triple-Negative Breast Cancer Drug Development Program OXS-2175

OXS-2175 is a small molecule therapeutic candidate which has shown promise in early-stage preclinical *in vitro* and *in vivo* models of triple-negative breast cancer. Oxis Biotech is investigating OXS-2175 formulated as an infusible therapy, and as part of an ADC infusible therapy for the treatment of triple-negative breast cancer.

Therapeutic Antibody-Drug Conjugates Drug Development Program

Antibody-drug conjugates (ADCs) are a new class of highly potent biopharmaceutical drugs designed as a targeted therapy for the treatment of cancer. By combining the unique targeting capabilities of monoclonal antibodies with the cancer-killing ability of cytotoxic drugs, antibody-drug conjugates allow sensitive discrimination between healthy and diseased tissue.

Markets

B-cell lymphoma

B-cell lymphoma is a type of cancer that forms in B cells (a type of immune system cell). B-cell lymphomas may be either indolent (slow-growing) or aggressive (fast-growing). Most B-cell lymphomas are non-Hodgkin lymphomas. There are many different types of B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphomas. These include Burkitt lymphoma, chronic lymphocytic leukemia/small lymphocytic lymphoma (CLL/SLL), diffuse large B-cell lymphoma, follicular lymphoma, and mantle cell lymphoma. It is the most common type of non-Hodgkin lymphoma among adults, with an annual incidence of 7–8 cases per 100,000 people per year.

Triple-Negative Breast Cancer (TNBC)

According to the American Cancer Society there were approximately 231,840 new cases of invasive breast cancer last year in the USA and 40,290 deaths from breast cancer during the same period. Women represent 99% of all breast cancer patients. Breast cancer is treated by various combinations of surgery, radiation therapy, chemotherapy, and hormone therapy. TNBC is a type of breast cancer characterized by breast cancer cells that do not express estrogen receptors, progesterone receptors, or large amounts of HER2/neu protein. Approximately 10% - 20% percent of invasive breast cancers are diagnosed as triple-negative breast cancers. TNBC is more likely to affect younger people, African Americans or Hispanics, and those with a BRCA1 gene mutation. TNBC is insensitive to many of the most effective therapies available for the treatment of breast cancer including the HER2-directed therapy Herceptin® (trastuzumab), and endocrine therapies such as tamoxifen or the aromatase inhibitors. The relapse and survival rates of TNBC patients are shorter than for patients with other types of breast cancer.

Multiple Myeloma

Multiple myeloma is a type of cancer that forms in white blood cells, and affects about 26,850 people annually in the USA causing about 11,240 deaths per year. Multiple myeloma causes cancer cells to accumulate in the bone marrow, where they crowd out healthy blood cells. Multiple myeloma is also characterized by destructive lytic bone lesions (rounded, punched-out areas of bone), diffuse osteoporosis, bone pain, and the production of abnormal proteins which accumulate in the urine. Anemia is also present in most multiple myeloma patients at the time of diagnosis and during follow-up. Anemia in multiple myeloma is multifactorial, and is secondary to bone marrow replacement by malignant plasma cells, chronic inflammation, relative erythropoietin deficiency, and vitamin deficiency. Plasma cell leukemia, a condition in which plasma cells comprise greater than 20% of peripheral leukocytes, is typically a terminal stage of multiple myeloma and is associated with short survival.

Manufacturing

We do not currently own or operate manufacturing facilities for the production of clinical or commercial quantities of any of our product candidates. We rely on a small number of third-party manufacturers to produce our compounds, and expect to continue to do so to meet the preclinical and clinical requirements of our potential product candidates as well as for all of our commercial needs. We do not have long-term agreements with any of these third parties. We require in our manufacturing and processing agreements that all third-party contract manufacturers and processors produce active pharmaceutical ingredients, or API, and finished products in accordance with the FDA's current Good Manufacturing Practices, or cGMP, and all other applicable laws and regulations. We maintain confidentiality agreements with potential and existing manufacturers in order to protect our proprietary rights related to our drug candidates.

Patents and Trademarks

University of Minnesota License Agreement. Oxis executed an exclusive worldwide license agreement with the Regents of the University of Minnesota, to further develop and commercialize cancer therapies using Trispecific Killer Engager (TriKE) technology developed by researchers at the university to target NK cells to cancer. Under the terms of the agreement, OXIS receives exclusive rights to conduct research and to develop, make, use, sell, and import TriKe technology worldwide for the treatment of any disease, state or condition in humans. OXIS shall own all permits, licenses, authorizations, registrations and regulatory approvals required or granted by any governmental authority anywhere in the world that is responsible for the regulation of products such as the TriKe technology, including without limitation the Food and Drug Administration in the United States and the European Agency for the Evaluation of Medicinal Products in the European Union. Under the agreement, the University of Minnesota will receive an upfront license fee, royalty fees, and certain milestone payments.

The following is a list of the pending patent applications that we licensed from the University of Minnesota under our License Agreement:

Pat./Pub. No.	Title	Country	Status
 U.S. Patent Application USSN 62/237.835	Therapeutic compounds and its uses	US	Pending

Daniel A. Vallera, Ph.D. License Agreement. Oxis executed an exclusive worldwide license agreement with Daniel A. Vallera, Ph.D. and his associate (jointly "Dr. Vallera"), to further develop and commercialize DT2219ARL (OXS-1550), a novel therapy for the treatment of various human cancers. Under the terms of the agreement, OXIS receives exclusive rights to conduct research and to develop, make, use, sell, and import DT2219ARL worldwide for the treatment of any disease, state or condition in humans. OXIS shall own all permits, licenses, authorizations, registrations and regulatory approvals required or granted by any governmental authority anywhere in the world that is responsible for the regulation of products such as DT2219ARL, including without limitation the Food and Drug Administration in the United States and the European Agency for the Evaluation of Medicinal Products in the European Union. Under the agreement, Dr. Vallera will receive an upfront license fee, royalty fees, and certain milestone payments.

The following is a list of the pending patent applications that we licensed from Dr. Vallera under our License Agreement:

	Pat./Pub. No.	Title	Country	Status
_	U.S. Patent Application USSN 13/256,812	Methods and compositions for bi-specific targeting of cd19/cd22	US	Issued

ID4 Pharma, LLC License Agreement. Pursuant to a patent license agreement with ID4 Pharma LLC, dated January 2, 2015 (the "ID4 License Agreement"), we received an exclusive, worldwide license to certain intellectual property, including intellectual property related to treating a p62-mediated disease (e.g., multiple myeloma). The terms of this license require us to pay ID4 Pharma royalties equal to three percent (3%) of net sales of products and twenty-five percent royalty of net sublicensing revenues. The license will expire upon expiration of the last patent contained in the licensed patent rights, unless terminated earlier. We may terminate the licensing agreement with ID4 Pharma by providing ID4 Pharma with a 30-day written notice.

Oxis shall pay the following cash amounts to ID4 upon the attainment of the following milestones:

- (i) filing of an investigational new drug application with a competent regulatory authority anywhere in the world -- \$50,000;
- (ii) Initiation of Phase I Human Clinical Trial -- \$50,000;
- (iii) Initiation of Phase II Human Clinical Trial -- \$100,000;
- (iv) Initiation of pivotal Phase III Human Clinical Trial -- \$250,000; and
- (v) Receipt of the first marketing approval -- \$250,000

The following is a list of the pending patent applications that we licensed from ID4 Pharma under our License Agreement:

	Pat./Pub. No.	Title	Country	Status
U.S. 1	Patent Application USSN			_
	14/237,494	P62-zz chemical inhibitor	US	Pending
Ch	ina Patent Application			
	CN201280048718	P62-zz chemical inhibitor	China	Pending

MultiCell Immunotherapeutics, Inc. (MCIT) License Agreement. Oxis licensed exclusive rights to three antibody-drug conjugates (ADCs) that MCIT will prepare for further evaluation by Oxis as prospective therapeutics for the treatment of triple-negative breast cancer, and multiple myeloma and associated osteolytic bone disease. Under the terms of the agreement, MCIT will develop three ADC product candidates which contain Oxis' lead drug candidates OXS-2175 and OXS-4235. Oxis paid MCIT a license fee of \$500,000 and will reimburse MCIT up to \$1.125 million for its development costs to make the three ADCs exclusively licensed to Oxis. Assuming all clinical development milestones are achieved and manufacturing rights to the three ADCs purchased, Oxis will pay MCIT an additional sum of \$22.75 million and pay a royalty of 3% of net yearly worldwide sales upon marketing approval of the ADCs.

MCIT's ADC platform technology is based on unique multivalent, cleavable linkers that allow drugs tethered to the antibody to be released intracellularly or extracellularly upon binding of the antibody to the target cell. Additionally, the MCIT's ADC technology platform allows multiple drugs to be attached per targeting antibody, and to release the drugs in their original form without modification of the drug.

Research and Development

Expenditures for research and development activities related to continuing operations were \$1,000,000 and \$-0- for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. During the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, we incurred \$725,000 and \$475,000 of research and development expenses.

Our currently projected expenditures for 2017 include approximately \$4-\$5 million for research and development. The actual cost of our programs could differ significantly from our current projections if we change our planned development process. In the event that actual costs of our clinical program, or any of our other ongoing research activities, are significantly higher than our current estimates, we may be required to significantly modify our planned level of operations.

There is a risk that any drug discovery and development program may not produce revenue because of the risks inherent in drug discovery and development. The successful development of any product candidate is highly uncertain. It is difficult to reasonably estimate or know the nature, timing and costs of the efforts necessary to complete the development of, or the period in which material net cash inflows are expected to commence from any product candidate, due to the numerous risks and uncertainties associated with developing drugs. Any failure to complete any stage of the development of products in a timely manner could have a material adverse effect on our operations, financial position and liquidity.

Competition

The biotechnology and pharmaceutical industries are subject to rapid technological change. Competition from domestic and foreign biotechnology companies, large pharmaceutical companies and other institutions is intense and expected to increase. A number of companies are pursuing the development of pharmaceuticals in our targeted areas. According to the Pharmaceutical Manufacturers Research Association, at the end of 2015 there were 168 drugs in development for the treatment of breast cancer, and there were 135 drugs in development for the treatment of lymphomas (blood cell cancers including multiple myeloma).

Government Regulation

United States

Our research and development activities and the future manufacturing and marketing of any products we develop are subject to significant regulation by numerous government authorities in the United States and other countries. In the United States, the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act and the Public Health Service Act govern the testing, manufacture, safety, efficacy, labeling, storage, record keeping, approval, advertising and promotion, and distribution of our drug candidates and any products we may develop. In addition, this regulatory framework is subject to changes that may adversely affect approval, delay an application or require additional expenditures.

The steps required before a pharmaceutical compound may be marketed in the United States include: preclinical laboratory and animal testing; submission of an IND to the FDA, which must become effective before clinical trials may commence; conducting adequate and well-controlled clinical trials to establish the safety and efficacy of the drug; submission of a New Drug Application, or NDA, or Biologics License Application, or BLA, to the FDA; satisfactory completion of an FDA pre-approval inspection of the manufacturing facilities to assess compliance with cGMP; and FDA approval of the NDA or BLA prior to any commercial sale or shipment of the drug. In addition to obtaining FDA approval for each product, each drug-manufacturing establishment used must be registered with the FDA and be operated in conformity with cGMP. Drug product manufacturing facilities may also be subject to state and local regulatory requirements.

Preclinical testing includes laboratory evaluation of product chemistry and animal studies to assess the safety and efficacy of the product and its formulation. The results of preclinical testing are submitted to the FDA as part of an IND, and, unless the FDA objects, the IND becomes effective 30 days following its receipt by the FDA.

Clinical trials involve administration of the study drug to healthy volunteers and to patients diagnosed with the condition for which the study drug is being tested under the supervision of qualified clinical investigators. Clinical trials are conducted in accordance with protocols that detail the objectives of the study, the parameters to be used to monitor safety and the efficacy criteria to be evaluated. Each protocol is submitted to the FDA as part of the IND. Each clinical trial is conducted under the auspices of an independent Institutional Review Board, or IRB, in the United States, or Ethics Committee, or EC, outside the United States, for each trial site. The IRB or EC considers, among other matters, ethical factors and the safety of human clinical trial subjects.

Clinical trials are typically conducted in three sequential phases, but the phases may overlap or be repeated. In Phase 1 clinical trials, the drug is initially introduced into healthy human subjects or patients and is tested for adverse effects, dosage tolerance, pharmacokinetics, and clinical pharmacology. Phase 2 clinical trials involve the testing of a limited patient population in order to characterize the actions of the drug in targeted indications, in order to determine drug tolerance and optimal dosage and to identify possible adverse side effects and safety risks. When a compound appears to be effective at a specific dosage and have an acceptable safety profile in Phase 2 clinical trials, Phase 3 clinical trials are undertaken to further evaluate and confirm clinical efficacy and safety within an expanded patient population at multiple clinical trial sites. The FDA reviews the clinical plans and monitors the results of the trials and may discontinue the trials at any time if significant safety issues arise. Similarly, an IRB or EC may suspend or terminate a trial at a study site that is not being conducted in accordance with the IRB or EC's requirements or that has been associated with unexpected serious harm to subjects.

The results of preclinical testing and clinical trials are submitted to the FDA for marketing approval in the form of an NDA or BLA. The submission of an NDA or BLA also requires the payment of user fees, but a waiver of the fees may be obtained under specified circumstances. The testing and approval process is likely to require substantial time, effort and resources and there can be no assurance that any approval will be granted on a timely basis, if at all, or that conditions of any approval, such as warnings, contraindications, or scope of indications will not materially impact the potential market acceptance and profitability of the drug product. Data obtained from clinical trials are not always conclusive, and the FDA may interpret data differently than we interpret the same data. The FDA may refer the application to an advisory committee for review, evaluation and recommendation as to whether the application should be approved and under what conditions. The FDA is not bound by the recommendations of an advisory committee, but it generally follows such recommendations. The approval process is affected by a number of factors, including the severity of the disease, the availability of alternative treatments and the risks and benefits of the product demonstrated in clinical trials.

Additional preclinical testing or clinical trials may be requested during the FDA review period and may delay any marketing approval. After FDA approval for the initial indications, further clinical trials may be necessary to gain approval for the use of the product for additional indications. In addition, after approval, certain types of changes to the approved product, such as manufacturing changes, are subject to further FDA review and approval. The FDA mandates that adverse effects be reported to the FDA, and the regulatory agency may also require post-marketing testing to continue monitoring for expected and unexpected adverse effects, which can involve significant expense. Adverse effects observed during the commercial use of a drug product or which arise in the course of post-marketing studies can result in the need for labeling revisions, including additional warnings and contraindications; and if the findings significantly alter the risk/benefit assessment, the potential withdrawal of the drug from the market.

Among the conditions for FDA approval is the requirement that the prospective manufacturer's quality control and manufacturing procedures conform to the FDA's cGMP requirements. Domestic manufacturing facilities are subject to biannual FDA inspections and foreign manufacturing facilities are subject to periodic inspections by the FDA or foreign regulatory authorities. If the FDA finds that a company is not operating in compliance with cGMPs, the continued availability of the product can be interrupted until compliance is achieved; and if the deficiencies are not corrected within a reasonable time frame, the drug could be withdrawn from the market. In addition, the FDA strictly regulates labeling, advertising and promotion of drugs. Failure to conform to requirements relating to licensing, manufacturing and promoting drug products can result in informal or formal sanctions, including warning letters, injunctions, seizures, civil and criminal penalties, adverse publicity and withdrawal of approval.

Foreign

We are also subject to numerous and varying foreign regulatory requirements governing the design and conduct of clinical trials and marketing approval for pharmaceutical products to be marketed outside of the United States. The approval process varies among countries and regions and can involve additional testing; and the time required to obtain approval may differ from that required to obtain FDA approval.

The steps to obtain approval to market a pharmaceutical compound in the European Union include: preclinical laboratory and animal testing; conducting adequate and well-controlled clinical trials to establish safety and efficacy; submission of a Marketing Authorization Application, or MAA; and the issuance of a product marketing license by the European Commission prior to any commercial sale or shipment of drug. In addition to obtaining a product marketing license for each product, each drug manufacturing establishment must be registered with the European Medicines Agency, or EMA, must operate in conformity with European good manufacturing practice and must pass inspections by the European health authorities.

Upon receiving the MAA, the Committee for Human Medicinal Products, or CHMP, a division of the EMA, will review the MAA and may respond with a list of questions or objections. Answers to questions posed by the CHMP may require additional tests to be conducted. Responses to the list of questions or objections must be provided to and deemed sufficient by the CHMP within a defined time frame. Ultimately, a representative from each of the European Member States will vote whether to approve the MAA.

Foreign regulatory approval processes include all of the risks associated with obtaining FDA approval, and approval by the FDA does not ensure approval by the health authorities of any other country.

Employees

As of September 30, 2016, we had two employees, the chief executive officer and chief financial officer of the company. Many of our activities are out-sourced to consultants who provide services to us on a project basis. As business activities require and capital resources permit, we will hire additional employees to fulfill our company's needs.

Properties

Our executive offices are located at 100 South Ashley Drive, Suite 600, Tampa, FL, 33602.

Legal Proceedings

In May, 2015, Aaion Partners Inc, a consulting firm, filed a breach of contract action against the Company in the Superior Court of California County of Los Angeles, Case No: BC581098. The lawsuit seeks payment under a consulting agreement. In July, 2015, the Company filed a cross-claim against Aaion Partners Inc. for breach of contract and tort claims. In December 2015, we settled this claim for \$150,000 to be made in three cash payments and 11,429 shares of restricted common stock. The Company paid \$50,000 of the cash due and issued the stock owed. As of this filing, the Company has not made the 2 remaining cash payments and is in default in the settlement agreement.

On June 23, 2016, the Company was served with a complaint filed in the Circuit Court of the 13th Judicial Circuit in and for Hillsborough County, FL, Case No. 16-CA-004791. Suit was brought against the Company by Lippert/Heilshorn and Associates, Inc. who is alleging they are owed compensation for consulting services provided to the company. They are seeking payment of \$73,898. The Company has engaged legal counsel to answer the complaint.

MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Until May 2009, our common stock was traded on the OTC Bulletin Board ("OTCBB") under the symbol "OXIS." From May 20, 2009 until March 11, 2010, our common stock was traded on Pink OTC Markets Inc. trading platform under the symbol "OXIS." Since January 2015, our common stock is quoted on the OTCQB under the "OXIS" trading symbol.

Trading in our common stock has fluctuated greatly during the past year. Accordingly, the prices for our common stock quoted on the OTCQB or Pink OTC Markets Inc. may not necessarily be reliable indicators of the value of our common stock. The following table sets forth the high and low bid prices for shares of our common stock for the quarters noted, as reported on the OTCQB and the Pink OTC Markets Inc. The following price information reflects inter-dealer prices, without retail mark-up, mark-down or commission and may not represent actual transactions.

YEAR	PERIOD	HIGH	LOW
Fiscal Year 2014	First Quarter	2.50	0.75
	Second Quarter	0.80	3.25
	Third Quarter	6.25	1.25
	Fourth Quarter	7.50	2.50
Fiscal Year 2015	First Quarter	13.50	5.13
	Second Quarter	11.78	5.03
	Third Quarter	6.23	3.50
	Fourth Quarter	5.23	2.93
Fiscal Year 2016	First Quarter	3.20	0.41
	Second Quarter	0.60	0.31

Our common stock is also quoted on several European based exchanges including Berlin (OXI.BE), Frankfurt (OXI.DE), the Euronext (OXI.NX) and Paris, (OXI.PA). The foregoing trading prices exclude trading on these foreign stock markets.

Stockholders

As of September 30, 2016, there were 1,330 stockholders of record, which total does not include stockholders who hold their shares in "street name." The transfer agent for our common stock is ComputerShare, whose address is 350 Indiana Street, Golden, CO 80401.

Dividends

We have not paid any dividends on our common stock to date and do not anticipate that we will pay dividends in the foreseeable future. Any payment of cash dividends on our common stock in the future will be dependent upon the amount of funds legally available, our earnings, if any, our financial condition, our anticipated capital requirements and other factors that the Board of Directors may think are relevant. However, we currently intend for the foreseeable future to follow a policy of retaining all of our earnings, if any, to finance the development and expansion of our business and, therefore, do not expect to pay any dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

The following is a summary of our equity compensation plans at September 30, 2016:

			Number of Securities
	Number of Securities		Remaining Available for
	to be Issued Upon	Weighted-Average	Future Issuance Under Equity
	Exercise of	Exercise Price of	Compensation Plans
	Outstanding Options,	Outstanding Options,	(Excluding Securities
	Warrants and Rights	Warrants and Rights	Reflected in Column (a))
Plan Category	(a)	(b)	(c)
Equity compensation plans approved by			
security holders (1)	374,781	\$4.78	133,445
Equity compensation plans not approved by			
security holders		<u> </u>	
Total	374,781	\$4.78	133,445

⁽¹⁾ As of September 30, 2016, we had options issued and outstanding to purchase 967 shares of common stock under our 2003 Stock Incentive Plan, -0- shares of our common stock under the 2010 Plan and 373,833 shares of common stock under our 2014 Stock Incentive Plan.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Overview

Until the end of 2008, we were engaged in the business of developing and selling clinical and research assay products and out-licensing certain therapeutic compounds addressing conditions and diseases associated with oxidative stress. During 2008, we lost our majority-owned subsidiary, BioCheck, Inc., which was engaged in the production of enzyme immunoassay diagnostic kits for clinical laboratories, and in December 2008 we sold substantially all of the assets of our research assay product line to Percipio Biosciences, Inc. Commencing in 2009, our focus shifted from the clinical and research assay business to developing and marketing nutraceutical products in the field of oxidative stress reduction, with a focus on products that include EGTTM as a component. We conducted limited operations, and had limited revenues from these products in 2013 and in 2014. In July 2014, we began pursuing the acquisition of novel therapeutics from various educational and research institutions.

As shown in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Company has incurred an accumulated deficit of \$ 121,820,000 through September 30, 2016. On a consolidated basis, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$ 154,000 at September 30, 2016. Because our lack of funds, we will have to raise additional capital in order to fund our selling, general and administrative, and research and development expenses. There are no assurances that we will be able to raise the funds necessary to maintain our operations or to implement our business plan. The consolidated financial statements included in this Annual Report do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets, or the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary in the event we cannot continue our operations.

Recent Developments

License Agreements

Pursuant to a patent license agreement with the ID4, dated December 31, 2015, we received a non-exclusive, worldwide license to certain intellectual property, including intellectual property related to treating a p62-mediated disease (e.g., multiple myeloma).

On March 10, 2015, Oxis licensed exclusive rights to three antibody-drug conjugates (ADCs) that MCIT will prepare for further evaluation by Oxis as prospective therapeutics for the treatment of triple-negative breast cancer, and multiple myeloma and associated osteolytic bone disease. Under the terms of the agreement, MCIT will develop three ADC product candidates which contain Oxis' lead drug candidates OXS-2175 and OXS-4235.

In September 2015, Oxis executed an exclusive worldwide license agreement with Daniel A. Vallera, Ph.D. and his associate (jointly "Dr. Vallera"), to further develop and commercialize DT2219ARL (OXS-1550), a novel therapy for the treatment of various human cancers. Under the terms of the agreement, OXIS receives exclusive rights to conduct research and to develop, make, use, sell, and import DT2219ARL worldwide for the treatment of any disease, state or condition in humans. OXIS shall own all permits, licenses, authorizations, registrations and regulatory approvals required or granted by any governmental authority anywhere in the world that is responsible for the regulation of products such as DT2219ARL, including without limitation the Food and Drug Administration in the United States and the European Agency for the Evaluation of Medicinal Products in the European Union. Under the agreement, Dr. Vallera will receive an upfront license fee, royalty fees, and certain milestone payments.

In July 2016, Oxis executed an exclusive worldwide license agreement with the Regents of the University of Minnesota, to further develop and commercialize cancer therapies using Trispecific Killer Engager (TriKE) technology developed by researchers at the university to target NK cells to cancer. Under the terms of the agreement, OXIS receives exclusive rights to conduct research and to develop, make, use, sell, and import TriKe technology worldwide for the treatment of any disease, state or condition in humans. OXIS shall own all permits, licenses, authorizations, registrations and regulatory approvals required or granted by any governmental authority anywhere in the world that is responsible for the regulation of products such as the TriKe technology, including without limitation the Food and Drug Administration in the United States and the European Agency for the Evaluation of Medicinal Products in the European Union. Under the agreement, the University of Minnesota will receive an upfront license fee, royalty fees, and certain milestone payments.

Financing

In January 2016, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with one accredited investor to sell 10% convertible debentures, with and an exercise price of \$1.25, with an initial principal balance of \$150,000 and warrants to acquire up to 80,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$1.25 per share.

In May 2016, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with twenty accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures, with and an exercise price of \$0.40, with an initial principal balance of \$1,390,044 and warrants to acquire up to 3,475,111 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.45 per share.

In July 2016, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with one accredited investor to sell 10% convertible debentures, with and an exercise price of \$0.40, with an initial principal balance of \$112,135 and warrants to acquire up to 280,338 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.45 per share.

In August 2016, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with one accredited investor to sell 10% convertible debentures up \$1,000,000, with and an exercise price of \$0.40, with an initial principal balance of \$250,000 and warrants to acquire up to 2,500,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.45 per share.

Restructuring Agreements

Effective January 8, 2016, Company entered into agreements to effect the restructuring (the "Restructuring") of certain unregistered debt and equity securities of the Company that will result in an issuance of up to 28,389,193 shares of common stock of the Company (the "Common Stock"). In connection with the Restructuring, the Company entered into a note conversion agreement (the "Conversion Agreement"), a warrant exercise agreement (the "Exercise Agreement") and a preferred stock exchange agreement (the "Exchange Agreement" and, collectively with the Conversion Agreement and the Exercise Agreement, the "Restructuring Agreements"), pursuant to which the Company and certain of the Company's creditors and investors have agreed that (i) certain outstanding debt of the Company (collectively, the "Debt") will be converted into shares of Common Stock; (ii) certain outstanding warrants to purchase shares of capital stock of the Company (collectively, the "Warrants") will be exercised on a cashless basis for shares of Common Stock; and (iii) certain outstanding shares of Series H Convertible Preferred Stock of the Company (the "Series I Preferred Stock") and Series I Convertible Preferred Stock of the Company (the "Series I Preferred Stock") will be exchanged for shares of Common Stock. The Conversion Agreement, Exercise Agreement and Exchange Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby are described in further detail below.

Under the Conversion Agreement, certain creditors of the Company holding an aggregate of approximately \$15,056,000 (including accrued interest and penalties) of outstanding Debt agreed to convert all such outstanding Debt into shares of Common Stock at a conversion price of \$1.25 per share upon successful completion by the Company of a \$6 million financing. However, since the financing did not occur by March 15, 2016, the Conversion Agreement was terminated.

In addition, under the Exercise Agreement, certain investors together holding warrants to purchase 12,269,240 shares of capital stock of the Company exchanged such warrants and received one share of Common Stock in exchange for each share of capital stock of the Company underlying the warrants.

Finally, under the Exchange Agreement, certain investors together holding 25,000 shares of Series H Preferred Stock and 1,666,667 shares of Series I Preferred Stock have agreed to convert all such shares of Preferred Stock into an aggregate of 4,075,000 shares of Common Stock upon successful completion by the Company of a \$6 million financing.

The Restructuring Agreements terminated the warrants and any anti-dilution protection thereunder. In addition, all creditor and investor parties to the Restructuring Agreements provided a waiver of any and all past defaults and breaches under the Warrants and Preferred Stock, in consideration of the shares issued pursuant to the Restructuring Agreements.

Results of Operations

Comparison of the Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

License revenue

During the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, we received \$-0- and \$20,000 of licensing revenue related to a Vitamin D producing line of sun care and skin care products under a license from ESLLC.

Research and Development Expenses

During the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, we incurred \$250,000 and \$-0- of research and development expenses.

Selling, general and administrative expenses

During the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, we incurred \$1,871,000 and \$1,451,000 of selling, general and administrative expenses. The increase in selling, general and administrative expenses is primarily attributable to an increase in professional fees, license fees investor relations and stock compensation.

Change in value of warrant and derivative liabilities

During the three months ended September 30, 2016, we recorded a gain as a result of a decrease in the fair market value of outstanding warrants and beneficial conversion features of \$436,000, compared to a gain of \$809,000 during the three months ended September 30, 2015. This reduction is a result of a decrease in the fair market value of outstanding debt and equity securities accounted for as derivative liabilities and the conversion of warrants to common stock.

Interest Expense

Interest expense was \$ 1,536,000 and \$1,724,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 respectively. The increase is primarily due to an increase in the non-cash amortization of the debt issuance costs associated with the convertible debentures and demand notes payable and expenses related the issuance of additional shares

Comparison of the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 and 2015

License revenue

During the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, we received \$-0- and \$27,000 of licensing revenue related to a Vitamin D producing line of sun care and skin care products under a license from ESLLC.

Research and Development Expenses

During the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, we incurred \$725,000 and \$475,000 of research and development expenses.

Selling, general and administrative expenses

During the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, we incurred \$7,827,000 and \$5,571,000 of selling, general and administrative expenses. The increase in selling, general and administrative expenses is primarily attributable to an increase in professional fees, license fees, investor relations and stock compensation.

Change in value of warrant and derivative liabilities

During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, we recorded a gain as a result of a decrease in the fair market value of outstanding warrants and beneficial conversion features of \$ 37,195,000, compared to a gain of \$20,863,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2015.

Interest Expense

Interest expense was \$ 4,781,000 and \$ 10,012,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 respectively. The decrease is primarily due to a decrease in the non-cash amortization of the debt issuance costs associated with the convertible debentures and demand notes payable, non-cash interest related to the beneficial conversion feature of new debt and expenses related the issuance of additional shares

Liquidity and Capital Resources

On a consolidated basis, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$355,000 at June 30, 2016 and \$15,666,000 of current liabilities (of which \$15,174,000 represented current cash obligations and \$492,000 represented non-cash warrant liabilities and accrued expenses). As a result, on a cash basis, as of June 30, 2016, we had a working capital deficit of \$14,819,000. In addition, we have an accumulated deficit of \$118,190,000 through June 30, 2016.

In January 2016, the Company entered into convertible debentures totaling \$150,000.

In May 2016, the Company entered into convertible debentures totaling \$1,390,044.

In July 2016, the Company entered into convertible debentures totaling \$112,135.

In August 2016, the Company entered into convertible debentures totaling \$250,000.

Critical Accounting Policies

We consider the following accounting policies to be critical given they involve estimates and judgments made by management and are important for our investors' understanding of our operating results and financial condition.

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements contained in this report include the accounts of OXIS International, Inc. and its subsidiaries. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

Revenue Recognition

Product Revenue

The Company manufactures, or has manufactured on a contract basis, fine chemicals and nutraceutical products, which are its primary products to be sold to customers. Revenue from the sale of its products, including shipping fees, will be recognized when title to the products is transferred to the customer which usually occurs upon shipment or delivery, depending upon the terms of the sales order and when collectability is reasonably assured. Revenue from sales to distributors of its products will be recognized, net of allowances, upon delivery of product to the distributors. According to the terms of individual distributor contracts, a distributor may return product up to a maximum amount and under certain conditions contained in its contract. Allowances are calculated based upon historical data, current economic conditions and the underlying contractual terms.

Long-Lived Assets

Our long-lived assets include property, plant and equipment, capitalized costs of filing patent applications and goodwill and other assets. We evaluate our long-lived assets for impairment in accordance with SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable. Estimates of future cash flows and timing of events for evaluating long-lived assets for impairment are based upon management's judgment. If any of our intangible or long-lived assets are considered to be impaired, the amount of impairment to be recognized is the excess of the carrying amount of the assets over its fair value.

Applicable long-lived assets are amortized or depreciated over the shorter of their estimated useful lives, the estimated period that the assets will generate revenue, or the statutory or contractual term in the case of patents. Estimates of useful lives and periods of expected revenue generation are reviewed periodically for appropriateness and are based upon management's judgment. Goodwill and other assets are not amortized.

Certain Expenses and Liabilities

On an ongoing basis, management evaluates its estimates related to certain expenses and accrued liabilities. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ materially from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Derivative Financial Instruments

During the normal course of business, from time to time, we issue warrants as part of a debt or equity financing. We do not enter into any derivative contracts for speculative purposes. We recognize all derivatives as assets or liabilities measured at fair value with changes in fair value of derivatives reflected as current period income or loss unless the derivatives qualify for hedge accounting and are accounted for as such. During the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, we issued warrants to purchase 3,475,111 and 376,000 shares of common stock, respectively, in connection with equity transactions. In accordance with ASC Topic 815-40, "Derivatives and Hedging — Contracts in Entity's Own Stock" ("ASC 815-40"), the value of these warrants is required to be recorded as a liability, as the holders have an option to put the warrants back to us in certain events, as defined.

Inflation

We believe that inflation has not had a material adverse impact on our business or operating results during the periods presented.

Off-balance Sheet Arrangements

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements as of September 30, 2016.

DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, PROMOTERS AND CONTROL PERSONS

Executive Officers and Directors

The following table sets forth the name, age and position held by each of our executive officers and directors as of September 30, 2016. Directors are elected for a period of one year and thereafter serve until the next annual meeting at which their successors are duly elected by the stockholders.

Name	Age	Position
Anthony J. Cataldo	65	Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board
Steven Weldon	40	Chief Financial Officer and Director

Anthony J. Cataldo was appointed to the Board of Directors on July 31, 2014 and he was appointed Chief Executive Officer on November 19, 2014. Most recently, From February 2011 to June 2013 Mr. Cataldo served as Chairman and CEO/ Founder of Genesis Biopharma, Inc. (Now known as Lion Biotechnologies, Inc. Trading symbol, LBIO) Mr. Cataldo created Lion/Genesis with the inclusion of assets purchase from the National Cancer Institute (NIH) for their novel treatment of Stage Four Cancer treatment for melanoma.

Mr. Cataldo also served as Chairman of the board of directors of Brand Partners Group, Inc., a provider of integrated products and services dedicated to providing financial services and traditional retail clients with turn-key environmental solutions, from October 2003 through August 2006.

Mr. Cataldo also served as non-executive co-chairman of the board of MultiCell Technologies, Inc., a supplier of functional, non-tumorigenic immortalized human hepatocytes from February 2005 through July 2006. Mr. Cataldo has also served as Executive Chairman of Calypte Biomedical Corporation, a publicly traded biotechnology company, involved in the development and sale of urine based HIV-1 screening tests from May 2001 through November 2004. Mr. Cataldo served as the Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Directors of Miracle Entertainment, Inc., a Canadian film production company, from May 1999 through May 2002 where he was the executive producer or producer of several motion pictures. From August 1995 to December 1998, Mr. Cataldo served as President and Chairman of the Board of Senetek, PLC, a publicly traded biotechnology company involved in age-related therapies.

Steven Weldon was appointed to our Board of Directors in September, 2014 and as our President and Chief Financial Officer in November, 2014. Mr. Weldon has over 15 years of financial and accounting experience. The majority of his career has been focused on tax planning, preparation, and CFO consulting. Mr. Weldon's financial background includes experience in managerial, private accounting and planning. He has served on the board of several publicly traded companies as both, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. For several years, he taught accounting and tax courses to undergrad students at Florida Southern College. He received his Bachelor of Science degree and his Masters in Business Administration from Florida Southern College. Mr. Weldon was appointed as Chief Financial Officer and as a member of the board of directors of Growblox Sciences, Inc., a Delaware corporation in September 2005 and served in both positions until November 2014. Mr. Weldon also served as chief executive officer of Growblox Sciences from December 29, 2009, through May 2, 2011, and from April 18, 2012, through March 13, 2014.

During the past five years none of our directors, executive officers, promoters or control persons was:

- 1) the subject of any bankruptcy petition filed by or against any business of which such person was a general partner or executive officer either at the time of the bankruptcy or within two years prior to that time;
- 2)convicted in a criminal proceeding or is subject to a pending criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses);
- 3) subject to any order, judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any court of competent jurisdiction, permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring, suspending or otherwise limiting his involvement in any type of business, securities or banking activities; or
- 4) found by a court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the Commission or the Commodity Futures Trading Commission to have violated a federal or state securities or commodities law.

Director Independence

We do not have any independent directors serving on our Board of Directors. The definition the Company uses to determine whether a director is independent is NASDAQ Rule 4200(a)(15). See Exhibit 99 hereto.

Scientific & Medical Advisory Board

To assist with the development and commercialization of our drug platforms, we previously established a Scientific & Medical Advisory Board consisting of scientists and clinicians experienced with the development and use of the treatments of cancer. Under their advisory agreements, the members of our Scientific & Medical Advisory Board received a monthly advisory fee.

Jeffrey S. Miller, M.D., is the Deputy Director of the University of Minnesota Masonic Comprehensive Cancer Center. He is also a Professor of Medicine at the University of Minnesota. Dr. Miller has more than 20 years of experience studying the biology of NK cells and other immune effector cells and their use in clinical immunotherapy with over 170 peer-reviewed publications. He is a member of numerous societies such as the American Society of Hematology and the American Association of Immunologists. Dr. Miller has been a member of the American Society of Clinical Investigation since 1999. He serves on the editorial board for Blood and is a reviewer for a number of journals and NIH grants.

Dr. Miller received a Bachelor of Science degree from Northwestern University in Evanston, Illinois, and received his M.D. from Northwestern University School of Medicine. He completed an internship and residency in Internal Medicine at the University of Iowa in Iowa City. After completing a post-doctoral fellowship in Hematology, Oncology and Transplantation at the University of Minnesota, he joined the faculty in 1991.

Daniel A. Vallera, Ph.D. is an expert in developmental cancer therapeutics who oversees groundbreaking leukemia drug development and testing with the University of Minnesota, Scott and White Cancer Center, and MD Anderson Cancer Center. He is the Tumor Biology and Progression Professor at the University of Minnesota. He is also the Division of Radiation Oncology Section Head and the Molecular Cancer Therapeutics Lion Scholar. He joined the Masonic Cancer Center in 1984 where he conducts research on the development of new recombinant biological anti-cancer agents. Dr. Vallera has been published in International Journal of Cancer, the Clinical Cancer Research Journal, and Leukemia Research.

Dr. Vallera received his Ph.D. in Microbiology (Immunology) from the Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio. He conducted post-doctoral training in the laboratory of Dr. John H. Kersey, Dept. of Laboratory Medicine/Pathology at the University of Minnesota.

Cassian Yee, M.D., University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center. Cassian Yee, M.D., Professor, Department of Immunology, Division of Cancer Medicine, and Director, Solid Tumor Cell Therapy, Center for Cancer Immunology Research at the University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center and a Professor, Department of Melanoma Medical Oncology, Division of Cancer Medicine at the University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer. Dr. Yee previously held the position of Professor in Division of Oncology at the University of Washington, and was a Member in the Department of Immunology, Clinical Research Division of the Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center. Dr. Yee received his medical degree from the University of Manitoba in Canada, and trained as a research fellow at the Ontario Cancer Institute in Toronto before continuing his medical residency at Stanford University. Dr. Yee completed his fellowship in medical oncology, and postdoctoral research studies at the University of Washington and the Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center. Dr. Yee is a recipient of the Cancer Research Institute Investigator Award, and the Damon Runyon Walter Winchell Clinical Investigator Award. Dr. Yee is also a Burroughs Wellcome Scientist in Translational Research, and has been elected a member of the American Society for Clinical Investigation.

Xing-Qun (Sean) Xie, MD, PHD, EMBA, University of Pittsburgh. Sean Xie, MD, PhD, EMBA is a tenured Professor at the Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences/Drug Discovery Institute at University of Pittsburgh and Associate Dean for Research Innovation at the School of Pharmacy. He is Principal Investigator of an integrated research laboratory of CompuGroup, BioGroup and ChemGroup, and Founding Director of Computational Chemical Genomics Screening Center. Dr. Xie is also Director/PI of NIH funded National Center of Excellence for Computational Drug Abuse Research. Dr. Xie holds joint faculty positions at the Departments of Computational System Biology and Structural Biology, and Pittsburgh Cancer Institute MT/DD Program. He serves as an invited guest editor for AAPS Journal, Editorial Board of American Journal of Molecular Biology, and Associate Editor of BMC Pharmacology and Toxicology. In 2013, he was named an honorary professor of Chinese Academy of Medical Sciences & Peking Union Medical College. Dr. Xie is a recipient of the 2014 American Association of Pharmaceutical Scientists (AAPS) Outstanding Research Achievement Award.

Dr. Lisa A. Haile, Ph.D., DLA Piper. Dr. Lisa A. Haile, Ph.D. currently serves as Co-Chair, Global Life Sciences Sector at DLA Piper. Dr. Haile has special technical expertise in molecular biology and immunology. She has particular experience with patentability, non-infringement and validity opinions; licensing strategies; FDA counseling; due diligence work in connection with venture capital, private and public financing; mergers and acquisitions in the life sciences industry; and strategic counseling for comprehensive life sciences patent portfolio management and value creation. Dr. Haile is a member of DLA Piper's Executive Committee.

Dr. Haile's experience includes US and international patent preparation and prosecution as well as IP reviews for investors relating to technologies including novel genetically altered organisms, antisense, RNA and siRNA molecules, peptides, proteins, DNA, antibodies, vaccines, diagnostics and therapeutics.

Dr. Stephen M. Chang, PH.D., New York Stem Cell Foundation. Dr. Stephen M. Chang is Vice President-Research & Development at New York Stem Cell Foundation, Chief Scientific Officer at Stemgent, Inc., and Independent Director at MultiCell Technologies, Inc. Dr. Chang was previously employed as Chief Scientific Officer & Vice President by Canji, Inc., Chief Scientific Officer & Vice President at Schering-Plough Research Institute, and President and Chief Executive Officer at MultiCell Immunotherapeutics, Inc. He served on the Board of Directors at Histogen, Inc. Dr. Chang received his undergraduate degree from the University of Michigan and a doctorate degree from the University of California, Irvine.

Committees of the Board of Directors

Due to the small number of directors, at the present time the duties of an Audit Committee, Nominating and Governance Committee, and Compensation Committee are performed by the board of directors as a whole. At such time as we have more directors on our board of directors, these committees will be reconstituted.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Compensation of Executive Officers

The following table set forth certain information concerning the annual and long-term compensation for services rendered to us in all capacities for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 of all persons who served as our principal executive officers and as our principal financial officer during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. No other executive officers received total annual compensation during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 in excess of \$100,000. The principal executive officer and the other named officers are collectively referred to as the "Named Executive Officers."

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Stock Awards	Option Awards ⁽¹⁾ (\$)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation Earnings (\$)	Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total
Anthony J. Cataldo,	2015	\$216,000	\$134,000	\$ \$	\$ 102,535	\$	\$	\$	\$ 452,535
Chairman ⁽²⁾	2014	\$154,000	\$	402,291	\$ 139,079	\$	\$	\$	\$ 695,370
Kenneth Eaton, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)	2015	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
(3)	2014	\$ 224,560	\$	\$ \$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 224,560
Steven Weldon, Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)	2015	\$168,000	\$	197,845	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$365,845
(4)	2014	\$ 25,500	\$	\$ 57,945	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$83,445

- (1) This column represents option awards computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718, excluding the effect of estimated forfeitures related to service-based vesting conditions. For additional information on the valuation assumptions with respect to the option grants, refer to Note 1 of our financial statements in this Annual Report. These amounts do not correspond to the actual value that will be recognized by the named executives from these awards.
- (2) Mr. Cataldo served as our Chief Executive Officer from March 2009 to August 2011 and again in November 2014, and was appointed Chairman of the Board of Directors on July 25, 2014.
- (3) Mr. Eaton was appointed Chief Executive Officer in November 2013 and resigned in November 2014.
- (4) Mr. Weldon was appointed Chief Financial Officer on November 3, 2014.

Employment Agreements

The Company has entered into employment agreements with Anthony J. Cataldo and Steven Weldon. Pursuant to the agreements, Mr. Cataldo and Mr. Weldon receive annual salaries of \$216,000 and \$168,000 respectively, as well as bonuses under certain circumstances and as awarded by the Board of Directors. The term of employment under Mr. Cataldo's agreement is for three years with a year to year renewal option thereafter. The term of employment under Mr. Weldon's agreement is for two years with a year to year renewal option thereafter.

Stock Option Grants

The following table sets forth information as of December 31, 2015, concerning unexercised options, unvested stock and equity incentive plan awards for the executive officers named in the Summary Compensation Table.

Option Awards Stock Awards

	Option / tward	3				Stock Hward	43		
									Equity Incentive
								Equity	Plan
								Incentive	Awards:
			Equity					Plan	Market or
			Incentive					Awards:	Payout
			Plan					Number of	Value of
			Awards:				Market	Unearned	Unearned
	Number of	Number of	Number of			Number of		Shares,	Shares,
	Securities	Securities	Securities			Shares or	Shares or	Units or	Units or
	Underlying	Underlying	Underlying			Units of	Units of	Other	Other
	Unexercised	Unexercised	Unexercised		0.41	Stock That		0	Rights
	Options	Options	Unearned	Exercise	Option	Have Not	Have Not	That Have	
	(#)	(#)	Options	Price	Expiration	Vested	Vested	Not Vested	Not Vested
Name	Exercisable	Unexercisable	(#)	(\$)	Date	(#)	(\$)	(#)	(\$)
Anthony Cataldo	321,833			\$2.50	07/01/19				
Anthony Cataldo	321,833			\$5.00	07/01/19				
Anthony Cataldo	321,833	321,833	-	\$7.50	07/01/19				

Director Compensation

Beginning in January 2012, non-employee members of the Board of Directors are to receive \$3,000 per quarter either in cash or registered shares, plus an option to purchase 25,000 shares at the market price at the end of each quarter. The options will vest equally over a one year period. There was no compensation paid to non-employee directors during fiscal 2015.

VOTING SECURITIES AND PRINCIPAL HOLDERS

The following table sets forth certain information regarding beneficial ownership of our common stock as of August 10, 2016 (a) by each person known by us to own beneficially 5% or more of any class of our common stock, (b) by each of our Named Executive Officers, (c) by each of our directors and (d) by all of our current executive officers and directors as a group. As of November 10, 2016 there were 30,241,305 shares of our common stock issued and outstanding. Shares of common stock subject to stock options and warrants that are currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of June 30, 2016 are deemed to be outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage ownership of that person but are not treated as outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage ownership of any other person. Unless indicated below, the persons and entities named in the table have sole voting and sole investment power with respect to all shares beneficially owned, subject to community property laws where applicable. Except as otherwise indicated, the address of each stockholder is c/o OXIS International, Inc. at 100 South Ashley Street, Suite 600, Tampa, FL 33602.

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Number of Shares of Common Stock Beneficially Owned	Percent of Shares of Outstanding Common Stock	
Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners:			
Bristol Investment Fund, Ltd.	1,525,472 (1)	5.44%	
Theorem Group, LLC (2)	2,096,480 (2)	7.47%	
Alpha Capital Anstalt	2,034,830(3)	7.25%	
James W. Heavener	1,684,100(4)	6.00%	
Security Ownership of Management:			
Anthony J. Cataldo	4,030,731	15.22%	
Steven Weldon	601,610	2.27%	
Executive officers and directors as a group — 2 persons	4,632,341	17.49%	

⁽¹⁾ As reported on SC 13G/A filed with the SEC on April 4, 2016. Paul Kessler, manager of Bristol Capital Advisors, LLC, the investment advisor to Bristol Investment Fund, Ltd., has voting and investment control over the securities held by Bristol Investment Fund, Ltd. Mr. Kessler disclaims beneficial ownership of these securities.

⁽²⁾ As reported on SC 13D/A filed with the SEC on January 26, 2016. Anshuman Dube, manager of Theorem Group, LLC, has voting and investment control over the securities. Mr. Dube disclaims beneficial ownership of these securities.

⁽³⁾ As reported on SC 13G filed with the SEC on January 26, 2016 Konrad Ackermann, director of Alpha Capital Anstalt, has voting and investment control over the securities.

⁽⁴⁾ As reported on SC 13G filed with the SEC on February 9, 2016 James W. Heavener has voting and investment control over the securities.

DESCRIPTION OF OUR CAPITAL STOCK

General

As of the date of this Prospectus, our authorized capital stock consists of 150,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, and 15,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share. As of November 10, 2016, there were 30,241,305 shares of our common stock outstanding, and 1,787,897 shares of our preferred stock outstanding.

Common Stock

Holders of our common stock are entitled to one vote for each share of common stock held of record for the election of directors and on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholders. Holders of our common stock are entitled to receive dividends ratably, if any, as may be declared by our board of directors out of legally available funds, subject to any preferential dividend rights of any preferred stock then outstanding. In the event of our dissolution, liquidation or winding up, holders of our common stock are entitled to share ratably in our net assets legally available after the payment of all of our debts and other liabilities, subject to the liquidation preferences of any preferred stock then outstanding. Holders of our common stock have no preemptive, subscription, redemption or conversion rights. The rights, preferences and privileges of holders of common stock are subject to, and may be adversely affected by, the rights of the holders of shares of any series of preferred stock that we may designate and issue in the future. All outstanding shares of our common stock are fully paid and nonassessable. Except as described below in "Anti-Takeover Effects of Delaware Law Provisions of Our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and Our Amended and Restated By-Laws," a majority vote of common stockholders is generally required to take action under our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated by-laws.

Preferred Stock

Our board of directors is authorized, without action by the stockholders, to designate and issue up to 15,000,000 shares of preferred stock in one or more series. In the past the board has designated series lettered A through I and issued shares in those series. As of the date of this prospectus, only preferred shares in the series designated C, H, and I have shares issued and outstanding. In connection with this Offering, the board has recently designated series J which is being offered in the Offering as part of the B Units. Our board of directors can fix or alter the rights, preferences and privileges of the shares of each series and any of its qualifications, limitations or restrictions, including dividend rights, conversion rights, voting rights, terms of redemption, liquidation preferences and the number of shares constituting a class or series. The issuance of preferred stock could, under certain circumstances, result in one or more of the following adverse effects:

- decreasing the market price of our common stock;
- restricting dividends on our common stock;
- diluting the voting power of our common stock;
- · impairing the liquidation rights of our common stock; or
- delaying or preventing a change in control of us without further action by our stockholders.

Our board of directors will make any determination to issue such shares based on its judgment as to our best interests and the best interests of our stockholders. We have no current plans to issue any shares of preferred stock.

Series C

The 96,230 shares of Series C preferred stock are convertible into 111 shares of the Company's common stock at the option of the holders at any time. The conversion ratio is based on the average closing bid price of the common stock for the fifteen consecutive trading days ending on the date immediately preceding the date notice of conversion is given, but cannot be less than .20 or more than .2889 common shares for each Series C preferred share. The conversion ratio may be adjusted under certain circumstances such as stock splits or stock dividends. The Company has the right to automatically convert the Series C preferred stock into common stock if the Company lists its shares of common stock on the Nasdaq National Market and the average closing bid price of the Company's common stock on the Nasdaq National Market for 15 consecutive trading days exceeds \$3,000.00. Each share of Series C preferred stock is entitled to the number of votes equal to .26 divided by the average closing bid price of the Company's common stock during the fifteen consecutive trading days immediately prior to the date such shares of Series C preferred stock were purchased. In the event of liquidation, the holders of the Series C preferred stock shall participate on an equal basis with the holders of the common stock (as if the Series C preferred stock had converted into common stock) in any distribution of any of the assets or surplus funds of the Company. The holders of Series C preferred stock are entitled to noncumulative dividends if and when declared by the Company's board of directors. No dividends to Series C preferred stockholders were issued or unpaid through June 30, 2016.

Series H

Effective February 10, 2010, the Company issued 25,000 shares of its new Series H Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Series H Preferred") in exchange for the 25,000 shares of Series G Stock

The Certificate of Designation of the Series H Preferred is based on, and substantially similar to the form and substance of the Certificate of Designation of the Series G Preferred. Some of the corrections, changes and differences between the Certificate of Designation of the Series G Preferred and the Certificate of Designation of the Series H Preferred include the following:

- As previously disclosed, the holder of the Series H Preferred is entitled to vote with the common stock, and is entitled to a number of votes equal to (i) the number of shares of common stock it can convert into (without any restrictions or limitations on such conversion), (ii) multiplied by 100.
- The holder of the Series H Preferred cannot convert such preferred stock into shares of common stock if the holder and its affiliates after such conversion would own more than 9.9% of the Company's then issued and outstanding shares of common stock.
- The Series G Preferred contained a limitation that the holder of the Series G Preferred could not convert such preferred shares into more than 19.999% of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock without the approval of the stockholders if the rules of the principal market on which the common stock is traded would prohibit such a conversion. Since the rules of the Company's principal market did not require such a limitation, that provision has been deleted.

The holder of the Series I Preferred Stock is entitled to receive, out of funds legally available, dividends in cash at the annual rate of 8.0% of the Preference Amount (\$0.15), when, as, and if declared by the Board. No dividends or other distributions shall be made with respect to any shares of junior stock until dividends in the same amount per share on the Series I Preferred Stock shall have been declared and paid or set apart during that fiscal year. Dividends on the Series I Preferred Stock are not cumulative and no right accrues to the Series I Preferred Stock by reason of the fact that the Company may fail to declare or pay dividends on the Series I Preferred Stock in the amount of the Dividend Rate per share or in any amount in any previous fiscal year of the Company, whether or not the earnings of the Company in that previous fiscal year were sufficient to pay such dividends in whole or in part.

Each share of Series I Preferred Stock entitles the holder thereof to such number of votes per share as shall equal the number of shares of Common Stock (rounded to the nearest whole number) into which such share of Series I Preferred Stock is then convertible.

Upon any liquidation of the Company, subject to the rights of any series of Preferred Stock that may from time to time come into existence, before any distribution or payment shall be made to the holders of any Junior Stock, the holders of the shares of Series I Preferred Stock then outstanding are entitled to receive and be paid out of the assets of the Company legally available for distribution to its stockholders liquidating distributions in cash or property at its fair market value as determined by the Board in the amount of \$0.15 per share (as adjusted for any stock dividends, combinations or splits with respect to such shares).

Shares of Series I Preferred Stock may, at the option of the holder thereof, be converted at any time or from time to time into fully paid and non-assessable shares of Common Stock. The number of shares of Common Stock which a holder of shares of Series I Preferred Stock shall be entitled to receive upon conversion of such shares shall be the product obtained by multiplying the Conversion Rate by the number of shares of Series I Preferred Stock being converted. Initially, the Series I Preferred Stock is convertible into 6,667 shares of common stock.

In the event that the per-share Market Price of the Common Stock over a period of 20 consecutive trading days is equal to at least 130% of the initial conversion price (130% of \$0.15), all outstanding shares of Series I Preferred Stock shall be converted automatically into the number of shares of Common Stock into which such shares of Series I Preferred Stock are then convertible without any further action by the holders of such shares and whether or not the certificates representing such shares of Series I Preferred Stock are surrendered to the Company or its transfer agent.

As of the date of this prospectus, there are 1,666,667 shares of Series I Preferred Stock issued and outstanding.

Warrants

As of September 30, 2016, Oxis has warrants issued and outstanding for the purchase of 3,721,768 shares of its common stock.

DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES WE ARE OFFERING

We are offering up to \$10,000,000 of Class A Units and Class B Units. Class A Units consist of one share of our common stock and a Series A warrant to purchase one share of our common stock at an exercise price equal to the public offering price of the Class A Units, ("Series A warrant"). Class B Units consist of one share of our Class J Convertible Preferred Stock with a stated value of \$1,000 and convertible into shares of our common stock at the public offering price of the Class A Units, together with the equivalent number of Series A warrants as would have been issued to such purchaser if they had purchased Class A Units based on the public offering price. The shares of common stock and Series A warrant part of a Class A Unit and the Series J Preferred, and Series A warrant part of a Class B Unit are each immediately separable and will be issued separately in this offering.

Common Stock

The material terms of our common stock are described in the section of this prospectus titled "Description of Capital Stock" beginning on page 29 of this prospectus.

Series J Convertible Preferred Stock

The following summary of certain terms and provisions of our Series J Preferred Stock offered in this offering is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by reference to, the terms and provisions set forth in our certificate of designation of preferences, rights and limitations of Series J Convertible Preferred Stock.

General. Our certificate of incorporation authorizes our board of directors to issue up to 15,000,000 shares of our preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share of which 1,787,897 are issued and outstanding.

Subject to the limitations prescribed by our certificate of incorporation, our board of directors is authorized to establish the number of shares constituting each series of preferred stock and to fix the designations, powers, preferences and rights of the shares of each of those series and the qualifications, limitations and restrictions of each of those series, all without any further vote or action by our stockholders. Our board of directors has designated 13,000,000 of the 15,000,000 authorized shares of preferred stock as Series J Preferred Stock. When issued, the shares of Series J Preferred Stock will be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable.

Rank. The Series J Preferred Stock will rank:

- senior to all of our common stock to the extent of its liquidation preference of \$0.001 per share;
- senior to any class or series of our capital stock hereafter created specifically ranking by its terms junior to the Series J Preferred Stock to the extent of its liquidation preference of \$0.001 per share;
- on parity to any class or series of our capital stock hereafter created specifically ranking by its terms on parity with the Series J Preferred Stock.

Conversion. Each share of the Series J Preferred Stock is convertible into ten shares of our common stock (subject to adjustment as provided in the related certificate of designation of preferences) at any time at the option of the holder, provided that the holder will be prohibited from converting Series J Preferred Stock into shares of our common stock if, as a result of such conversion, the holder, together with its affiliates, would own more than 4.99% of the total number of shares of our common stock then issued and outstanding. However, any holder may increase or decrease such percentage to any other percentage not in excess of 9.99%, provided that any increase in such percentage shall not be effective until 61 days after such notice to us.

Liquidation Preference. In the event of our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, holders of the Series J Preferred Stock will receive a payment equal to \$0.001 per share of Series J Preferred Stock before any proceeds are distributed to the holders of our common stock. Following the payment described in the preceding sentence, the holders of the Series J Preferred Stock will participate, on an as-if-converted-to-common stock basis, in any distributions to the holders of common stock.

Voting Rights. Shares of Series J Preferred Stock will generally have no voting rights, except as required by law and except that the consent of the holders of the outstanding Series J Preferred Stock will be required to amend any provision of our certificate of incorporation that would have a materially adverse effect on the rights of the holders of the Series J Preferred Stock.

Dividends. Shares of Series J Preferred Stock will not be entitled to receive any dividends, unless and until specifically declared by our board of directors. The holders of the Series J Preferred Stock will participate, on an as-if-converted-to-common stock basis, in any dividends to the holders of common stock.

Redemption. We are not obligated to redeem or repurchase any shares of Series J Preferred Stock. Shares of Series J Preferred Stock are not otherwise entitled to any redemption rights or mandatory sinking fund or analogous fund provisions.

Restrictive Covenant. We are restricted from selling equity securities for the first 60 days following the closing, subject to certain exceptions.

Warrants to Purchase Common Stock

The material terms of the Series A warrants to be issued are summarized below. This summary does not purport to be complete in all respects. This description is subject to and qualified entirely by the terms of the form of warrant filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part.

The Series A warrants to be issued with each Unit will have an exercise price of \$ per share (equal to the public offering price of the Class A Units) and will be exercisable from their date of issuance and at any time up to the date that is five years after their original date of issuance.

The Series A warrants may not be exercised by the holder to the extent that the holder, together with its affiliates, would beneficially own, after such exercise more than 4.99% of the shares of common stock then outstanding (subject to the right of the holder to increase or decrease such beneficial ownership limitation upon notice to us, provided that such limitation cannot exceed 9.99%) and provided that any increase in the beneficial ownership limitation shall not be effective until 61 days after such notice is delivered.

The warrants are exercisable for cash or, solely in the absence of an effective registration statement or prospectus, by cashless exercise.

The exercise price of the warrants is subject to adjustment in the case of stock dividends or other distributions on shares of common stock or any other equity or equity equivalent securities payable in shares of common stock, stock splits, stock combinations, reclassifications or similar events affecting our common stock, and also, subject to limitations, upon any distribution of assets, including cash, stock or other property to our stockholders.

Prior to the exercise of any warrants to purchase common stock, holders of the warrants will not have any of the rights of holders of the common stock purchasable upon exercise, including voting rights, however, the holders of the warrants will have certain rights to participate in distributions or dividends paid on our common stock to the extent set forth in the warrants.

In addition, the warrants provide that if, at any time while such warrants are outstanding, we (1) consolidate or merge with or into another corporation, (2) sell all or substantially all of our assets or (3) are subject to or complete a tender or exchange offer pursuant to which holders of our common stock are permitted to tender or exchange their shares for other securities, cash or property and has been accepted by the holders of 50% or more of the outstanding Common Stock, (4) effect any reclassification, reorganization or recapitalization of our common stock or any compulsory share exchange pursuant to which our common stock is converted into or exchanged for other securities, cash or property, or (5) engage in one or more transactions with another party that results in that party acquiring more than 50% of our outstanding shares of common stock (each, a "Fundamental Transaction"), then the holder of such warrants shall have the right thereafter to receive, upon exercise of the warrant, the same amount and kind of securities, cash or property as it would have been entitled to receive upon the occurrence of such Fundamental Transaction if it had been, immediately prior to such Fundamental Transaction, the holder of the number of warrant shares then issuable upon exercise of the warrant, and any additional consideration payable as part of the Fundamental Transaction. Any successor to us or surviving entity shall assume the obligations under the warrant.

The provisions of the Series A warrants may be amended if we obtain the written consent of holders representing not less than a majority of shares of our common stock then exercisable under the Series A warrants collectively (in which case such amendments shall be binding on all holders of the warrants). However, the number of shares of our common stock exercisable, the exercise price or the exercise period may not be amended without the written consent of the holder of each such warrant.

We do not plan on applying to list the Series J Preferred or any of the warrants on the NASDAQ Capital Market, any other national securities exchange or any other nationally recognized trading system.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We engaged H.C. Wainwright & Co., LLC ("Wainwright" or the "placement agent") to act as our exclusive placement agent to solicit offers to purchase the securities offered by this prospectus. Wainwright is not purchasing or selling any securities, nor are they required to arrange for the purchase and sale of any specific number or dollar amount of securities, other than to use their "reasonable best efforts" to arrange for the sale of Units by us. Therefore, we may not sell the entire amount of Units being offered. We intend to offer and sell the securities offered hereby to institutional investors in certain states. However, we will not make any offer of these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer is not permitted or exempted. We will enter into a securities purchase agreement directly with certain institutional investors who purchase our securities in this offering. We will not enter into securities purchase agreements with all other investors and such investors shall rely solely on this prospectus in connection with the purchase of our securities in this offering. Wainwright may engage one or more sub-placement agents or selected dealers to assist with the offering.

Upon the closing of this offering, we will pay the placement agent a cash transaction fee equal to 8.0% of the gross proceeds to us from the sale of the Units in the offering and we will issue to the placement agent the Placement Agent Warrants as outlined below.

The following table shows the per Unit and total placement agent fees we will pay in connection with the sale of the securities in this offering, assuming the purchase of all of the securities we are offering.

Per Class A Unit	\$
Per Class B Unit	\$
Total	\$

We estimate the total expenses of this offering, which will be payable by us, excluding the placement agent fees, will be approximately \$71,000. After deducting the fees due to the placement agent and our estimated offering expenses, we expect the net proceeds from this offering to be approximately \$8,979,000.

In addition, we to issue Wainwright on August 5, 2016, 1,000,000 shares of Common Stock (the "Shares"). We will also reimburse the placement agent for its accountable expenses incurred in connection with the offering, including up to \$100,000 for legal fees and expenses, up to \$15,000 for road show expenses, up to \$4,000 per background checks on individuals, not to exceed \$20,000 in the aggregate, up to \$5,000 for tombstone and other advertising efforts, and up to \$10,000 of the fees and expenses of the placement agent's clearing firm.

Subject to certain conditions, we granted to the placement agent in this offering, for a period of twelve months after the date of effectiveness of this registration statement, a right of first refusal to act as lead underwriter, financial advisor or agent in connection with any offering of equity or debt securities, any financing or refinancing of indebtedness or any merger, acquisition or disposition transaction.

Also, we agreed to grant compensation warrants to the placement agent (the "Placement Agent Warrants") to purchase a number of shares of our common stock equal to 8% of the number of shares of Common Stock sold in this offering (including the number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of shares of Series J Convertible Preferred Stock but excluding any shares of Common Stock underlying the warrants issued in this offering). The compensation warrants will have an exercise price of \$ _____ (110% of the per share equivalent paid by the investors in this offering) and will terminate on the five year anniversary of the effective date of the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. Pursuant to FINRA Rule 5110(g), the compensation warrants and any shares issued upon exercise of the compensation warrants shall not be sold, transferred, assigned, pledged, or hypothecated, or be the subject of any hedging, short sale, derivative, put, or call transaction that would result in the effective economic disposition of the securities by any person for a period of 180 days immediately following the date of effectiveness or commencement of sales of this offering, except the transfer of any security:

- by operation of law or by reason of reorganization of our company;
- to any FINRA member firm participating in the offering and the officers or partners thereof, if all securities so transferred remain subject to the lock-up restriction set forth above for the remainder of the time period;
- if the aggregate amount of securities of our company held by the holder of the compensation warrants or related persons do not exceed 1% of the securities being offered;
- that is beneficially owned on a pro-rata basis by all equity owners of an investment fund, provided that no participating member manages or otherwise directs investments by the fund, and participating members in the aggregate do not own more than 10% of the equity in the fund; or
- the exercise or conversion of any security, if all securities received remain subject to the lock-up restriction set forth above for the remainder of the time period.

The placement agent may be deemed to be an underwriter within the meaning of Section 2(a)(11) of the Securities Act and any fees received by it and any profit realized on the sale of the securities by it while acting as principal might be deemed to be underwriting discounts or commissions under the Securities Act. The placement agent will be required to comply with the requirements of the Securities Act and the Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), including, without limitation, Rule 10b-5 and Regulation M under the Exchange Act. These rules and regulations may limit the timing of purchases and sales of our securities by the placement agent. Under these rules and regulations, the placement agent may not (i) engage in any stabilization activity in connection with our securities; and (ii) bid for or purchase any of our securities or attempt to induce any person to purchase any of our securities,

	other than as	permitted 1	under the	Exchange	Act	. until the	v have com	pleted	their	partici	pation	in the	distribution
--	---------------	-------------	-----------	----------	-----	-------------	------------	--------	-------	---------	--------	--------	--------------

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters in connection with this offering will be passed upon for us by Gary R. Henrie, Attorney at Law, Nauvoo, Illinois. These legal matters include that shares of common stock to be sold by the selling shareholders is validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable. Mr. Henrie's address is PO Box 107, Nauvoo, Illinois 62354. Mr. Henrie is licensed to practice law in the States of Utah and Navada

DISCLOSURE OF COMMISSION POSITION ON INDEMNIFICATION FOR SECURITIES ACT LIABILITIES

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers or persons controlling the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, the registrant has been informed that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Act and is therefore unenforceable.

EXPERTS

The unaudited financial statements as of September 30, 2016 and the audited financial statements December 31, 2015 included in this prospectus have been audited by Seligson & Giannattasio, LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report appearing elsewhere herein, and are included in reliance upon the report of such firm given upon their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We have filed a registration statement on Form S-1 under the Securities Act with the Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to the shares of our common stock offered by this prospectus. This prospectus was filed as a part of that registration statement but does not contain all of the information contained in the registration statement and exhibits. Reference is thus made to the omitted information. Statements made in this prospectus are summaries of the material terms of contracts, agreements and documents and are not necessarily complete; however, all information we considered material has been disclosed. Reference is made to each exhibit for a more complete description of the matters involved and these statements are qualified in their entirety by the reference. You may inspect the registration statement, exhibits and schedules filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission at the Securities and Exchange Commission's principle office in Washington, D.C. Copies of all or any part of the registration statement may be obtained from the Public Reference Section of the Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F. Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. The Securities and Exchange Commission also maintains a web site (http://www.sec.gov) that contains this filed registration statement, reports, proxy statements and information regarding us that we have filed electronically with the Commission. For more information pertaining to our company and the common stock offered in this prospectus, reference is made to the registration statement.

Upon the effective date of this registration statement and thereafter, we will file with the Securities and Exchange Commission annual and quarterly periodic reports on forms 10-K and 10-Q respectively and current reports on form 8-K as needed. We are not required to deliver annual reports to our shareholders and at this time we do not intend to do so. We encourage our shareholders, however, to access and review all materials that we will file with the Securities and Exchange Commission at http://www.sec.gov. Our SEC file number is 000-08092.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OXIS INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

OXIS INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Balance Sheets As of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015

Carrent Assets: Cash and cash equivalents \$154,000 \$2,000 Prepaid expenses \$156,000 \$49,000 Fixed assets, net \$156,000 \$49,000 Total Other Assets \$4,000 \$5,000 Total Other Assets \$4,000 \$5,000 Total ASSETS \$160,000 \$160,000 Total LASSETS \$184,000 \$2,000 TOTAL ASSETS \$184,000 \$2,000 TOTAL ASSETS \$184,000 \$2,300 Accrued Liabilities \$1,814,000 \$2,300 Accrued interest \$3,480,000 \$2,310,000 Accrued expenses \$597,000 \$4326,000 Accrued expenses \$184,000 \$431,000 Bernard notes payable \$452,000 \$452,000 Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$900,000 \$6,820,000 Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$900,000 \$6,820,000 Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$900,000 \$6,820,000 Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$900,000 \$6,820,000 Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$900,000 \$6,820,000 Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$900,000 \$6,820,000 Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$900,000 \$6,820,000 Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$900,000 \$6,820,000 Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$900,000 \$6,820,000 Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$900,000 \$6,820,000 Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$1,000 Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$1,000 Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 a		September 30, 2016 (unaudited)		December 31, 2015
Cash and cash cquivalents 154,000 \$47,000 Prepaid expenses 2,000 2,000 Total Current Assets 155,000 5,000 Total Other Assets 4,000 5,000 TOTAL ASSETS \$16,000 \$5,000 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT Current Liabilities Accrued interest 3,840,000 23,91,000 Accrued expenses 597,000 435,600 Accrued interest 31,000 31,000 Accrued expenses 597,000 435,600 Line of credit 31,000 31,000 Warrant liability 184,000 69,100 Settlement note payable 69,000 69,000 Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$90,000 867,000 68,20,000 Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$90,000 10,390,000 10,300,000 Total long term liabilities 16,966,000 71,400,00 Total long term liabilities 10,000 71,400 Convertible debet, net of discount of \$470,000 and \$2	ASSETS	(unaudicu)		
Prepaid expenses 2,000 2,000 14,0000 14,0000 14,0000 10,00000 10,0000	Current Assets:			
Total Current Assets 45,000 49,000 Fixed assets, net 4,000 5,000 TOTAL Offer Assets 4,000 5,000 TOTAL ASSETS 16,000 5,400 LABBLITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT Current Labibilities: Accounds payable 1,814,000 893,000 Accrued interest 34,80,000 23,91,000 Accrued expenses 597,000 4326,000 Accrued expenses 597,000 4326,000 Line of credit 31,000 31,000 Warrant liability 184,000 452,000 Settlement note payable 452,000 452,000 Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$90,000 61,000 61,000 Convertible debentures 10,300,00 1,000 1,000 Convertible debentures 400,000 714,000 Convertible debentures 400,000 714,000 Total current liabilities 1,000 61,880,000 Total current liabilities 1,000 61,880,000	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 154,000) !	\$ 47,000
Prixed assets, net	Prepaid expenses	2,000)	2,000
Total Other Assets 4,000 5,000 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT Current Liabilities: Accounts payable 1,814,000 893,000 Accrued interest 3,480,000 2,391,000 Accrued expenses 597,000 41,326,000 Line of credit 184,000 31,000 Warrant liability 184,000 445,300 Settlement note payable 691,000 6691,000 Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$900,000 8,678,000 482,000 Convertible debentures 1,039,000 6,137,000 Total current liabilities 1,039,000 714,000 Long term liabilities 400,000 714,000 Total long term liabilities 400,000 714,000 Crovertible debt, net of discount of \$470,000 and \$2,536,000 400,000 714,000 Total ling term liabilities 400,000 714,000 Stockholders' Deficit 500,000 1,000 1,000 Cory extible preferred stock - \$0,001 par value; 15,000,000 shares authorized: 50,	Total Current Assets	156,000)	49,000
TOTAL ASSETS	Fixed assets, net	4,000)	5,000
Current Liabilities	Total Other Assets	4,000)	5,000
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable 1,814,000 2,391,000 Accrued interest 3,480,000 2,391,000 Accrued expenses 597,000 4,326,000 Line of credit 31,000 31,000 Warrant liability 184,000 691,000 Demand notes payable 691,000 691,000 Demand notes payable 691,000 691,000 Demand notes payable 452,000 452,000 Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$900,000 8,678,000 6,820,000 Convertible debentures 1,039,000 1,039,000 Total current liabilities 16,966,000 1,039,000 Total current liabilities 16,966,000 1,039,000 Total current liabilities 400,000 714,000 Total long term liabilities 400,000 714,000 Total liabilities 400,000 714,000 Total liabilities 400,000 714,000 Total liabilities 1,000 1,000 Total liabilities 50,000 and \$2,536,000 1,000 1,000 Total liabilities 50,000 and \$2,500 and \$2,500,000 shares authorized: Series C - 96,230 and 96,230 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 2,000 2,000 Series H - 25,000 and 25,000 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 2,000 2,000 Common stock - \$0.001 par value; 15,000,000 shares authorized; 28,218,365 and 2,400,000 shares 28,000 2,000 Additional paid-in capital 104,752,000 48,012,000 Additional paid-in capital 104,752,000 169,000 Total Stockholders' Deficit (11,200,000 16,000 Total Stockholders' Deficit (11,206,000 16,000 Total Stockholders' Deficit (11,206,000 16,000 Total Stockholders' Deficit (11,206,000 16,000 Total Stockholders' Deficit (11,20	TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 160,000) !	\$ 54,000
Accounts payable 1,814,000 893,000 Accrued interest 3,480,000 2,391,000 Accrued expenses 597,000 4,326,000 Line of credit 31,000 31,000 Warrant liability 184,000 44,531,000 Settlement note payable 691,000 452,000 Demand notes payable 452,000 452,000 Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$900,000 8,678,000 6,820,000 Convertible debentures 1,039,000 1,039,000 1,039,000 6,174,000 Total current liabilities 400,000 714,000 714,000 Total long term liabilities 400,000 714,000 714,000 Total liabilities 400,000 714,000 714,000 Stockholders' Deficit 500 71,366,000 71,4000 Stockholders' Deficit 500 71,366,000 71,4000 Series I – 1,566,667 and 1,666,667 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 2,000 2,000 Series I – 1,666,667 and 1,666,667 shares issued and outstanding at	LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT			
Accrued interest 3,480,000 2,391,000 Accrued expenses 597,000 4,326,000 Line of credit 31,000 31,000 Warrant liability 184,000 44,531,000 Settlement note payable 691,000 691,000 Demand notes payable 452,000 452,000 Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$900,000 8,678,000 682,000 Convertible debentures 1,039,000 1,039,000 1,039,000 Total current liabilities 16,966,000 714,000 Long term liabilities 400,000 714,000 Total long term liabilities 400,000 714,000 Total liabilities 17,366,000 61,888,000 Stockholders' Deficit: Stockholders' Deficit: 1,000 1,000 Series C - 96,230 and 96,230 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 1,000 1,000 Series I - 1,666,667 and 1,666,667 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 2,000 2,000 Common stock - \$0.001 par value; 150,000,000 shares authorized; 28,218,365 and 2	Current Liabilities:			
Accrued expenses	1 7	, ,		893,000
Line of credit 31,000 Warrant liability 184,000 44,531,000 Settlement note payable 691,000 691,000 Demand notes payable 452,000 452,000 Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$900,000 8,678,000 6,820,000 Convertible debentures 10,399,000 1,039,000 Total current liabilities 16,966,000 61,74,000 Long term liabilities 400,000 714,000 Total long term liabilities 400,000 714,000 Total liabilities 400,000 714,000 Total liabilities 400,000 714,000 Stockholders' Deficit: 50,000 6,888,000 Series C - 96,230 and 96,230 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 1,000 1,000 Series H - 25,000 and 25,000 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 2,000 2,000 Series I - 1,666,667 and 1,666,667 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 2,000 2,000 Common stock - \$0,001 par value; 150,000,000 shares authorized; 28,218,365 a				
Warrant liability 184,000 44,531,000 Settlement note payable 691,000 691,000 Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$900,000 8,678,000 6,820,000 Convertible debentures 1,039,000 1,039,000 Total current liabilities 16,966,000 61,174,000 Long term liabilities 400,000 714,000 Total long term liabilities 400,000 714,000 Total long term liabilities 400,000 714,000 Total long term liabilities 1,366,000 61,888,000 Stockholders' Deficit: Convertible preferred stock - \$0.001 par value; 15,000,000 shares authorized: 1,000 1,000 Series C - 96,230 and 96,230 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 1,000 1,000 Series H - 25,000 and 25,000 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 2,000 2,000 Series I - 1,666,667 and 1,666,667 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 2,000 2,000 Common stock - \$0.001 par value; 150,000,000 shares authorized; 28,218,365 and 2,400,000 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 an	•	597,000)	4,326,000
Settlement note payable 691,000 691,000 Demand notes payable 452,000 452,000 Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$900,000 8,678,000 6,820,000 Convertible debentures 1,039,000 1,039,000 Total current liabilities 16,966,000 61,744,000 Long term liabilities 400,000 714,000 Total long term liabilities 400,000 714,000 Total liabilities 400,000 61,888,000 Stockholders' Deficit: 500,000 500,000 60,888,000 Series C - 96,230 and 96,230 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 1,000 1,000 Series H - 25,000 and 25,000 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 2,000 2,000 Series I - 1,666,667 and 1,666,667 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 2,000 2,000 Common stock - \$0.001 par value; 150,000,000 shares authorized; 28,218,365 and 2,400,000 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and 1,647,200 84,012,000 Additional paid-in capital 104,752,000 84,012,000		31,000)	31,000
Demand notes payable 452,000 452,000 Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$900,000 8,678,000 6,820,000 Total current liabilities 1,039,000 1,039,000 Total current liabilities: 16,966,000 61,174,000 Long term liabilities: 400,000 714,000 Total long term liabilities 400,000 714,000 Total liabilities 400,000 61,888,000 Stockholders' Deficit: Convertible preferred stock - \$0.001 par value; 15,000,000 shares authorized: Series C - 96,230 and 96,230 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 1,000 1,000 Series H - 25,000 and 25,000 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 2,000 2,000 Series I - 1,666,667 and 1,666,667 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 2,000 2,000 Common stock - \$0.001 par value; 150,000,000 shares authorized; 28,218,365 and 2,400,000 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 28,000 2,000 Common stock - \$0.001 par value; 150,000,000 shares autho	Warrant liability	184,000)	44,531,000
Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$900,000 8,678,000 6,820,000 Convertible debentures 1,039,000 1,039,000 Total current liabilities 16,966,000 61,174,000 Convertible debt, net of discount of \$470,000 and \$2,536,000 400,000 714,000 Total long term liabilities 400,000 714,000 Total liabilities 400,000 714,000 Stockholders' Deficit: 500,000 50,000 61,888,000 Stockholders' Deficit: 500,000 50,000 61,888,000 1,000				
Convertible debentures 1,039,000 1,039,000 Total current liabilities 16,966,000 61,174,000 Long term liabilities: 400,000 714,000 Total long term liabilities 400,000 714,000 Total long term liabilities 17,366,000 61,888,000 Stockholders' Deficit: 71,366,000 61,888,000 Stockholders' Deficit: 8 8 Convertible preferred stock - \$0.001 par value; 15,000,000 shares authorized: 1,000 1,000 Series C - 96,230 and 96,230 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 1,000 1,000 Series H - 25,000 and 25,000 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 2,000 2,000 Series I - 1,666,667 and 1,666,667 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 2,000 2,000 Common stock - \$0.001 par value; 150,000,000 shares authorized; 28,218,365 and 2,400,000 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and 104,752,000 2,000 2,000 Additional paid-in capital 104,752,000 84,012,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000				
Total current liabilities 16,966,000 61,174,000 Long term liabilities: 400,000 714,000 Total long term liabilities 400,000 714,000 Total long term liabilities 400,000 714,000 Total liabilities 17,366,000 61,888,000 Stockholders' Deficit: Convertible preferred stock - \$0.001 par value; 15,000,000 shares authorized: Series C - 96,230 and 96,230 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 1,000 1,000 Series I - 25,000 and 25,000 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 2,000 2,000 Series I - 1,666,667 and 1,666,667 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 2,000 2,000 Common stock - \$0.001 par value; 150,000,000 shares authorized; 28,218,365 and 2,400,000 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 28,000 2,000 Additional paid-in capital 104,752,000 84,012,000 Accumulated deficit (121,820,000) (145,682,000) Noncontrolling interest (169,000) (169,000) Total Stockh	Convertible debentures, current portion, net of discount of \$1,596,000 and \$900,000			
Long term liabilities: Convertible debt, net of discount of \$470,000 and \$2,536,000		1,039,000) _	
Convertible debt, net of discount of \$470,000 and \$2,536,000 400,000 714,000 Total long term liabilities 400,000 714,000 Total liabilities 17,366,000 61,888,000 Stockholders' Deficit: Convertible preferred stock - \$0.001 par value; 15,000,000 shares authorized: 50,000 1,000		16,966,000)	61,174,000
Total long term liabilities 400,000 714,000 Total liabilities 17,366,000 61,888,000 Stockholders' Deficit: Convertible preferred stock - \$0.001 par value; 15,000,000 shares authorized: 5 5 Series C - 96,230 and 96,230 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 1,000 1,000 Series H - 25,000 and 25,000 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 2,000 2,000 Series I - 1,666,667 and 1,666,667 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 2,000 2,000 Common stock - \$0.001 par value; 150,000,000 shares authorized; 28,218,365 and 2,400,000 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 28,000 2,000 Additional paid-in capital 104,752,000 84,012,000 Accumulated deficit (11,820,000) (145,682,000) Noncontrolling interest (169,000) (169,000) Total Stockholders' Deficit (17,206,000) (61,834,000)				
Total liabilities 17,366,000 61,888,000 Stockholders' Deficit: Convertible preferred stock - \$0.001 par value; 15,000,000 shares authorized: Series C - 96,230 and 96,230 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 2,000				

The accompanying condensed notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

OXIS INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Operations For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 and 2015

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2	2016		2015	2016		2015
Product revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
License revenue							27,000
Total revenue		-		-	-		27,000
Cost of product revenue						_	-
Gross profit		-		-			27,000
Operating expenses							
Research and development		250,000		225,000	725,000		475,000
Selling, general and administrative expenses	2,	,280,000		2,552,000	7,827,000		5,571,000
Total operating expenses	2,	,530,000		2,777,000	8,552,000		6,046,000
Loss from operations	(2.	,530,000)		(2,777,000)	(8,552,000)	((6,019,000)
Other income (expense)							
Change in value of warrant and derivative liabilities							
		436,000		2,809,000	37,195,000		0,683,000
Interest expense	(1,	,536,000)		(1,724,000)	(4,781,000)	_	0,012,000)
Total other income (expense)	1,	,100,000		1,085,000	32,414,000	1	0,671,000
Income before minority interest and							
provision for income taxes	(3,	,630,000)		(1,692,000)	23,862,000		4,652,000
Plus: net (income) loss attributable to the noncontrolling interest							
		<u> </u>	_	-		_	-
Income before provision for income taxes	(3,	,630,000)		(1,692,000)	23,862,000		4,652,000
Provision for income tax			_			_	
Net income	(3,	,630,000)	_	(1,692,000)	23,862,000		4,652,000
Weighted average common shares outstanding – basis and diluted							
Basic		,462,111		2,400,000	22,656,666		2,392,683
Diluted	27,	,462,111		2,400,000	22,656,666		4,764,753
Net income per share		0.16	Φ.	0.51	A		4.0:
Basic	\$	0.13	\$	0.71	\$ 1.05	\$	1.94
Diluted	\$	0.13	\$	0.71	\$ 1.05	\$	0.98

The accompanying condensed notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

OXIS INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 and 2015

	Nine month	per 30,
	2016	2015
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Net income/(loss)	\$ 23,862,000	\$ 4,652,000
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities:	\$ 23,802,000	\$ 4,032,000
Depreciation	1,000	1,000
Amortization of intangible assets	1,000	1,000
Stock compensation expense for options and warrants issued to employees and non-employees	5,812,000	1,820,000
Non-cash interest expense	1,697,000	7,717,000
Amortization of debt discounts	1,625,000	1,732,000
Change in value of warrant and derivative liabilities	(37,195,000)	(20,683,000)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	(37,173,000)	(20,003,000)
Accounts receivable	-	-
Other assets	-	25,000
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,403,000	1,023,000
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,795,000)	(3,713,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Repayment of note payable	-	-
Proceeds of notes payable	1,902,000	2,900,000
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,902,000	2,900,000
Minority interest	-	
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	107,000	(813,000)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of period	47,000	955 000
CACH AND CACH FOLIVALENTO End of maind	47,000	855,000
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of period	\$ 154,000	\$ 42,000
Supplemental Disclosures		
Supplemental Discressives		
Interest paid	\$ -	\$ -
Income taxes paid	\$ -	\$ -
Supplemental non-cash activities:		
Common stock issued upon conversion of convertible notes	\$ 1,794,000	\$ -
Common stock issued upon conversion of accrued interest and penalty	\$ 346,000	\$ 247,000

The accompanying condensed notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

1. The Company and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

OXIS International, Inc. (collectively, "OXIS" or the "Company") is engaged in discovering, developing and commercializing novel therapeutics from our proprietary product platform in a broad range of disease areas. Currently, OXIS develops innovative drugs focused on the treatment of cancer. OXIS' lead drug candidate, OXS-2175, is a small molecule therapeutic candidate targeting the treatment of triple-negative breast cancer. In *in vitro* and *in vivo* models of TNBC, OXS-2175 demonstrated the ability to inhibit metastasis. OXIS' lead drug candidate, OXS-4235, also a small molecule therapeutic candidate, targets the treatment of multiple myeloma and associated osteolytic lesions. In *in vitro* and *in vivo* models of multiple myeloma, OXS-4235 demonstrated the ability to kill multiple myeloma cells, and decrease osteolytic lesions in bone. OXIS' lead drug candidate, OXS-1550, is a bispecific scFv recombinant fusion protein-drug conjugate composed of the variable regions of the heavy and light chains of anti-CD19 and anti-CD22 antibodies and a modified form of diphtheria toxin as its cytotoxic drug payload. OXS-1550 has demonstrated success in early human clinical trials in patients with relapsed/refractory B-cell lymphoma or leukemia.

In 1965, the corporate predecessor of OXIS, Diagnostic Data, Inc. was incorporated in the State of California. Diagnostic Data changed its incorporation to the State of Delaware in 1972; and changed its name to DDI Pharmaceuticals, Inc. in 1985. In 1994, DDI Pharmaceuticals merged with International BioClinical, Inc. and Bioxytech S.A. and changed its name to OXIS International, Inc.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. ("U.S. GAAP") and the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Certain information and disclosures required by U.S. GAAP for complete consolidated financial statements have been condensed or omitted herein. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015. The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial information presented herein reflects all normal adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented. The Company is responsible for the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements included in this report. The results of operations of any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results for the full year.

Going Concern

As shown in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Company has incurred an accumulated deficit of \$121,820,000 through September 30, 2016. On a consolidated basis, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$154,000 at September 30, 2016. The Company's plan is to raise additional capital until such time that the Company generates sufficient revenues to cover its cash flow needs and/or it achieves profitability. However, the Company cannot assure that it will accomplish this task and there are many factors that may prevent the Company from reaching its goal of profitability.

The current rate of cash usage raises substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, absent any sources of significant cash flows. In an effort to mitigate this near-term concern the Company intends to seek additional equity or debt financing to obtain sufficient funds to sustain operations. However, the Company cannot provide assurance that it will successfully obtain equity or debt or other financing, if any, sufficient to finance its goals or that the Company will generate future product related revenues. The Company's financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets, or the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary in the event that the Company cannot continue in existence.

Basis of Consolidation and Comprehensive Income

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of OXIS International, Inc. and its subsidiaries. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. The Company's financial statements are prepared using the accrual method of accounting.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Company's cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities and accounts receivable are monitored for exposure to concentrations of credit risk. The Company maintains substantially all of its cash balances in a limited number of financial institutions. The balances are each insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000. The Company does not have balances in excess of this limit at September 30, 2016.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable, inventory, accounts payable and accrued expenses approximate fair value because of the short-term nature of these instruments. The fair value of debt is based upon current interest rates for debt instruments with comparable maturities and characteristics and approximates the carrying amount.

Stock Based Compensation to Other than Employees

The Company accounts for equity instruments issued in exchange for the receipt of goods or services from other than employees in accordance with ASC 718. Costs are measured at the estimated fair market value of the consideration received or the estimated fair value of the equity instruments issued, whichever is more reliably determinable. The value of equity instruments issued for consideration other than employee services is determined on the earlier of a performance commitment or completion of performance by the provider of goods or services. In the case of equity instruments issued to consultants, the fair value of the equity instrument is recognized over the term of the consulting agreement.

Impairment of Long Lived Assets

The Company's long-lived assets currently consist of capitalized patents. The Company evaluates its long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable. If any of the Company's long-lived assets are considered to be impaired, the amount of impairment to be recognized is equal to the excess of the carrying amount of the assets over the fair value of the assets.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes using the asset and liability approach, whereby deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated future tax effects, based on current enacted tax laws, of temporary differences between financial and tax reporting for current and prior periods. Deferred tax assets are reduced, if necessary, by a valuation allowance if the corresponding future tax benefits may not be realized.

Net Income (Loss) per Share

Basic net income (loss) per share is computed by dividing the net loss for the period by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income (loss) per share is computed by dividing the net loss for the period by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, plus the potential dilutive effect of common shares issuable upon exercise or conversion of outstanding stock options and warrants during the period. The weighted average number of potentially dilutive common shares excluded from the calculation of net income (loss) per share totaled in 38,410,084 and 2,039,480 as of September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Patents

Acquired patents are capitalized at their acquisition cost or fair value. The legal costs, patent registration fees and models and drawings required for filing patent applications are capitalized if they relate to commercially viable technologies. Commercially viable technologies are those technologies that are projected to generate future positive cash flows in the near term. Legal costs associated with patent applications that are not determined to be commercially viable are expensed as incurred. All research and development costs incurred in developing the patentable idea are expensed as incurred. Legal fees from the costs incurred in successful defense to the extent of an evident increase in the value of the patents are capitalized.

Capitalized cost for pending patents are amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining twenty year legal life of each patent after the costs have been incurred. Once each patent is issued, capitalized costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the patent's remaining statutory life, estimated economic life or ten years.

Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost. Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which are 3 to 10 years for machinery and equipment and the shorter of the lease term or estimated economic life for leasehold improvements.

Fair Value

The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheets for receivables and current liabilities each qualify as financial instruments and are a reasonable estimate of fair value because of the short period of time between the origination of such instruments and their expected realization and their current market rate of interest. The three levels are defined as follows:

- Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets. The Company's Level 1 assets include cash equivalents, primarily institutional money market funds, whose carrying value represents fair value because of their short-term maturities of the investments held by these funds.
- Level 2 inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument. The Company's Level 2 liabilities consist of liabilities arising from the issuance of convertible securities and in accordance with ASC 815-40: a warrant liability for detachable warrants, as well as an accrued derivative liability for the beneficial conversion feature. These liabilities are remeasured each reporting period. Fair value is determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model based on observable market inputs, such as share price data and a discount rate consistent with that of a government-issued security of a similar maturity.
- Level 3 inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The following table represents the Company's assets and liabilities by level measured at fair value on a recurring basis at September 30, 2016.

Description	Level 1		Level 2		Le	vel 3
Assets						
	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Liabilities						
Warrant liability		_		184,000		_

Research and Development

Research and development costs are expensed as incurred and reported as research and development expense. Research and development costs totaling \$725,000 and \$475,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Revenue Recognition

License Revenue

License arrangements may consist of non-refundable upfront license fees, exclusive licensed rights to patented or patent pending technology, and various performance or sales milestones and future product royalty payments. Some of these arrangements are multiple element arrangements.

Non-refundable, up-front fees that are not contingent on any future performance by us, and require no consequential continuing involvement on our part, are recognized as revenue when the license term commences and the licensed data, technology and/or compound is delivered. We defer recognition of non-refundable upfront fees if we have continuing performance obligations without which the technology, right, product or service conveyed in conjunction with the non-refundable fee has no utility to the licensee that is separate and independent of our performance under the other elements of the arrangement. In addition, if we have continuing involvement through research and development services that are required because our know-how and expertise related to the technology is proprietary to us, or can only be performed by us, then such up-front fees are deferred and recognized over the period of continuing involvement.

Payments related to substantive, performance-based milestones in a research and development arrangement are recognized as revenue upon the achievement of the milestones as specified in the underlying agreements when they represent the culmination of the earnings process.

Use of Estimates

The financial statements and notes are representations of the Company's management, which is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements. The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities revenues and expenses and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Debt

Convertible debentures

On October 25, 2006, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement ("2006 Purchase Agreement") with four accredited investors (the "2006 Purchasers"). In conjunction with the signing of the 2006 Purchase Agreement, the Company issued secured convertible debentures ("2006 Debentures") and Series A, B, C, D, and E common stock warrants ("2006 Warrants") to the 2006 Purchasers, and the parties also entered into a security agreement (the "2006 Security Agreement") pursuant to which the Company agreed to grant the 2006 Purchasers, pari passu, a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets.

Pursuant to the terms of the 2006 Purchase Agreement, the Company issued the 2006 Debentures in an aggregate principal amount of \$1,694,250 to the 2006 Purchasers. The 2006 Debentures are subject to an original issue discount of 20.318% resulting in proceeds to the Company of \$1,350,000 from the transaction. The 2006 Debentures were due on October 25, 2008. The 2006 Debentures are convertible, at the option of the 2006 Purchasers, at any time prior to payment in full, into shares of common stock of the Company. As a result of the full ratchet anti-dilution provision the current conversion price is \$2.50 per share (the "2006 Conversion Price"). Beginning on the first of the month beginning February 1, 2007, the Company was required to amortize the 2006 Debentures in equal installments on a monthly basis resulting in a complete repayment by the maturity date (the "Monthly Redemption Amounts"). The Monthly Redemption Amounts could have been paid in cash or in shares, subject to certain restrictions. If the Company chose to make any Monthly Redemption Amount payment in shares of common stock, the price per share would have been the lesser of the Conversion Price then in effect and 85% of the weighted average price for the 10-trading days prior to the due date of the Monthly Redemption Amount. The Company did not make any of the required monthly redemption payments.

Pursuant to the provisions of the 2006 Debentures, such non-payment was an event of default and penalty interest has accrued on the unpaid redemption balance at an interest rate equal to the lower of 18% per annum and the maximum rate permitted by applicable law. In addition, each of the 2006 Purchasers has the right to accelerate the cash repayment of at least 130% of the outstanding principal amount of the 2006 Debenture (plus accrued but unpaid liquidated damages and interest) and to sell substantially all of the Company's assets pursuant to the provisions of the 2006 Security Agreement to satisfy any such unpaid balance. On June 6, 2008, the Company received notification from Bristol Investment Fund, Ltd ("Bristol"), that the collateral held under the 2006 Security Agreement would be sold to the highest qualified bidder on Thursday, June 19, 2008. On June 19, 2008, the Company received a Notice of Disposition of Collateral from Bristol in which Bristol notified the Company that Bristol, acting as the agent for itself and the three other 2006 Purchasers, purchased certain assets held as collateral under the 2006 Security Agreement. Bristol purchased 111,025 shares of common stock of BioCheck, Inc., the Company's majority owned subsidiary, on a credit bid of \$50,000, and Bristol also purchased 1,000 shares of the capital stock of OXIS Therapeutics, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of OXIS, for a credit bid of \$10,000. In December 2005, OXIS purchased the 111,025 shares of common stock of BioCheck, Inc. for \$3,060,000. After crediting the aggregate amount of \$60,000 to the aggregate amount due under the 2006 Debentures, plus fees and charges due through June 19, 2008, Bristol notified the Company that the Company remains obligated to the 2006 Purchasers in a deficiency in an aggregate amount of \$2,688,000 as of June 19, 2008. As a result of the disposition of the collateral, the Company recorded a net loss aggregating \$2,978,000.

Under the 2006 Purchase Agreement, the 2006 Purchasers also have a right of first refusal to participate in up to 100% of any future financing undertaken by the Company until the 2006 Debentures are no longer outstanding. In addition, the Company is also prohibited from effecting any subsequent financing involving a variable rate transaction until such time as no 2006 Purchaser holds any of the 2006 Debentures. Furthermore, so long as any 2006 Purchaser holds any of the securities issued under the 2006 Purchaser Agreement, if the Company issues or sells any common stock or instruments convertible into common stock which a 2006 Purchaser reasonably believes is on terms more favorable to such investors than the terms pursuant to the 2006 Debentures or 2006 Warrants, the Company is obligated to permit such 2006 Purchaser the benefits of such better terms.

Of the 2006 Warrants issued by the Company to the 2006 Purchasers, only the Series A Warrants remain outstanding. The Series A Warrants, which now expire in July 2019, permit the holders to purchase 9,681 shares of common stock at an original exercise price of \$87.50 per share. Such exercise price is adjustable pursuant to a full ratchet anti-dilution provision and upon the occurrence of a stock split or a related event.

During 2009, Bristol converted \$177,900 of the principal amount of 2006 Debentures for 71,160 shares of the Company's common stock. During 2010, Bristol converted an additional \$401,000 of the principal amount of 2006 Debentures for 160,400 shares of the Company's common stock. During 2011, an additional \$605,000 of the principal amount of 2006 Debentures was converted into 242,000 shares of the Company's common stock. During 2012, an additional \$369,625 of the principal amount of 2006 Debentures was converted into 350,619 shares of the Company's common stock.

The 2006 Debentures do not meet the definition of a "conventional convertible debt instrument" since they are not convertible into a fixed number of shares. The Monthly Redemption Amounts can be paid with common stock at a conversion price that is a percentage of the market price; therefore the number of shares that could be required to be delivered upon "net-share settlement" is essentially indeterminate. Therefore, the 2006 Debentures are considered "non-conventional," which means that the conversion feature must be bifurcated from the debt and shown as a separate derivative liability. This beneficial conversion liability has been calculated to be \$690,000 on October 25, 2006. In addition, since the 2006 Debentures are convertible into an indeterminate number of shares of common stock, it is assumed that the Company could never have enough authorized and unissued shares to settle the conversion of the 2006 Warrants issues in this transaction into common stock. Therefore, the 2006 Warrants have a fair value of \$2,334,000 at October 25, 2006. The value of the 2006 Warrant was calculated using the Black-Scholes model using the following assumptions: Discount rate of 4.5%, volatility of 158% and expected term of 1 to 6 years. The fair value of the beneficial conversion feature and the 2006 Warrant liability will be adjusted to fair value on each balance sheet date with the change being shown as a component of net loss. The fair value of the beneficial conversion feature and the 2006 Warrants at the inception of the 2006 Debentures were \$690,000 and \$2,334,000, respectively. The first \$1,350,000 of these discounts was amortized over the term of the 2006 Debenture and the excess of \$1,674,000 was shown as financing costs in statement of operations.

The Company and Bristol entered into a Forbearance Agreement on December 3, 2015, pursuant to which Bristol agreed to refrain and forbear from exercising certain rights and remedies with respect the 2006 Debentures for three months. In exchange for the Forbearance Agreement, the Company issued an allonge in the amount of \$250,000 increasing the principal amount if the 2006 Debentures.

On October 1, 2009, the Company entered into a financing arrangement with several accredited investors (the "2009 Investors"), pursuant to which it sold various securities in consideration of a maximum aggregate purchase price of \$2,000,000 (the "2009 Financing"). In connection with the 2009 Financing, the Company issued the following securities to the 2009 Investors:

- 0% Convertible Debentures in the principal amount of \$2,000,000 due 24 months from the date of issuance (the "2009 Debentures"), convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at a per share conversion price equal to \$12.50 per share:
- Series A warrant to purchase such number of shares of the Company's common stock equal to 50% of the principal amount invested by each 2009 Investor (the "2009 Class A Warrants") resulting in the issuance of Class A Warrants to purchase 80,000 shares of common stock of the Company.
- Series B warrant to purchase such number of shares of the Company's common stock equal to 50% of the principal amount invested by each 2009 Investor (the "2009 Class B Warrants") resulting in the issuance of Class B Warrants to purchase 80,000 shares of common stock of the Company.

The Class A Warrants and Class B Warrants (collectively, the "2009 Warrants") are exercisable for up to five years from the date of issue at a per share exercise price equal to \$15.625 and \$18.75 for the Class A Warrants and the Class B Warrants, respectively, on a cash or cashless basis. The 2009 Debentures and the 2009 Warrants are collectively referred to herein as the "2009 Securities".

In connection with the sale of the 2009 Securities by the Company, the Company and Bristol entered a Standstill and Forbearance Agreement, pursuant to which Bristol agreed to refrain and forbear from exercising certain rights and remedies with respect to (i) the 2006 Debentures and (ii) certain demand notes (the "Bridge Notes") issued by the Company on October 8, 2008, March 19, 2009, April 7, 2009, April 28, 2009, May 21, 2009 and June 25, 2009 and discussed under the caption "Demand Notes" below. In connection with the sale of the 2009 Securities by the Company, the Company and Bristol have also entered into a waiver agreement (the "Waiver Agreement") pursuant to which Bristol waived certain rights with respect to the 2006 Debentures and Bridge Notes.

The conversion price of the 2009 Debentures and the exercise price of the 2009 Warrants are subject to full ratchet anti-dilution adjustment in the event that the Company thereafter issues common stock or common stock equivalents at a price per share less than the conversion price or the exercise price, respectively, and to other normal and customary anti-dilution adjustment upon certain other events. So long as the 2009 Debentures are outstanding, if the Company effects a subsequent financing, the October 2009 Investors may elect, in their sole discretion, to exchange all or some of the October 2009 Debentures (but not the 2009 Warrants) for any securities or units issued in a subsequent financing on a \$1.00 for \$1.00 basis or to have any particular provisions of the subsequent financing legal documents apply to the documents utilized for the October 2009 Financing.

The Company also agreed that if it determines to prepare and file with the Commission a registration statement relating to an offering for its own account or the account of others, then it shall include the shares of common stock underlying the 2009 Securities on such registration statement. The 2009 Investors have contractually agreed to restrict their ability to convert the 2009 Debentures and exercise the 2009 Warrants and receive shares of our common stock such that the number of shares of the Company common stock held by a 2009 Investor and its affiliates after such conversion or exercise does not exceed 4.9% of the Company's then issued and outstanding shares of common stock.

During 2010, 2009 Investors converted \$1,335,000 of the principal amount of 2009 Debentures for 106,800 shares of the Company's common stock. During 2011, 2009 Investors converted \$610,000 of the principal amount of 2009 Debentures for 48,800 shares of the Company's common stock.

The Company entered into a Forbearance Agreement on December 3, 2015, pursuant to which the remaining 2009 Debenture holder agreed to refrain and forbear from exercising certain rights and remedies with respect the 2009 Debentures for three months. In exchange for the Forbearance Agreement, the Company issued an allonge in the amount of \$250,000 increasing the principal amount of the 2009 Debentures to \$305,000 as of March 31,2016.

On June 1, 2011, the Company entered into a financing arrangement with several accredited investors (the "June 2011 Investors"), pursuant to which it sold various securities in consideration of a maximum aggregate purchase price of \$500,000 (the "June 2011 Financing"). In connection with the June 2011 Financing, the Company issued the following securities to the June 2011 Investors:

- 12% Convertible Debentures in the principal amount of \$500,000 due April 15, 2012, convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at a per share conversion price equal to \$25.00 per share; and
- Warrants to purchase 20,000 of shares of the Company's common stock. The warrants are exercisable, on a cash or cashless basis, for up to two years from the date of issue at a per share exercise price equal to \$37.50. During 2015, the exercise price was adjusted to \$1.25 and the exercise date was extended to June 2019.

In November, 2011, the Company entered into a financing arrangement with several accredited investors (the "November 2011 Investors"), pursuant to which it sold various securities in consideration of a maximum aggregate purchase price of \$275,000 (the "November 2011 Financing"). In connection with the November 2011 Financing, the Company issued the following securities to the November 2011 Investors:

- 8% Convertible Debentures in the principal amount of \$275,000 due in two years, convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at a per share conversion price equal to \$12.50 per share; and
- Warrants to purchase 22,000 of shares of the Company's common stock. The Class A Warrants and Class B Warrants (collectively, the "Warrants") are exercisable for up to five years from the date of issue at a per share exercise price equal to \$15.625 and \$18.75 for the Class A Warrants and the Class B Warrants, respectively, on a cash or cashless basis.

In March, 2012, the Company entered into a financing arrangement with several accredited investors pursuant to which it sold various securities in consideration of a maximum aggregate purchase price of \$617,500 (the "March 2012 Financing"). In connection with the March 2012 Financing, the Company issued the following securities to the investors:

- 8% Convertible Debentures in the principal amount of \$617,500 due in two years, convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at a per share conversion price equal to \$12.50 per share; and
- Warrants to purchase 49,400 of shares of the Company's common stock. The Class A Warrants and Class B Warrants (collectively, the "March 2012 Warrants") are exercisable for up to five years from the date of issue at a per share exercise price equal \$15.625 and \$18.75 for the Class A Warrants and the Class B Warrants, respectively, on a cash or cashless basis.

In April 2012, the Company agreed to an adjustment as negotiated to enable inducement of further financing of the Company. Pursuant to the anti-dilution provisions in the convertible instruments, the conversion price of certain convertible instruments is now \$2.50 (with the exception of the conversion price of the October 2006 Debenture which is already priced at the lesser of \$2.50 and 60% of the average of the lowest three trading prices occurring at any time during the 20 trading days preceding conversion).

In May, 2012, the Company entered into a financing arrangement with several accredited investors pursuant to which it sold various securities in consideration of a maximum aggregate purchase price of \$275,000 (the "May 2012 Financing"). In connection with the May 2012 Financing, the Company issued the following securities to the investors:

- 8% Convertible Debentures in the principal amount of \$275,000 due May 2014, convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at a per share conversion price equal to \$12.50 per share; and
- Warrants to purchase 22,000 of shares of the Company's common stock. The Class A Warrants and Class B Warrants (collectively, the "May 2012 Warrants") are exercisable for up to five years from the date of issue at a per share exercise price equal to \$15.625 and \$18.75 for the Class A Warrants and the Class B Warrants, respectively, on a cash or cashless basis.

On August 8, 2012, a Settlement Agreement and Mutual General Release ("Agreement") was made by and between OXIS and Bristol Investment Fund, Ltd., in order to settle certain claims regarding certain convertible debentures held by Bristol.

Pursuant to the Agreement, OXIS shall pay Bristol (half of which payment would redound to Theorem Capital LLC ("Theorem")) a total of \$1,119,778 as payment in full for the losses suffered and all costs incurred by Bristol in connection with the Transaction. Payment of such \$1,119,778 shall be made as follows: OXIS shall issue restricted common stock to each of Bristol and Merit, in an amount such that each Bristol and Theorem shall hold no more than 9.99% of the outstanding shares of OXIS (including any shares that each may hold as of the date of issuance). The shares so issued represent \$417,475.65 of the \$1,119,778 payment (111,327 shares at \$3.75 per share, of which 36,675 will be retained by Bristol and 74,652 will be issued to Theorem). The remaining balance of the payment shall be made in the form of two convertible promissory notes in the respective amounts of \$422,357.75 for Bristol and \$279,944.60 for Theorem (collectively, the "Notes") with a maturity of December 1, 2017 having an 8% annual interest rate, with interest only accruing until January 1, 2013, and then level payments of \$3,750 each beginning January 1, 2013 until paid in full on December 1, 2017. In the event a default in the monthly payments on the Notes has occurred and is continuing each holder of the Notes shall be permitted to convert the unpaid principal and interest of the Notes into shares of OXIS at \$2.50 cents per share. In the absence of such continuing default no conversion of the Notes will be permitted. OXIS will have the right to repay the Notes in full at any time without penalty.

Effective April, 2013 the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with one accredited investor to sell 10% convertible debentures with an initial principal balance of \$75,000.

In October and November, 2013, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with four accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures with an initial principal balance of \$172,000 and warrants to acquire up to 98,286 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share.

In December, 2013, the Company entered into a convertible demand promissory note with an initial principal balance of \$189,662 convertible at \$1.75 per share and warrants to acquire up to 108,378 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share.

In January, 2014, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with one accredited investor to sell 10% convertible debentures with an initial principal balance of \$50,000 and warrants to acquire up to 28,571 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share.

In April, 2014, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with three accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures with an initial principal balance of \$49,000 and warrants to acquire up to 22,286 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share.

In July 2014, the Company agreed to an adjustment as negotiated to enable inducement of further financing of the Company. Pursuant to the anti-dilution provisions in the convertible instruments, the conversion price of certain convertible instruments is now \$1.75 (with the exception of the conversion price of the October 2006 Debenture which is already priced at the lesser of \$1.75 and 60% of the average of the lowest three trading prices occurring at any time during the 20 trading days preceding conversion).

On July 24, 2014, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with ten accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures, with an exercise price of \$1.75, with an initial principal balance of \$1,250,000 and warrants to acquire up to 714,286 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share.

Also on July 24, 2014, the Company sold to Kenneth Eaton, the Company's Chief Executive Officer, a \$175,000 debenture, with an exercise price of \$1.75, as payment in full for all accrued and unpaid salary and fees owed to Mr. Eaton. This note was converted on the second quarter of 2016.

On October 15, 2014, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with three accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures, with an exercise price of \$2.50, with an initial principal balance of \$1,250,000 and warrants to acquire up to 400,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$5.00 per share.

On February 23, 2015, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with ten accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures, with an exercise price of \$6.25, with an initial principal balance of \$2,350,000 and warrants to acquire up to 376,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$7.50 per share.

Effective July 2015, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with three accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures, with an exercise price of \$5.00, with an initial principal balance of \$550,000 and warrants to acquire up to 111,765 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$6.25 per share.

Effective October 2015, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with three accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures, with an exercise price of \$2.50, with an initial principal balance of \$500,000 and warrants to acquire up to 200,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share.

Effective November 2015, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with two accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures, with an exercise price of \$2.50, with an initial principal balance of \$100,000 and warrants to acquire up to 80,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share.

Effective December 2015, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with two accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures, with and an exercise price of \$1.25, with an initial principal balance of \$350,000 and warrants to acquire up to 280,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$1.25 per share.

In December 2015, the Company agreed to an adjustment as negotiated to enable inducement of further financing of the Company. Pursuant to the anti-dilution provisions in all the convertible instruments, the conversion price of certain convertible instruments is now \$1.25 (with the exception of the conversion price of the October 2006 Debenture which is already priced at the lesser of \$1.25 and 60% of the average of the lowest three trading prices occurring at any time during the 20 trading days preceding conversion).

In January 2016, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with one accredited investor to sell 10% convertible debentures, with and an exercise price of \$1.25, with an initial principal balance of \$150,000 and warrants to acquire up to 80,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$1.25 per share.

In May 2016, the Company agreed to an adjustment as negotiated to enable inducement of further financing of the Company. Pursuant to the anti-dilution provisions in all the convertible instruments, the conversion price of certain convertible instruments is now \$0.40 (with the exception of the conversion price of the October 2006 Debenture which is already priced at the lesser of \$0.40 and 60% of the average of the lowest three trading prices occurring at any time during the 20 trading days preceding conversion).

In May 2016, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with twenty accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures, with and an exercise price of \$0.40, with an initial principal balance of \$1,390,044 and warrants to acquire up to 3,475,111 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.45 per share.

In July 2016, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with one accredited investor to sell 10% convertible debentures, with and an exercise price of \$0.40, with an initial principal balance of \$112,135 and warrants to acquire up to 280,338 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.45 per share.

In August 2016, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with one accredited investor to sell 10% convertible debentures up \$1,000,000, with and an exercise price of \$0.40, with an initial principal balance of \$250,000 and warrants to acquire up to 2,500,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.45 per share.

Allonges

On August 18, 2015, the Company entered into a settlement agreement with three noteholders. In accordance with the July 24, 2014 Security Purchase Agreements, The Company was required to establish and maintain a reserve of shares of its common stock from its duly authorized shares of Common Stock for issuance in an amount equal to 150% of a required minimum by December 21, 2014 which did not occur. As compensation for the default, the Company issued allonges to the noteholders for a total of \$837,500, increasing the principal amount of the convertible notes.

On October 7, 2015, the Company entered into a settlement agreement with two noteholders. In accordance with the July 24, 2014 Security Purchase Agreements, The Company was required to establish and maintain a reserve of shares of its common stock from its duly authorized shares of Common Stock for issuance in an amount equal to 150% of a required minimum by December 21, 2014 which did not occur. As compensation for the default, the Company issued allonges to the noteholders for a total of \$537,500, increasing the principal amount of the convertible notes.

On November 5, 2015, the Company entered into a Second Settlement Agreement with three noteholders. On August 18, 2015 the Company entered into a Settlement Agreement that required the Company to increase its authorized shares to not less 8,000,000 shares and reserve 150% of the number of shares of its Common Stock no later than the earlier of (1) two days after Oxis obtaining all corporate and regulatory approvals necessary to increase it authorized shares; or (2) September 30, 2015 which did not occur. As compensation for the default, the Company issued additional allonges to the noteholders for a total of \$837,500, increasing the principal amount of the convertible notes.

On Dec 5, 2015, the Company entered into a Second Settlement Agreement with three noteholders. On October 7, 2015 the Company entered into a Settlement Agreement that required the Company to increase its authorized shares to not less than 8,000,000 shares and reserve 150% of the number of shares of its Common Stock no later than the earlier of (1) two days after Oxis obtaining all corporate and regulatory approvals necessary to increase it authorized shares; or (2) September 30, 2015 which did not occur. As compensation for the default, the Company issued additional allonges to the noteholders for a total of \$537,500, increasing the principal amount of the convertible notes.

On July 15, 2015, the Company entered into a settlement agreement with one noteholder. In accordance with a 10% Convertible Debenture Due July 24, 2016, The Company was required pay accrued interest in case upon a conversion of the debt within three business days for the conversion which did not occur. As compensation for the default, the Company issued allonges to the noteholders for a total of \$40,000, increasing the principal amount of the convertible notes.

Demand Notes

On May 15, 2009, the Company entered into a convertible demand promissory note with Bristol Capital, LLC for certain consulting services totaling \$100,000. The note does not provide for any interest and is due upon demand by the holder. The note has been converted into common stock of the Company.

On June 22, 2009, the Company entered into a convertible demand promissory note with Theorem Group ("Theorem") pursuant to which Theorem purchased an aggregate principal amount of \$31,375 of convertible demand promissory notes for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,000 (the "2009 Theorem Note"). The 2009 Theorem Note was subsequently sold as described below.

Simultaneously with the issuance of the 2009 Theorem Note, the Company issued Theorem a seven-year warrant (the "2009 Theorem Warrant") to purchase 12,550 shares of common stock of the Company at a price equal to the lower of (i) \$2.50 and (ii) 60% of the average of the three (3) lowest trading prices occurring at any time during the 20 trading days preceding the issue date of the Theorem Note (the "Exercise Price"). The 2009 Theorem Warrant may be exercised on a cashless basis if the shares of common stock underlying the 2009 Theorem Warrant are not then registered pursuant to an effective registration statement. In the event the 2009 Theorem Warrant is exercised on a cashless basis, we will not receive any proceeds.

On December 1, 2009, Theorem sold the 2009 Theorem Note to Net Capital Partners, Inc. ("Net Capital"). In December 2009, Net Capital converted \$24,000 of the principal for 9,600 shares of the Company's common stock. In January 2010, Net Capital converted the remaining \$7,375 of principal amount for an additional 2,950 shares of the Company's common stock.

On February 7, 2011 the Company entered into a convertible demand promissory note with Bristol pursuant to which Bristol purchased an aggregate principal amount of \$31,375 of convertible demand promissory notes for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,000 (the "February 2011 Bristol Note"). The February 2011 Bristol Note is convertible into shares of common stock of the Company at a price equal to \$12.50 per share.

Simultaneously with the issuance of the February 2011 Bristol Note, the Company issued Bristol a Series A Warrant (the "February 2011 Bristol Series A Warrants") to purchase 1,255 shares of the Company's common stock at a per share exercise price of \$15.625, and a Series B Warrant (the "February 2011 Bristol Series B Warrants" and, together with the February 2011 Bristol Series A Warrants, the "February 2011 Bristol Warrants") to purchase 1,255 shares of the Company's common stock at a per share exercise price of \$18.75. The February 2011 Warrants are exercisable for up to seven years from the date of issue. The February 2011 Warrants may be exercised on a cashless basis if the shares of common stock underlying the February 2011 Warrants are not then registered pursuant to an effective registration statement. In the event the February 2011 Bristol Warrants are exercised on a cashless basis, the Company will not receive any proceeds.

On February 7, 2011 the Company entered into a convertible demand promissory note with Net Capital pursuant to which Net Capital purchased an aggregate principal amount of \$31,375 of convertible demand promissory notes for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,000 (the "February 2011 Net Capital Note"). The February 2011 Net Capital Note is convertible into shares of common stock of the Company at a price equal to \$12.50 per share. As of September, 2012, the February 2011 Net Capital Note had been converted into shares of the Company's common stock.

Simultaneously with the issuance of the February 2011 Net Capital Note, the Company issued Net Capital a Series A Warrant (the "February 2011 Net Capital Series A Warrants") to purchase 1,255 shares of the Company's common stock at a per share exercise price of \$15.625, and a Series B Warrant (the "February 2011 Net Capital Series B Warrants" and, together with the February 2011 Net Capital Series A Warrants, the "February 2011 Net Capital Warrants") to purchase 1,255 shares of the Company's common stock at a per share exercise price of \$18.75. The February 2011 Net Capital Warrants are exercised for up to seven years from the date of issue. The February 2011 Net Capital Warrants may be exercised on a cashless basis if the shares of common stock underlying the February 2011 Net Capital Warrants are not then registered pursuant to an effective registration statement. In the event the February 2011 Net Capital Warrants are exercised on a cashless basis, the Company will not receive any proceeds.

On March 4, 2011 the Company entered into a convertible demand promissory note with Bristol pursuant to which Bristol purchased an aggregate principal amount of \$31,375 of convertible demand promissory notes for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,000 (the "March 2011 Bristol Note"). The March 2011 Bristol Note is convertible at the option of the holder at any time into shares of common stock, at a price equal to \$12.50.

Simultaneously with the issuance of the March 2011 Bristol Note, the Company issued Bristol a Series A Warrant (the "March 2011 Bristol Series A Warrants") to purchase 1,255 shares of the Company's common stock at a per share exercise price of \$15.625, and a Series B Warrant (the "March 2011 Bristol Series B Warrants" and, together with the March 2011 Bristol Series A Warrants, (the "March 2011 Bristol Warrants") to purchase 1,255 shares of the Company's common stock at a per share exercise price of \$18.75. The March 2011 Warrants are exercisable for up to seven years from the date of issue. The March 2011 Warrants may be exercised on a cashless basis if the shares of common stock underlying the March 2011 Warrants are not then registered pursuant to an effective registration statement. In the event the March 2011 Warrants are exercised on a cashless basis, the Company will not receive any proceeds.

On April 4, 2011 the Company entered into a convertible demand promissory note with Net Capital pursuant to which Net Capital purchased an aggregate principal amount of \$31,375 of convertible demand promissory notes for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,000 (the "April 2011 Net Capital Note"). The April 2011 Net Capital Note is convertible into shares of common stock of the Company, at a price equal to \$12.50 per share. As of September, 2012, the April 2011 Net Capital Note had been converted into shares of the Company's common stock.

Simultaneously with the issuance of the Net Capital Note, the Company issued Net Capital a Series A Warrant (the "April 2011 Net Capital Series A Warrants") to purchase 1,255 shares of common stock of the Company at a per share exercise price of \$15.625, and a Series B Warrant (the "April 2011 Net Capital Series B Warrants" and, together with the April 2011 Net Capital Series A Warrants, the "April 2011 Net Capital Warrants") to purchase 1,255 shares of common stock of the Company at a per share exercise price of \$18.75. The April 2011 Net Capital Warrants are exerciseble for up to seven years from the date of issue. The April 2011 Net Capital Warrants may be exercised on a cashless basis if the shares of common stock underlying the April 2011 Net Capital Warrants are not then registered pursuant to an effective registration statement. In the event the April 2011 Net Capital Warrants are exercised on a cashless basis, we will not receive any proceeds.

On October 26, 2011 the Company entered into a convertible demand promissory note with Theorem pursuant to which Theorem purchased an aggregate principal amount of \$200,000 of convertible demand promissory notes for an aggregate purchase price of \$157,217 (the "October 2011 Theorem Note"). The October 2011 Theorem Note is convertible into shares of common stock of the Company, at a price equal to \$12.50 per share.

Simultaneously with the issuance of the October 2011 Theorem Note, the Company issued Theorem a Series A Warrant (the "October 2011 Series A Warrant") to purchase 40,000 shares of common stock of the Company at a per share exercise price of \$15.625, and a Series B Warrant (the "October 2011 Series B Warrants" and, together with the October 2011 Series A Warrants, the "October 2011 Warrants") to purchase 40,000 shares of common stock of the Company at a per share exercise price of \$18.75. The October 2011 Warrants are exercisable for up to

seven years from the date of issue. The October 2011 Warrants may be exercised on a cashless basis if the shares of common stock underlying the October 2011 Warrants are not then registered pursuant to an effective registration statement. In the event the October 2011 Warrants are exercised on a cashless basis, we will not receive any proceeds.

All of the foregoing securities were issued in reliance upon an exemption from the registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

On December 7, 2012, the Company entered into, and made its initial \$315,000 borrowing under, a short-term loan agreement with two lenders pursuant to which it is permitted to borrow up to an aggregate of \$350,000. The loans made under the loan agreement are evidence by the Company's notes and secured pursuant to a Security Agreement, that is junior to the Company's existing security arrangements under the Company's October 26, 2006 Debentures but cover the same assets of the Company.

Interest on the Notes is at the rate of 18% per annum, payable on the first day of each month until maturity on May 1, 2013. On April 1, 2013, the Company was required to pay 25.7143% of the Loan, with the remaining balance due on May 1, 2013.

The full principal amount of the Loans may be due upon default under the terms of the Loan Agreement, the Notes or the Security Agreement.

Under the Loan Agreement, the Company is required to issue 266.67 shares of its common stock for each \$1,000 of Loans made. Accordingly, on December 7, 2012, the Company issued 84,000 shares of its common stock. Assuming the entire amounts of Loans permitted under the Loan Agreement are borrowed, the Company will issue 93,334 shares in connection with the Loan Agreement.

In March 2013, the Company entered into, and made an additional \$35,000 borrowing under, a short-term loan agreement with two lenders the Company entered into in December 2012, pursuant to which it is permitted to borrow up to an aggregate of \$350,000. The loans made under the loan agreement are evidence by the Company's notes and secured pursuant to a Security Agreement, that is junior to the Company's existing security arrangements under the Company's October 26, 2006 Debentures but cover the same assets of the Company.

Financing Agreement

On November 8, 2010, the Company entered into a financing arrangement with Gemini Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a product development and manufacturing partner of the Company, pursuant to which Gemini Pharmaceuticals made a \$250,000 strategic equity investment in the Company and agreed to make a \$750,000 purchase order line of credit facility available to the Company. The outstanding principal of all Advances under the Line of Credit will bear interest at the rate of interest of prime plus 2 percent per annum. There is \$31,000 due on this credit line at September 30, 2016.

3. Stockholders' Equity

Common Stock

In January 2015, the Company agreed to issue 39,657 shares of common stock as a price protection to a note holder that originally converted notes at a price of \$2.50 and continues to hold these shares. These additional shares would have been issued if the conversion shares price was \$1.75. As of December 31, 2015, 33,142 shares of common stock have been issued and \$247,000 of interest expense was recorded for this issuance. During January 2016 the remaining 6,515 share were issued and \$20,000 of interest expense was recorded.

During the nine months ending September 30, 2016, the Company issued an aggregate of 12,580,183 shares of common stock to a total of 34 persons or entities in exchange of the cancellation of warrants on a cashless basis. The shares issued were exempt from the registration requirements of Section 5 of the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Act") pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Act since the shares were issued to persons or entities closely associated with the Company and there was no public offering of the shares.

During the nine months ending September 30, 2016, the Company also issued an aggregate of 2,022,230 shares of common stock to a total of 17 persons as payment for consulting services provided to the Company. The average valuation of these shares was \$2.00 per share. These shares were also exempt from the registration requirements of Section 5 of the Act pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Act since the shares were also issued to persons closely associated with the Company and there was no public offering of the shares.

During the nine months ending September 30, 2016, the Company also issued an aggregate of 4,612,341 shares of common stock to two executive officers of the Company in fulfillment of contractual rights held by the officers pursuant to their employment agreements. These shares were also exempt from the registration requirements of Section 5 of the Act pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Act since the shares were also issued to persons closely associated with the Company and there was no public offering of the shares.

During the nine months ending September 30, 2016, the Company also issued an aggregate of 5,503,551 shares of common stock to a total of 18 persons as payment for the conversion of certain note and the related accrued interest. The conversion price of these shares was \$0.40 per share. These shares were also exempt from the registration requirements of Section 5 of the Act pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Act since the shares were also issued to persons closely associated with the Company and there was no public offering of the shares.

In August 2016, the Company issued 1,115,000 shares of common stock to H.C. Wainwright and Co., LLC as payment for investment banking services provided to the Company.

Preferred Stock

On January 8, 2016 the Company entered into an Exchange Agreement with certain investors together holding 25,000 shares of Series H Preferred Stock and 1,666,667 shares of Series I Preferred Stock have agreed to convert all such shares of Preferred Stock into an aggregate of 4,075,000 shares of Common Stock upon successful completion by the Company of a \$6 million financing.

4. Stock Options and Warrants

Stock Options

Following is a summary of the stock option activity:

	Options Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding as of December 31, 2015	374,800	\$ 4.88
Granted	-	-
Forfeited	20	67.5
Exercised	-	-
Outstanding as of September 30, 2016	374,780	\$ 4.88

Warrants

Following is a summary of the warrant activity:

Weighted
Average
Exercise
Price

Outstanding as of December 31, 2015	12,525,721 \$	1.25
Granted	5,101,500	0.45
Forfeited	(339,932)	1.25
Exercised	(12,610,183)	1.25
Outstanding as of September 30, 2016	4,677,106 \$	0.45

6. Subsequent Events

In October 2016 the Company issued an aggregate of 453,431 shares of common stock to one noteholder as payment for the conversion of certain accrued interest. The conversion price of these shares was \$0.40 per share. These shares were also exempt from the registration requirements of Section 5 of the Act pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Act since the shares were also issued to persons closely associated with the Company and there was no public offering of the shares.

In October 2016 the Company issued an aggregate of 594,530 shares of common stock to one noteholder as payment for the conversion of a certain note. The conversion price of these shares was \$0.0841 per share based on 60% of the average of the lowest three trading prices occurring at any time during the 20 trading days preceding conversion These shares were also exempt from the registration requirements of Section 5 of the Act pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Act since the shares were also issued to persons closely associated with the Company and there was no public offering of the shares.

In November 2016 the Company issued an aggregate of 975,039 shares of common stock to one noteholder as payment for the conversion of a certain note. The conversion price of these shares was \$0.0513 per share based on 60% of the average of the lowest three trading prices occurring at any time during the 20 trading days preceding conversion These shares were also exempt from the registration requirements of Section 5 of the Act pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Act since the shares were also issued to persons closely associated with the Company and there was no public offering of the shares.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To The Board of Directors and Stockholders of Oxis International, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Oxis International, Inc. (the "Company") and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders' deficit and cash flows for the two years then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Oxis International, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 and the consolidated results of their operations and their consolidated cash flows for the two years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Company has incurred significant recurring losses. The realization of a major portion of its assets is dependent upon its ability to meet its future financing needs and the success of its future operations. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from this uncertainty.

/s/ Seligson & Giannattasio, LLP Seligson & Giannattasio, LLP White Plains, New York March 30, 2016

OXIS International, Inc. and Subsidiaries December 31, 2015 and 2014 Consolidated Balance Sheets

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 47,000	\$ 855,000	
Prepaid expenses	2,000	27,000	
Total Current Assets	49,000	882,000	
Fixed assets, net	5,000	6,000	
Total Other Assets	5,000	6,000	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 54,000	\$ 888,000	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 893,000	\$ 412,000	
Accrued interest	2,391,000	2,025,000	
Accrued expenses	4,326,000	3,085,000	
Line of credit	31,000	28,000	
Warrant liability	44,531,000	21,581,000	
Settlement note payable	691,000	691,000	
Demand notes payable, net of discount of \$-0- and \$-0-	452,000	252,000	
Convertible debentures, net of discount of \$900,000 and \$-0-, current portion	6,820,000	1,207,000	
Convertible debentures	1,039,000	547,000	
Total Current Liabilities	61,174,000	29,828,000	
Long term liabilities:			
Convertible debentures, net of discount of \$2,536,000 and \$2,302,000	714,000	634,000	
Total long term liabilities	714,000	634,000	
Total liabilities	61,888,000	30,462,000	
Stockholders' Deficit:			
Convertible preferred stock - \$0.001 par value; 15,000,000 shares authorized:			
Series C - 96,230 and 96,230 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2015 and			
December 31, 2014, respectively	1,000	1,000	
Series H – 25,000 and 25,000 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2015 and			
December 31, 2014, respectively			
	_	_	
Series I – 1,666,667 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2015 and December 31,			
2014, respectively	2,000	2,000	
Common stock - \$0.001 par value; 2,400,000 shares authorized; and 2,400,000 and 2,366,588	_,	_,	
shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively	2,000	2,000	
Additional paid-in capital	84,012,000	83,546,000	
Accumulated deficit	(145,682,000)	(112,956,000)	
Noncontrolling interest	(169,000)	(169,000)	
Total Stockholders' Deficit	(61,834,000)	(29,574,000)	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT	\$ 54,000	\$ 888,000	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

OXIS International, Inc. and Subsidiaries December 31, 2015 and 2014 Statements of Operations

	Decemb	er 31,
	2015	2014
Revenue:		
Product revenues	\$ -	\$ 28,000
License revenues	27,000	33,000
TOTAL REVENUE	27,000	61,000
Cost of Product Revenue	_ _	57,000
Gross profit	27,000	4,000
Operating Expenses:		
Research and development	1,000,000	-
Selling, general and administrative	7,954,000	2,400,000
Total operating expenses	8,954,000	2,400,000
Loss from Operations	(8,927,000)	(2,396,000)
Other income (expense)		
Change in value of warrant and derivative liabilities	(6,760,000)	(15,963,000)
Interest expense/income	(17,039,000)	(5,146,000)
Total Other Income (Expense)	(23,799,000)	(21,109,000)
Loss before minority interest and provision for income taxes	(32,726,000)	(23,505,000)
Less: Net loss attributable to the noncontrolling interests	0	16,000
Loss before provision for income taxes	(32,726,000)	(23,489,000)
Provision for income taxes	-	-
Net loss	(32,726,000)	(23,489,000)
Loss Per Share – basic and diluted	\$ (13.67)	\$ (10.09)
	, (3,11)	. ()
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding – basic and diluted	2,394,540	2,327,873

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

OXIS INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Deficit For the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

	Preferre	d Sto	ock	Commo	n St	ock	Additional Paid-in	Accumulated				
	Shares	Amount		Amount		Amount		Shares Amount		Amount	Capital	Deficit
Balance at December 31, 2013	1,787,897 \$		3,000	2,292,206	\$	2,000	\$ 83,281,000	\$ (89,467,000)				
Issuance of stock options							162,000					
Issuance of common stock for												
accrued expenses				74,652		-	103,000					
Net loss								(501,000)				
Balance at December 31, 2014	1,787,897	\$	3,000	2,366,588	\$	2,000	\$ 83,546,000	\$(112,956,000)				
Issuance of stock options							220,000					
Issuance of common stock for												
accrued expenses				33,412			246,000	(32,680,000)				
Net loss												
Balance at December 31, 2015	1,787,897	\$	3,000	2,400,00	\$	2,000	\$ 84,012,000	\$(145,682,000)				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

OXIS INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

2015 2014 CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: \$(32,726,000) \$(23,489,000) Net loss Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities: Depreciation 2,000 Amortization of intangible assets 22,000 Stock compensation expense for options and warrants issued to employees and non-employees 3,761,000 2,630,000 Note Allonges 3,667,000 Amortization of debt discounts 2,494,000 2,759,000 Non-cash interest expense 9,840,000 2,764,000 Change in value of warrant and derivative liabilities 7,400,000 13,962,000 Note settlement (176,000)Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Inventory 42,000 25,000 13,000 Other assets Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 880,000 (276,000)(4,657,000) (1,749,000)Net cash used in operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of fixed assets (1,000)(6,000)Net cash used by investing activities (1,000)(6,000)CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from notes payable 3,850,000 2,589,000 Repayment of note payable (6,000)Net cash provided by financing activities 2,583,000 3,850,000 (16,000)Minority interest

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

(808,000)

\$

855,000

47,000

812,000

43,000

855,000

NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of period

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of period

1. The Company and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

OXIS International, Inc. (collectively, "OXIS" or the "Company") is engaged in discovering, developing and commercializing novel therapeutics from our proprietary product platform in a broad range of disease areas. Currently, OXIS develops innovative drugs focused on the treatment of cancer. OXIS' lead drug candidate, OXS-2175, is a small molecule therapeutic candidate targeting the treatment of triple-negative breast cancer. In *in vitro* and *in vivo* models of TNBC, OXS-2175 demonstrated the ability to inhibit metastasis. OXIS' lead drug candidate, OXS-4235, also a small molecule therapeutic candidate, targets the treatment of multiple myeloma and associated osteolytic lesions. In *in vitro* and *in vivo* models of multiple myeloma, OXS-4235 demonstrated the ability to kill multiple myeloma cells, and decrease osteolytic lesions in bone. OXIS' lead drug candidate, OXS-1550, is a bispecific scFv recombinant fusion protein-drug conjugate composed of the variable regions of the heavy and light chains of anti-CD19 and anti-CD22 antibodies and a modified form of diphtheria toxin as its cytotoxic drug payload. OXS-1550 has demonstrated success in early human clinical trials in patients with relapsed/refractory B-cell lymphoma or leukemia.

In 1965, the corporate predecessor of OXIS, Diagnostic Data, Inc. was incorporated in the State of California. Diagnostic Data changed its incorporation to the State of Delaware in 1972; and changed its name to DDI Pharmaceuticals, Inc. in 1985. In 1994, DDI Pharmaceuticals merged with International BioClinical, Inc. and Bioxytech S.A. and changed its name to OXIS International, Inc.

Going Concern

As shown in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Company has incurred an accumulated deficit of \$145,636,000 through December 31, 2015. On a consolidated basis, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$47,000 at December 31, 2015. The Company's plan is to raise additional capital until such time that the Company generates sufficient revenues to cover its cash flow needs and/or it achieves profitability. However, the Company cannot assure that it will accomplish this task and there are many factors that may prevent the Company from reaching its goal of profitability.

The current rate of cash usage raises substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, absent any sources of significant cash flows. In an effort to mitigate this near-term concern the Company intends to seek additional equity or debt financing to obtain sufficient funds to sustain operations. The Company plans to increase revenues by introducing new nutraceutical products primarily based on its ergothioneine assets. However, the Company cannot provide assurance that it will successfully obtain equity or debt or other financing, if any, sufficient to finance its goals or that the Company will generate future product related revenues. The Company's financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets, or the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary in the event that the Company cannot continue in existence.

Accounts receivable

The Company carries its accounts receivable at cost less an allowance for doubtful accounts. On a periodic basis, the Company evaluates its accounts receivable and establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts, based on a history of past write-offs and collections and current credit conditions.

Advertising and promotional fees

Advertising expenses consist primarily of costs incurred in the design, development, and printing of Company literature and marketing materials. The Company expenses all advertising expenditures as incurred. There were no advertising expenses for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Basis of Consolidation and Comprehensive Income

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of OXIS International, Inc. and its subsidiaries. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. The Company's financial statements are prepared using the accrual method of accounting.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Company's cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities and accounts receivable are monitored for exposure to concentrations of credit risk. The Company maintains substantially all of its cash balances in a limited number of financial institutions. The balances are each insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000. The Company does not have balances in excess of this limit at December 31, 2015

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable, inventory, accounts payable and accrued expenses approximate fair value because of the short-term nature of these instruments. The fair value of debt is based upon current interest rates for debt instruments with comparable maturities and characteristics and approximates the carrying amount.

Stock Based Compensation to Employees

The Company accounts for its stock-based compensation for employees in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 718. The Company recognizes in the statement of operations the grant-date fair value of stock options and other equity-based compensation issued to employees and non-employees over the related vesting period.

The Company granted stock options to purchase 52,000 and 321,941 shares of the Company's common stock to employees and directors during the year ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The fair values of employee stock options are estimated for the calculation of the pro forma adjustments at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions during 2015: expected volatility of 90%; average risk-free interest rate of 1.50% initial expected life of 5 years; no expected dividend yield; and amortized over the vesting period of typically one to four years. The Company reported an expense for share-based compensation for its employees and directors of \$311,000 and \$162,000 for the year ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Impairment of Long Lived Assets

The Company's long-lived assets currently consist of capitalized patents The Company evaluates its long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable. If any of the Company's long-lived assets are considered to be impaired, the amount of impairment to be recognized is equal to the excess of the carrying amount of the assets over the fair value of the assets.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes using the asset and liability approach, whereby deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated future tax effects, based on current enacted tax laws, of temporary differences between financial and tax reporting for current and prior periods. Deferred tax assets are reduced, if necessary, by a valuation allowance if the corresponding future tax benefits may not be realized.

Net Income (Loss) per Share

Basic net income (loss) per share is computed by dividing the net loss for the period by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income (loss) per share is computed by dividing the net loss for the period by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, plus the potential dilutive effect of common shares issuable upon exercise or conversion of outstanding stock options and warrants during the period. The weighted average number of potentially dilutive common shares excluded from the calculation of net income (loss) per share totaled in 12,525,721 in 2015 and 3,092,737 in 2014.

Patents

Acquired patents are capitalized at their acquisition cost or fair value. The legal costs, patent registration fees and models and drawings required for filing patent applications are capitalized if they relate to commercially viable technologies. Commercially viable technologies are those technologies that are projected to generate future positive cash flows in the near term. Legal costs associated with patent applications that are not determined to be commercially viable are expensed as incurred. All research and development costs incurred in developing the patentable idea are expensed as incurred. Legal fees from the costs incurred in successful defense to the extent of an evident increase in the value of the patents are capitalized.

Capitalized cost for pending patents are amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining twenty year legal life of each patent after the costs have been incurred. Once each patent is issued, capitalized costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the patent's remaining statutory life, estimated economic life or ten years.

Fixed Assets

Fixed assets is stated at cost. Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which are 3 to 10 years for machinery and equipment and the shorter of the lease term or estimated economic life for leasehold improvements.

Fair Value

The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheets for receivables and current liabilities each qualify as financial instruments and are a reasonable estimate of fair value because of the short period of time between the origination of such instruments and their expected realization and their current market rate of interest. The three levels are defined as follows:

- Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets. The Company's Level 1 assets include cash equivalents, primarily institutional money market funds, whose carrying value represents fair value because of their short-term maturities of the investments held by these funds.
- · Level 2 inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument. The Company's Level 2 liabilities consist of liabilities arising from the issuance of convertible securities and in accordance with ASC 815-40: a warrant liability for detachable warrants, as well as an accrued derivative liability for the beneficial conversion feature. These liabilities are remeasured each reporting period. Fair value is determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model based on observable market inputs, such as share price data and a discount rate consistent with that of a government-issued security of a similar maturity.
- · Level 3 inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The following table represents the Company's assets and liabilities by level measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2015.

Description	Le	vel 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Assets					
	\$	_	\$ —	\$ —	
Liabilities					
Warrant liability		_	44,531,000	_	
Accrued expense			4,326,000		

Research and Development

Research and development costs are expensed as incurred and reported as research and development expense. Research and development costs totaling \$900,000 and \$-0- for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Revenue Recognition

Product Revenue

The Company manufactures, or has manufactured on a contract basis, fine chemicals and nutraceutical products, which are its primary products to be sold to customers. Revenue from the sale of its products, including shipping fees, will be recognized when title to the products is transferred to the customer which usually occurs upon shipment or delivery, depending upon the terms of the sales order and when collectability is reasonably assured. Revenue from sales to distributors of its products will be recognized, net of allowances, upon delivery of product to the distributors. According to the terms of individual distributor contracts, a distributor may return product up to a maximum amount and under certain conditions contained in its contract. Allowances are calculated based upon historical data, current economic conditions and the underlying contractual terms.

License Revenue

License arrangements may consist of non-refundable upfront license fees, exclusive licensed rights to patented or patent pending technology, and various performance or sales milestones and future product royalty payments. Some of these arrangements are multiple element arrangements.

Non-refundable, up-front fees that are not contingent on any future performance by us, and require no consequential continuing involvement on our part, are recognized as revenue when the license term commences and the licensed data, technology and/or compound is delivered. We defer recognition of non-refundable upfront fees if we have continuing performance obligations without which the technology, right, product or service conveyed in conjunction with the non-refundable fee has no utility to the licensee that is separate and independent of our performance under the other elements of the arrangement. In addition, if we have continuing involvement through research and development services that are required because our know-how and expertise related to the technology is proprietary to us, or can only be performed by us, then such up-front fees are deferred and recognized over the period of continuing involvement.

Payments related to substantive, performance-based milestones in a research and development arrangement are recognized as revenue upon the achievement of the milestones as specified in the underlying agreements when they represent the culmination of the earnings process.

Use of Estimates

The financial statements and notes are representations of the Company's management, which is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements. The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities revenues and expenses and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Patents

	De	December 30,		December 31,	
		2015		2014	
Capitalized patent costs	\$	642,000	\$	642,000	
Accumulated amortization		(642,000)		(642,000)	
	\$	-	\$	-	

Periodically, the Company reviews its patent portfolio and has determined that certain patent applications no longer possessed commercial viability or were abandoned since they were inconsistent with the Company's business development strategy.

3. Debt

Convertible debentures

On October 25, 2006, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement ("2006 Purchase Agreement") with four accredited investors (the "2006 Purchasers"). In conjunction with the signing of the 2006 Purchase Agreement, the Company issued secured convertible debentures ("2006 Debentures") and Series A, B, C, D, and E common stock warrants ("2006 Warrants") to the 2006 Purchasers, and the parties also entered into a security agreement (the "2006 Security Agreement") pursuant to which the Company agreed to grant the 2006 Purchasers, pari passu, a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets.

Pursuant to the terms of the 2006 Purchase Agreement, the Company issued the 2006 Debentures in an aggregate principal amount of \$1,694,250 to the 2006 Purchasers. The 2006 Debentures are subject to an original issue discount of 20.318% resulting in proceeds to the Company of \$1,350,000 from the transaction. The 2006 Debentures were due on October 25, 2008. The 2006 Debentures are convertible, at the option of the 2006 Purchasers, at any time prior to payment in full, into shares of common stock of the Company. As a result of the full ratchet anti-dilution provision the current conversion price is \$2.50 per share (the "2006 Conversion Price"). Beginning on the first of the month beginning February 1, 2007, the Company was required to amortize the 2006 Debentures in equal installments on a monthly basis resulting in a complete repayment by the maturity date (the "Monthly Redemption Amounts"). The Monthly Redemption Amounts could have been paid in cash or in shares, subject to certain restrictions. If the Company chose to make any Monthly Redemption Amount payment in shares of common stock, the price per share would have been the lesser of the Conversion Price then in effect and 85% of the weighted average price for the 10-trading days prior to the due date of the Monthly Redemption Amount. The Company did not make any of the required monthly redemption payments.

Pursuant to the provisions of the 2006 Debentures, such non-payment was an event of default and penalty interest has accrued on the unpaid redemption balance at an interest rate equal to the lower of 18% per annum and the maximum rate permitted by applicable law. In addition, each of the 2006 Purchasers has the right to accelerate the cash repayment of at least 130% of the outstanding principal amount of the 2006 Debenture (plus accrued but unpaid liquidated damages and interest) and to sell substantially all of the Company's assets pursuant to the provisions of the 2006 Security Agreement to satisfy any such unpaid balance. On June 6, 2008, the Company received notification from Bristol Investment Fund, Ltd ("Bristol"), that the collateral held under the 2006 Security Agreement would be sold to the highest qualified bidder on Thursday, June 19, 2008. On June 19, 2008, the Company received a Notice of Disposition of Collateral from Bristol in which Bristol notified the Company that Bristol, acting as the agent for itself and the three other 2006 Purchasers, purchased certain assets held as collateral under the 2006 Security Agreement. Bristol purchased 111,025 shares of common stock of BioCheck, Inc., the Company's majority owned subsidiary, on a credit bid of \$50,000, and Bristol also purchased 1,000 shares of the capital stock of OXIS Therapeutics, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of OXIS, for a credit bid of \$10,000. In December 2005, OXIS purchased the 111,025 shares of common stock of BioCheck, Inc. for \$3,060,000. After crediting the aggregate amount of \$60,000 to the aggregate amount due under the 2006 Debentures, plus fees and charges due through June 19, 2008, Bristol notified the Company that the Company remains obligated to the 2006 Purchasers in a deficiency in an aggregate amount of \$2,688,000 as of June 19, 2008. As a result of the disposition of the collateral, the Company recorded a net loss aggregating \$2,978,000.

Under the 2006 Purchase Agreement, the 2006 Purchasers also have a right of first refusal to participate in up to 100% of any future financing undertaken by the Company until the 2006 Debentures are no longer outstanding. In addition, the Company is also prohibited from effecting any subsequent financing involving a variable rate transaction until such time as no 2006 Purchaser holds any of the 2006 Debentures. Furthermore, so long as any 2006 Purchaser holds any of the securities issued under the 2006 Purchaser Agreement, if the Company issues or sells any common stock or instruments convertible into common stock which a 2006 Purchaser reasonably believes is on terms more favorable to such investors than the terms pursuant to the 2006 Debentures or 2006 Warrants, the Company is obligated to permit such 2006 Purchaser the benefits of such better terms.

Of the 2006 Warrants issued by the Company to the 2006 Purchasers, only the Series A Warrants remain outstanding. The Series A Warrants, which now expire in July 2019, permit the holders to purchase 9,681 shares of common stock at an original exercise price of \$87.50 per share. Such exercise price is adjustable pursuant to a full ratchet anti-dilution provision and upon the occurrence of a stock split or a related event.

During 2009, Bristol converted \$177,900 of the principal amount of 2006 Debentures for 71,160 shares of the Company's common stock. During 2010, Bristol converted an additional \$401,000 of the principal amount of 2006 Debentures for 160,400 shares of the Company's common stock. During 2011, an additional \$605,000 of the principal amount of 2006 Debentures was converted into 242,000 shares of the Company's common stock. During 2012, an additional \$369,625 of the principal amount of 2006 Debentures was converted into 350,619 shares of the Company's common stock.

The 2006 Debentures do not meet the definition of a "conventional convertible debt instrument" since they are not convertible into a fixed number of shares. The Monthly Redemption Amounts can be paid with common stock at a conversion price that is a percentage of the market price; therefore the number of shares that could be required to be delivered upon "net-share settlement" is essentially indeterminate. Therefore, the 2006 Debentures are considered "non-conventional," which means that the conversion feature must be bifurcated from the debt and shown as a separate derivative liability. This beneficial conversion liability has been calculated to be \$690,000 on October 25, 2006. In addition, since the 2006 Debentures are convertible into an indeterminate number of shares of common stock, it is assumed that the Company could never have enough authorized and unissued shares to settle the conversion of the 2006 Warrants issues in this transaction into common stock. Therefore, the 2006 Warrants have a fair value of \$2,334,000 at October 25, 2006. The value of the 2006 Warrant was calculated using the Black-Scholes model using the following assumptions: Discount rate of 4.5%, volatility of 158% and expected term of 1 to 6 years. The fair value of the beneficial conversion feature and the 2006 Warrant liability will be adjusted to fair value on each balance sheet date with the change being shown as a component of net loss. The fair value of the beneficial conversion feature and the 2006 Warrants at the inception of the 2006 Debentures were \$690,000 and \$2,334,000, respectively. The first \$1,350,000 of these discounts was amortized over the term of the 2006 Debenture and the excess of \$1,674,000 was been shown as financing costs in statement of operations.

The Company and Bristol entered into a Forbearance Agreement on December 3, 2015, pursuant to which Bristol agreed to refrain and forbear from exercising certain rights and remedies with respect the 2006 Debentures for three months. In exchange for the Forbearance Agreement, the Company issued an allonge in the amount of \$250,000 increasing the principal amount if the 2006 Debentures.

On October 1, 2009, the Company entered into a financing arrangement with several accredited investors (the "2009 Investors"), pursuant to which it sold various securities in consideration of a maximum aggregate purchase price of \$2,000,000 (the "2009 Financing"). In connection with the 2009 Financing, the Company issued the following securities to the 2009 Investors:

- · 0% Convertible Debentures in the principal amount of \$2,000,000 due 24 months from the date of issuance (the " 2009 Debentures"), convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at a per share conversion price equal to \$12.50 per share:
- Series A warrant to purchase such number of shares of the Company's common stock equal to 50% of the principal amount invested by each 2009 Investor (the "2009 Class A Warrants") resulting in the issuance of Class A Warrants to purchase 80,000 shares of common stock of the Company.
- Series B warrant to purchase such number of shares of the Company's common stock equal to 50% of the principal amount invested by each 2009 Investor (the "2009 Class B Warrants") resulting in the issuance of Class B Warrants to purchase 80,000 shares of common stock of the Company.

The Class A Warrants and Class B Warrants (collectively, the "2009 Warrants") are exercisable for up to five years from the date of issue at a per share exercise price equal to \$15.625 and \$18.75 for the Class A Warrants and the Class B Warrants, respectively, on a cash or cashless basis. The 2009 Debentures and the 2009 Warrants are collectively referred to herein as the "2009 Securities".

In connection with the sale of the 2009 Securities by the Company, the Company and Bristol entered a Standstill and Forbearance Agreement, pursuant to which Bristol agreed to refrain and forbear from exercising certain rights and remedies with respect to (i) the 2006 Debentures and (ii) certain demand notes (the "Bridge Notes") issued by the Company on October 8, 2008, March 19, 2009, April 7, 2009, April 28, 2009, May 21, 2009 and June 25, 2009 and discussed under the caption "Demand Notes" below. In connection with the sale of the 2009 Securities by the Company, the Company and Bristol have also entered into a waiver agreement (the "Waiver Agreement") pursuant to which Bristol waived certain rights with respect to the 2006 Debentures and Bridge Notes.

The conversion price of the 2009 Debentures and the exercise price of the 2009 Warrants are subject to full ratchet anti-dilution adjustment in the event that the Company thereafter issues common stock or common stock equivalents at a price per share less than the conversion price or the exercise price, respectively, and to other normal and customary anti-dilution adjustment upon certain other events. So long as the 2009 Debentures are outstanding, if the Company effects a subsequent financing, the October 2009 Investors may elect, in their sole discretion, to exchange all or some of the October 2009 Debentures (but not the 2009 Warrants) for any securities or units issued in a subsequent financing on a \$1.00 for \$1.00 basis or to have any particular provisions of the subsequent financing legal documents apply to the documents utilized for the October 2009 Financing.

The Company also agreed that if it determines to prepare and file with the Commission a registration statement relating to an offering for its own account or the account of others, then it shall include the shares of common stock underlying the 2009 Securities on such registration statement. The 2009 Investors have contractually agreed to restrict their ability to convert the 2009 Debentures and exercise the 2009 Warrants and receive shares of our common stock such that the number of shares of the Company common stock held by a 2009 Investor and its affiliates after such conversion or exercise does not exceed 4.9% of the Company's then issued and outstanding shares of common stock.

During 2010, 2009 Investors converted \$1,335,000 of the principal amount of 2009 Debentures for 106,800 shares of the Company's common stock. During 2011, 2009 Investors converted \$610,000 of the principal amount of 2009 Debentures for 48,800 shares of the Company's common stock. Accordingly, at December 31, 2015, \$55,000 in aggregate principal amount of 2009 Debentures remained outstanding.

The Company entered into a Forbearance Agreement on December 3, 2015, pursuant to which the remaining 2009 Debenture holder agreed to refrain and forbear from exercising certain rights and remedies with respect the 2009 Debentures for three months. In exchange for the Forbearance Agreement, the Company issued an allonge in the amount of \$250,000 increasing the principal amount if the 2009 Debentures.

On June 1, 2011, the Company entered into a financing arrangement with several accredited investors (the "June 2011 Investors"), pursuant to which it sold various securities in consideration of a maximum aggregate purchase price of \$500,000 (the "June 2011 Financing"). In connection with the June 2011 Financing, the Company issued the following securities to the June 2011 Investors:

- · 12% Convertible Debentures in the principal amount of \$500,000 due April 15, 2012, convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at a per share conversion price equal to \$25.00 per share; and
- · Warrants to purchase 20,000 of shares of the Company's common stock. The warrants are exercisable, on a cash or cashless basis, for up to two years from the date of issue at a per share exercise price equal to \$37.50. During 2015, the exercise price was adjusted to \$1.25 and the exercise date was extended to June 2019.

In November, 2011, the Company entered into a financing arrangement with several accredited investors (the "November 2011 Investors"), pursuant to which it sold various securities in consideration of a maximum aggregate purchase price of \$275,000 (the "November 2011 Financing"). In connection with the November 2011 Financing, the Company issued the following securities to the November 2011 Investors:

- · 8% Convertible Debentures in the principal amount of \$275,000 due in two years, convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at a per share conversion price equal to \$12.50 per share; and
- Warrants to purchase 22,000 of shares of the Company's common stock. The Class A Warrants and Class B Warrants (collectively, the "Warrants") are exercisable for up to five years from the date of issue at a per share exercise price equal to \$15.625 and \$18.75 for the Class A Warrants and the Class B Warrants, respectively, on a cash or cashless basis.

In March, 2012, the Company entered into a financing arrangement with several accredited investors pursuant to which it sold various securities in consideration of a maximum aggregate purchase price of \$617,500 (the "March 2012 Financing"). In connection with the March 2012 Financing, the Company issued the following securities to the investors:

- · 8% Convertible Debentures in the principal amount of \$617,500 due in two years, convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at a per share conversion price equal to \$12.50 per share; and
- · Warrants to purchase 49,400 of shares of the Company's common stock. The Class A Warrants and Class B Warrants (collectively, the "March 2012 Warrants") are exercisable for up to five years from the date of issue at a per share exercise price equal \$15.625 and \$18.75 for the Class A Warrants and the Class B Warrants, respectively, on a cash or cashless basis.

In April 2012, the Company agreed to an adjustment as negotiated to enable inducement of further financing of the Company. Pursuant to the anti-dilution provisions in the convertible instruments, the conversion price of certain convertible instruments is now \$2.50 (with the exception of the conversion price of the October 2006 Debenture which is already priced at the lesser of \$2.50 and 60% of the average of the lowest three trading prices occurring at any time during the 20 trading days preceding conversion).

In May, 2012, the Company entered into a financing arrangement with several accredited investors pursuant to which it sold various securities in consideration of a maximum aggregate purchase price of \$275,000 (the "May 2012 Financing"). In connection with the May 2012 Financing, the Company issued the following securities to the investors:

- · 8% Convertible Debentures in the principal amount of \$275,000 due May 2014, convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at a per share conversion price equal to \$12.50 per share; and
- · Warrants to purchase 22,000 of shares of the Company's common stock. The Class A Warrants and Class B Warrants (collectively, the "May 2012 Warrants") are exercisable for up to five years from the date of issue at a per share exercise price equal to \$15.625 and \$18.75 for the Class A Warrants and the Class B Warrants, respectively, on a cash or cashless basis.

On August 8, 2012, a Settlement Agreement and Mutual General Release ("Agreement") was made by and between OXIS and Bristol Investment Fund, Ltd., in order to settle certain claims regarding certain convertible debentures held by Bristol.

Pursuant to the Agreement, OXIS shall pay Bristol (half of which payment would redound to Theorem Capital LLC ("Theorem")) a total of \$1,119,778 as payment in full for the losses suffered and all costs incurred by Bristol in connection with the Transaction. Payment of such \$1,119,778 shall be made as follows: OXIS shall issue restricted common stock to each of Bristol and Merit, in an amount such that each Bristol and Theorem shall hold no more than 9.99% of the outstanding shares of OXIS (including any shares that each may hold as of the date of issuance). The shares so issued represent \$417,475.65 of the \$1,119,778 payment (111,327 shares at \$3.75 per share, of which 36,675 will be retained by Bristol and 74,652 will be issued to Theorem). The remaining balance of the payment shall be made in the form of two convertible promissory notes in the respective amounts of \$422,357.75 for Bristol and \$279,944.60 for Theorem (collectively, the "Notes") with a maturity of December 1, 2017 having an 8% annual interest rate, with interest only accruing until January 1, 2013, and then level payments of \$3,750 each beginning January 1, 2013 until paid in full on December 1, 2017. In the event a default in the monthly payments on the Notes has occurred and is continuing each holder of the Notes shall be permitted to convert the unpaid principal and interest of the Notes into shares of OXIS at \$2.50 cents per share. In the absence of such continuing default no conversion of the Notes will be permitted. OXIS will have the right to repay the Notes in full at any time without penalty.

Effective April, 2013 the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with one accredited investor to sell 10% convertible debentures with an initial principal balance of \$75,000.

In October and November, 2013, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with four accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures with an initial principal balance of \$172,000 and warrants to acquire up to 98,286 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share.

In December, 2013, the Company entered into a convertible demand promissory note with an initial principal balance of \$189,662 convertible at \$1.75 per share and warrants to acquire up to 108,378 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share.

In January, 2014, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with one accredited investor to sell 10% convertible debentures with an initial principal balance of \$50,000 and warrants to acquire up to 28,571 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share.

In April, 2014, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with three accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures with an initial principal balance of \$49,000 and warrants to acquire up to 22,286 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share.

In July 2014, the Company agreed to an adjustment as negotiated to enable inducement of further financing of the Company. Pursuant to the anti-dilution provisions in the convertible instruments, the conversion price of certain convertible instruments is now \$1.75 (with the exception of the conversion price of the October 2006 Debenture which is already priced at the lesser of \$1.75 and 60% of the average of the lowest three trading prices occurring at any time during the 20 trading days preceding conversion).

On July 24, 2014, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with ten accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures, with an exercise price of \$1.75, with an initial principal balance of \$1,250,000 and warrants to acquire up to 714,286 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share.

Also on July 24, 2014, the Company sold to Kenneth Eaton, the Company's Chief Executive Officer, a \$175,000 debenture, with an exercise price of \$1.75, as payment in full for all accrued and unpaid salary and fees owed to Mr. Eaton.

On October 15, 2014, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with three accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures, with an exercise price of \$2.50, with an initial principal balance of \$1,250,000 and warrants to acquire up to 400,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$5.00 per share.

On February 23, 2015, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with ten accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures, with and an exercise price of \$6.25, with an initial principal balance of \$2,350,000 and warrants to acquire up to 376,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$7.50 per share.

Effective July 2015, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with three accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures, with and an exercise price of \$5.00, with an initial principal balance of \$550,000 and warrants to acquire up to 111,765 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$6.25 per share.

Effective October 2015, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with three accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures, with and an exercise price of \$2.50, with an initial principal balance of \$500,000 and warrants to acquire up to 200,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share.

Effective November 2015, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with two accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures, with and an exercise price of \$2.50, with an initial principal balance of \$100,000 and warrants to acquire up to 80,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share.

Effective December 2015, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with two accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures, with and an exercise price of \$1.25, with an initial principal balance of \$350,000 and warrants to acquire up to 280,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$1.25 per share.

In December 2015, the Company agreed to an adjustment as negotiated to enable inducement of further financing of the Company. Pursuant to the anti-dilution provisions in all the convertible instruments, the conversion price of certain convertible instruments is now \$1.25 (with the exception of the conversion price of the October 2006 Debenture which is already priced at the lesser of \$1.25 and 60% of the average of the lowest three trading prices occurring at any time during the 20 trading days preceding conversion).

Allonges

On August 18, 2015, the Company entered into a settlement agreement with three noteholders. In accordance with the July 24, 2014 Security Purchase Agreements, The Company was required to establish and maintain a reserve of shares of its common stock from its duly authorized shares of Common Stock for issuance in an amount equal to 150% of a required minimum by December 21, 2014 which did not occur. As compensation for the default, the Company issued allonges to the noteholders for a total of \$812,500, increasing the principal amount of the convertible notes.

On October 7, 2015, the Company entered into a settlement agreement with two noteholders. In accordance with the July 24, 2014 Security Purchase Agreements, The Company was required to establish and maintain a reserve of shares of its common stock from its duly authorized shares of Common Stock for issuance in an amount equal to 150% of a required minimum by December 21, 2014 which did not occur. As compensation for the default, the Company issued allonges to the noteholders for a total of \$537,500, increasing the principal amount of the convertible notes.

On November 5, 2015, the Company entered into a Second Settlement Agreement with three noteholders. On August 14, 2015 the Company entered into a Settlement Agreement that required the Company to increase its authorized shares to not less 8,000,000 shares and reserve 150% of the number of shares of its Common Stock no later than the earlier of (1) two days after Oxis obtaining all corporate and regulatory approvals necessary to increase it authorized shares; or (2) September 30, 2015 which did not occur. As compensation for the default, the Company issued additional allonges to the noteholders for a total of \$837,500, increasing the principal amount of the convertible notes.

On Dec 5, 2015, the Company entered into a Second Settlement Agreement with three noteholders. On October 7, 2015 the Company entered into a Settlement Agreement that required the Company to increase its authorized shares to not less than 8,000,000 shares and reserve 150% of the number of shares of its Common Stock no later than the earlier of (1) two days after Oxis obtaining all corporate and regulatory approvals necessary to increase it authorized shares; or (2) September 30, 2015 which did not occur. As compensation for the default, the Company issued additional allonges to the noteholders for a total of \$537,500, increasing the principal amount of the convertible notes.

Demand Notes

On May 15, 2009, the Company entered into a convertible demand promissory note with Bristol Capital, LLC for certain consulting services totaling \$100,000. The note does not provide for any interest and is due upon demand by the holder. The note has been converted into common stock of the Company.

On June 22, 2009, the Company entered into a convertible demand promissory note with Theorem Group ("Theorem") pursuant to which Theorem purchased an aggregate principal amount of \$31,375 of convertible demand promissory notes for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,000 (the " 2009 Theorem Note"). The 2009 Theorem Note was subsequently sold as described below.

Simultaneously with the issuance of the 2009 Theorem Note, the Company issued Theorem a seven-year warrant (the "2009 Theorem Warrant") to purchase 12,550 shares of common stock of the Company at a price equal to the lower of (i) \$2.50 and (ii) 60% of the average of the three (3) lowest trading prices occurring at any time during the 20 trading days preceding the issue date of the Theorem Note (the "Exercise Price"). The 2009 Theorem Warrant may be exercised on a cashless basis if the shares of common stock underlying the 2009 Theorem Warrant are not then registered pursuant to an effective registration statement. In the event the 2009 Theorem Warrant is exercised on a cashless basis, we will not receive any proceeds.

On December 1, 2009, Theorem sold the 2009 Theorem Note to Net Capital Partners, Inc. ("Net Capital"). In December 2009, Net Capital converted \$24,000 of the principal for 9,600 shares of the Company's common stock. In January 2010, Net Capital converted the remaining \$7,375 of principal amount for an additional 2,950 shares of the Company's common stock.

On February 7, 2011 the Company entered into a convertible demand promissory note with Bristol pursuant to which Bristol purchased an aggregate principal amount of \$31,375 of convertible demand promissory notes for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,000 (the "February 2011 Bristol Note"). The February 2011 Bristol Note is convertible into shares of common stock of the Company at a price equal to \$12.50 per share.

Simultaneously with the issuance of the February 2011 Bristol Note, the Company issued Bristol a Series A Warrant (the "February 2011 Bristol Series A Warrants") to purchase 1,255 shares of the Company's common stock at a per share exercise price of \$15.625, and a Series B Warrant (the "February 2011 Bristol Series B Warrants" and, together with the February 2011 Bristol Series A Warrants, the "February 2011 Bristol Warrants") to purchase 1,255 shares of the Company's common stock at a per share exercise price of \$18.75. The February 2011 Warrants are exercised for up to seven years from the date of issue. The February 2011 Warrants may be exercised on a cashless basis if the shares of common stock underlying the February 2011 Warrants are not then registered pursuant to an effective registration statement. In the event the February 2011 Bristol Warrants are exercised on a cashless basis, the Company will not receive any proceeds.

On February 7, 2011 the Company entered into a convertible demand promissory note with Net Capital pursuant to which Net Capital purchased an aggregate principal amount of \$31,375 of convertible demand promissory notes for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,000 (the "February 2011 Net Capital Note"). The February 2011 Net Capital Note is convertible into shares of common stock of the Company at a price equal to \$12.50 per share. As of September, 2012, the February 2011 Net Capital Note had been converted into shares of the Company's common stock.

Simultaneously with the issuance of the February 2011 Net Capital Note, the Company issued Net Capital a Series A Warrant (the "February 2011 Net Capital Series A Warrants") to purchase 1,255 shares of the Company's common stock at a per share exercise price of \$15.625, and a Series B Warrant (the "February 2011 Net Capital Series B Warrants" and, together with the February 2011 Net Capital Series A Warrants, the "February 2011 Net Capital Warrants") to purchase 1,255 shares of the Company's common stock at a per share exercise price of \$18.75. The February 2011 Net Capital Warrants are exercisable for up to seven years from the date of issue. The February 2011 Net Capital Warrants may be exercised on a cashless basis if the shares of common stock underlying the February 2011 Net Capital Warrants are not then registered pursuant to an effective registration statement. In the event the February 2011 Net Capital Warrants are exercised on a cashless basis, the Company will not receive any proceeds.

On March 4, 2011 the Company entered into a convertible demand promissory note with Bristol pursuant to which Bristol purchased an aggregate principal amount of \$31,375 of convertible demand promissory notes for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,000 (the "March 2011 Bristol Note"). The March 2011 Bristol Note is convertible at the option of the holder at any time into shares of common stock, at a price equal to \$12.50.

Simultaneously with the issuance of the March 2011 Bristol Note, the Company issued Bristol a Series A Warrant (the "March 2011 Bristol Series A Warrants") to purchase 1,255 shares of the Company's common stock at a per share exercise price of \$15.625, and a Series B Warrant (the "March 2011 Bristol Series B Warrants" and, together with the March 2011 Bristol Series A Warrants, (the "March 2011 Bristol Warrants") to purchase 1,255 shares of the Company's common stock at a per share exercise price of \$18.75. The March 2011 Warrants are exercisable for up to seven years from the date of issue. The March 2011 Warrants may be exercised on a cashless basis if the shares of common stock underlying the March 2011 Warrants are not then registered pursuant to an effective registration statement. In the event the March 2011 Warrants are exercised on a cashless basis, the Company will not receive any proceeds.

On April 4, 2011 the Company entered into a convertible demand promissory note with Net Capital pursuant to which Net Capital purchased an aggregate principal amount of \$31,375 of convertible demand promissory notes for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,000 (the "April 2011 Net Capital Note"). The April 2011 Net Capital Note is convertible into shares of common stock of the Company, at a price equal to \$12.50 per share. As of September, 2012, the April 2011 Net Capital Note had been converted into shares of the Company's common stock.

Simultaneously with the issuance of the Net Capital Note, the Company issued Net Capital a Series A Warrant (the "April 2011 Net Capital Series A Warrants") to purchase 1,255 shares of common stock of the Company at a per share exercise price of \$15.625, and a Series B Warrant (the "April 2011 Net Capital Series B Warrants" and, together with the April 2011 Net Capital Series A Warrants, the "April 2011 Net Capital Warrants") to purchase 1,255 shares of common stock of the Company at a per share exercise price of \$18.75. The April 2011 Net Capital Warrants are exercisable for up to seven years from the date of issue. The April 2011 Net Capital Warrants may be exercised on a cashless basis if the shares of common stock underlying the April 2011 Net Capital Warrants are not then registered pursuant to an effective registration statement. In the event the April 2011 Net Capital Warrants are exercised on a cashless basis, we will not receive any proceeds.

On October 26, 2011 the Company entered into a convertible demand promissory note with Theorem pursuant to which Theorem purchased an aggregate principal amount of \$200,000 of convertible demand promissory notes for an aggregate purchase price of \$157,217 (the "October 2011 Theorem Note"). The October 2011 Theorem Note is convertible into shares of common stock of the Company, at a price equal to \$12.50 per share.

Simultaneously with the issuance of the October 2011 Theorem Note, the Company issued Theorem a Series A Warrant (the "October 2011 Series A Warrant") to purchase 40,000 shares of common stock of the Company at a per share exercise price of \$15.625, and a Series B Warrant (the "October 2011 Series B Warrants" and, together with the October 2011 Series A Warrants, the "October 2011 Warrants") to purchase 40,000 shares of common stock of the Company at a per share exercise price of \$18.75. The October 2011 Warrants are exercisable for up to

seven years from the date of issue. The October 2011 Warrants may be exercised on a cashless basis if the shares of common stock underlying the October 2011 Warrants are not then registered pursuant to an effective registration statement. In the event the October 2011 Warrants are exercised on a cashless basis, we will not receive any proceeds.

All of the foregoing securities were issued in reliance upon an exemption from the registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

On December 7, 2012, the Company entered into, and made its initial \$315,000 borrowing under, a short-term loan agreement with two lenders pursuant to which it is permitted to borrow up to an aggregate of \$350,000. The loans made under the loan agreement are evidence by the Company's notes and secured pursuant to a Security Agreement, that is junior to the Company's existing security arrangements under the Company's October 26, 2006 Debentures but cover the same assets of the Company.

Interest on the Notes is at the rate of 18% per annum, payable on the first day of each month until maturity on May 1, 2013. On April 1, 2013, the Company was required to pay 25.7143% of the Loan, with the remaining balance due on May 1, 2013.

The full principal amount of the Loans may be due upon default under the terms of the Loan Agreement, the Notes or the Security Agreement.

Under the Loan Agreement, the Company is required to issue 266.67 shares of its common stock for each \$1,000 of Loans made. Accordingly, on December 7, 2012, the Company issued 84,000 shares of its common stock. Assuming the entire amounts of Loans permitted under the Loan Agreement are borrowed, the Company will issue 93,334 shares in connection with the Loan Agreement.

In March 2013, the Company entered into, and made an additional \$35,000 borrowing under, a short-term loan agreement with two lenders the Company entered into in December 2012, pursuant to which it is permitted to borrow up to an aggregate of \$350,000. The loans made under the loan agreement are evidence by the Company's notes and secured pursuant to a Security Agreement, that is junior to the Company's existing security arrangements under the Company's October 26, 2006 Debentures but cover the same assets of the Company.

Financing Agreement

On November 8, 2010, the Company entered into a financing arrangement with Gemini Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a product development and manufacturing partner of the Company, pursuant to which Gemini Pharmaceuticals made a \$250,000 strategic equity investment in the Company and agreed to make a \$750,000 purchase order line of credit facility available to the Company.

The aggregate amount of outstanding Advances available to the Company under the Line of Credit may not exceed \$750,000.00 at any time. The credit amounts available to the Company will be tiered, starting at \$250,000 and will ramp up to \$500,000 and then \$750,000 upon achievement of determined milestones. The Advances requested under the Line of Credit may only be used for purchases of products and inventory from Gemini Pharmaceuticals.

The outstanding principal of all Advances under the Line of Credit will bear interest at the rate of interest of prime plus 2 percent per annum.

In partial consideration of the commitment made by Gemini Pharmaceuticals under the Line of Credit, the Company has issued to Gemini, non-callable 5-year warrants to purchase 1,200 additional shares of Common Stock at a share price of \$30.00. The warrants contain a cashless exercise provision. The warrants vest as follows: 50% immediately, 25% when the credit line is increased to \$500,000, and the remaining 25% when the credit line is increased to \$750,000. These warrants expired in October 2015. There is currently \$31,000 due on this credit line.

Joint Ventures

In March 2011, the Company agreed to form a joint venture with engage:BDR, Inc., an on-line marketing company that offers both premium and placement-specific display marketing solutions and the ability to distribute campaigns through its own display platforms and channels. engage:BDR partners with most of comScore's top 1000 websites (globally) for the most advanced display marketing capabilities. Under the joint venture agreement, engage:BDR will provide a full range of online marketing services to the joint venture, including developing brand strategy, the design of all digital media and interfaces, online media planning and buying, leveraging and integrating social media, and customer analysis.

In March 2012 the Company signed a term sheet with engage:BDR that further evidences its arrangement and that permits both parties to commence operations under the arrangement. The parties contemplate that the existing binding arrangement will be evidenced by a formal limited liability company agreement that the parties are preparing. The following is a summary of the principal provisions of our joint venture arrangement (the "Joint Venture") with engage:BDR, Inc.:

A. The Company has agreed to grant the Joint Venture an exclusive license for the on-line marketing of products containing EGTTM. The first product to be marketed and sold through the Joint Venture shall be OXIS' ErgoFlexTM product, which product was successfully test marketed in mail offering in late 2010 and early 2011. Additional OXIS products designated by the Company will be offered by the Joint Venture. If both parties agree, third party products may also be offered through the Joint Venture. However, nothing in the Joint Venture is intended to prohibit the Company from marketing, distributing and selling ErgoFlexTM or any of its other current or future products by means other than through online sales.

- B. OXIS and engage:BDR have agreed to make the following contributions to the Joint Venture:
- (a) OXIS will contribute up to \$240,000 during the first year following the formation of the Joint Venture. These funds will be provided if, when and as needed by the Joint Venture. OXIS' cash capital contribution will be used (i) to purchase ErgoFlex and other products from OXIS, at OXIS' cost, without any markup, (ii) to purchase website media inventory from engage:BDR, at engage:BDR's cost, plus a 15% administrative mark-up, and (iii) to fund the Joint Venture's other operating costs. engage:BDR has agreed to waive the 15% administrative mark-up through December 31, 2012.
- (b) In addition to the cash, OXIS' contribution to the Joint Venture includes the exclusive license for the on-line marketing of any products created by OXIS which utilize its proprietary EGTTM.
- (c) engage:BDR , at its own cost and expense, is designing, developing and providing to the Joint Venture, on a turnkey basis, all online product offering systems and technologies, including website layouts, landing pages, graphic designs, display advertising, rich media, in-banner and in-stream video development. During the initial start-up phase of the Joint Venture, engage:BDR will, at its own cost and expense, also manage all day-to-day online activities of the Joint Venture. Cash from operations in excess of the amounts needed for its operations and for reasonable reserves, shall be distributed by the Joint Venture in the following order:
 - (a) First, to OXIS on a cumulative basis, an amount equal to the cash that OXIS contributed to the Joint Venture, and
 - (b) Thereafter, all excess net operating cash will be distributed 50.1% to OXIS and 49.9% to engage:BDR.
- C. The administrative affairs of the Joint Venture shall be managed by a committee consisting of one representative of each Joint Venture member.

As additional consideration for engage:BDR entering into the Joint Venture and for contributing its services in designing, developing and implementing the advertising platform, at the time that the Joint Venture operating agreement is signed, OXIS will grant engage:BDR a two-year option to purchase OXIS securities. The option shall entitle engage:BDR to purchase the type of securities sold by us in a future \$6,000,000 or more financing, on the same terms and conditions, and at the same price, as such securities are sold to third party investors in such financing. The number of such securities that engage:BDR may purchase upon the exercise of the option (determined by assuming all convertible securities are converted and all exercisable securities are exercised) shall be equal to 4.99% of the Company's common stock issued and outstanding on the date the Joint Venture agreement is signed. If the Company has not raised \$6,000,000 by December 31, 2012, commencing on that date, engage:BDR will have a two-year right to purchase OXIS' common stock at a price equal to \$7.50. OXIS has also agreed to issue to engage:BDR a warrant to purchase up to 20,000 shares of its common stock if the Joint Venture, through engage:BDR efforts, attains certain revenue and profits targets. The warrant will have an exercise price of \$7.50 per share. This joint venture ceased operations in 2014.

4. Stockholders' Equity

Common Stock

On May 8, 2015, the Company obtained stockholder consent for the approval of an amendment to our certificate of incorporation to effect a reverse stock split of the Company's common stock at a ratio to be determined by the Board prior to the effective time of the amendment (the "Effective Time") of not less than one-for-fifty and not more than one-for-two hundred fifty and the approval of an amendment to our certificate of incorporation to set the number of authorized shares of common stock the Company shall authority to issue following the reverse stock split in an amount to be determined by the Board prior to the Effective Time.

The Company filed the amended certificate of incorporation with the State of Delaware on December 16, 2015. The Company effected a reverse stock split of the Company's common stock at a ratio of one-for-two hundred fifty and set the number of authorized shares of common stock the Company shall authority to issue following the reverse stock split in an amount of 150,000,000.

Stock Issuances

In January 2015, the Company agreed to issue 39,657 shares of common stock as a price protection to a note holder that originally converted notes at a price of \$2.50 and continues to hold these shares. These additional shares would have been issued if the conversion shares price was \$1.75. As of December 31, 2015, 33,142 shares of common stock have been issued and \$247,000 of interest expense was recorded for this issuance.

Preferred Stock

The 96,230 shares of Series C preferred stock are convertible into 111 shares of the Company's common stock at the option of the holders at any time. The conversion ratio is based on the average closing bid price of the common stock for the fifteen consecutive trading days ending on the date immediately preceding the date notice of conversion is given, but cannot be less than .20 or more than .2889 common shares for each Series C preferred share. The conversion ratio may be adjusted under certain circumstances such as stock splits or stock dividends. The Company has the right to automatically convert the Series C preferred stock into common stock if the Company lists its shares of common stock on the Nasdaq National Market and the average closing bid price of the Company's common stock on the Nasdaq National Market for 15 consecutive trading days exceeds \$3,000.00. Each share of Series C preferred stock is entitled to the number of votes equal to .26 divided by the average closing bid price of the Company's common stock during the fifteen consecutive trading days immediately prior to the date such shares of Series C preferred stock were purchased. In the event of liquidation, the holders of the Series C preferred stock shall participate on an equal basis with the holders of the common stock (as if the Series C preferred stock had converted into common stock) in any distribution of any of the assets or surplus funds of the Company. The holders of Series C preferred stock are entitled to noncumulative dividends if and when declared by the Company's board of directors. No dividends to Series C preferred stockholders were issued or unpaid through December 31, 2015.

On December 4, 2008, the Company entered into and closed an Agreement (the "Bristol Agreement") with Bristol Investment Fund, Ltd. pursuant to which Bristol agreed to cancel the debt payable by the Company to Bristol in the amount of approximately \$20,000 in consideration of the Company issuing Bristol 25,000 shares of Series G Convertible Preferred Stock, which such shares carry a stated value equal to \$1.00 per share (the "Series G Stock").

The Series G Stock is convertible, at any time at the option of the holder, into common shares of the Company based on a conversion price equal to the lesser of \$2.50 or 60% of the average of the three lowest trading prices occurring at any time during the 20 trading days preceding the conversion. The Series G Stock, as amended, shall have voting rights on an as converted basis multiplied by 100.

In the event of any liquidation or winding up of the Company, the holders of Series G Stock will be entitled to receive, in preference to holders of common stock, an amount equal to the stated value plus interest of 15% per year.

The Series G Stock restricts the ability of the holder to convert the Series G Stock and receive shares of the Company's common stock such that the number of shares of the Company common stock held by Bristol and its affiliates after such conversion does not exceed 4.9% of the Company's then issued and outstanding shares of common stock.

The Series G Stock was previously referred to in an 8-K filed by the Company on December 10, 2008 in error as the "Series E Stock". Further, the Series G Stock initially incorrectly provided that it voted on an as converted basis multiplied by 10. This incorrectly reflected the intent of the Company and the holder.

On October 13, 2009 the Company was informed by Theorem Group, LLC that it had purchased all of the outstanding Series G Preferred Stock and Theorem gave notice to the Company that it intended to exercise its ability to vote on all shareholder matters utilizing the super voting privileges provided by the Series G Stock.

Effective February 10, 2010, the Company issued 25,000 shares of its new Series H Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Series H Preferred") to Theorem Group, LLC, a California limited liability company (the "Stockholder"), in exchange for the 25,000 shares of Series G Stock then owned by the Stockholder. The foregoing exchange was effected pursuant to that certain Exchange Agreement, dated February 10, 2010, between the Company and the Stockholder (the "Exchange Agreement").

The Certificate of Designation of the Series H Preferred is based on, and substantially similar to the form and substance of the Certificate of Designation of the Series G Preferred. Some of the corrections, changes and differences between the Certificate of Designation of the Series G Preferred and the Certificate of Designation of the Series H Preferred include the following:

- · As previously disclosed, the holder of the Series H Preferred is entitled to vote with the common stock, and is entitled to a number of votes equal to (i) the number of shares of common stock it can convert into (without any restrictions or limitations on such conversion), (ii) multiplied by 100.
- The holder of the Series H Preferred cannot convert such preferred stock into shares of common stock if the holder and its affiliates after such conversion would own more than 9.9% of the Company's then issued and outstanding shares of common stock
- The Series G Preferred contained a limitation that the holder of the Series G Preferred could not convert such preferred shares into more than 19.999% of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock without the approval of the stockholders if the rules of the principal market on which the common stock is traded would prohibit such a conversion. Since the rules of the Company's principal market did not require such a limitation, that provision has been deleted.

On November 8, 2010, Gemini Pharmaceuticals purchased 1,666,667 shares of the Company's Series I Preferred Stock, \$.001 par value, at a price of \$0.15 per share (\$250,000).

As the holder of the Series I Preferred Stock, Gemini Pharmaceuticals will be entitled to receive, out of funds legally available, dividends in cash at the annual rate of 8.0% of the Preference Amount (\$0.15), when, as, and if declared by the Board. No dividends or other distributions shall be made with respect to any shares of junior stock until dividends in the same amount per share on the Series I Preferred Stock shall have been declared and paid or set apart during that fiscal year. Dividends on the Series I Preferred Stock shall not be cumulative and no right shall accrue to the Series I Preferred Stock by reason of the fact that the Company may fail to declare or pay dividends on the Series I Preferred Stock in the amount of the Dividend Rate per share or in any amount in any previous fiscal year of the Company, whether or not the earnings of the Company in that previous fiscal year were sufficient to pay such dividends in whole or in part.

Each share of Series I Preferred Stock shall entitle the holder thereof to such number of votes per share as shall equal the number of shares of Common Stock (rounded to the nearest whole number) into which such share of Series I Preferred Stock is then convertible.

Upon any liquidation of the Company, subject to the rights of any series of Preferred Stock that may from time to time come into existence, before any distribution or payment shall be made to the holders of any Junior Stock, the holders of the shares of Series I Preferred Stock then outstanding shall be entitled to receive and be paid out of the assets of the Company legally available for distribution to its stockholders liquidating distributions in cash or property at its fair market value as determined by the Board in the amount of \$0.15 per share (as adjusted for any stock dividends, combinations or splits with respect to such shares).

Shares of Series I Preferred Stock may, at the option of the holder thereof, be converted at any time or from time to time into fully paid and non-assessable shares of Common Stock. The number of shares of Common Stock which a holder of shares of Series I Preferred Stock shall be entitled to receive upon conversion of such shares shall be the product obtained by multiplying the Conversion Rate by the number of shares of Series I Preferred Stock being converted. Initially, the Series I Preferred Stock is convertible into 6,667 shares of common stock.

In the event that the per-share Market Price of the Common Stock over a period of 20 consecutive trading days is equal to at least 130% of the initial conversion price (130% of \$0.15), all outstanding shares of Series I Preferred Stock shall be converted automatically into the number of shares of Common Stock into which such shares of Series I Preferred Stock are then convertible without any further action by the holders of such shares and whether or not the certificates representing such shares of Series I Preferred Stock are surrendered to the Company or its transfer agent.

Waighted

Common Stock Warrants

Warrant transactions for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

		weighted Average
	Number of	Exercise
	Warrants	Price
Outstanding, December 31, 2013:	2,364,183	\$ 5.00
Granted	1,325,155	3.25
Forfeited	(1,037,240)	2.50
Exercised	-	
Outstanding at December 31, 2014:	2,652,088	\$ 2.50
Granted	9,874,833	1.25
Forfeited	(1,200)	0.01
Exercised	-	
Outstanding at December 31, 2015	12,525,721	\$ 1.25
Exercisable warrants:		
December 31, 2014	326,040	\$ 2.50
December 31, 2015	12,525,721	\$ 1.25

Consulting Agreements

On December 29, 2014, the Company issued 120,000 warrants to a consultant for services rendered. The warrants were valued to \$601,000 and were recorded as an expense in the Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2014.

On October 1, 2015, the Company issued 120,000 warrants to a consultant for services rendered. The warrants were valued to \$448,000 and were recorded as an expense in the Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Stock Options

The Company reserved 400,000 shares of its common stock at December 31, 2014 for issuance under the 2014 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2014 Plan"). The 2014 Plan, approval by stockholders in May 2015, permits the Company to grant stock options to acquire shares of the Company's common stock, award stock bonuses of the Company's common stock, and grant stock appreciation rights. At December 31, 2015, 133,445 shares of common stock were available for grant and options to purchase 266,555 shares of common stock are outstanding under the 2014 Plan.

The Company has no shares of its common stock at December 31, 2015 to issue under the 2010 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2010 Plan"). The 2010 Plan, approved by stockholders at the 2011 annual meeting, permits the Company to grant stock options to acquire shares of the Company's common stock, award stock bonuses of the Company's common stock, and grant stock appreciation rights. At December 31, 2015, options to purchase 600 shares of common stock are outstanding under the 2010 Plan.

The Company has no of its common stock reserved at December 31, 2014 for issuance under the 2003 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2003 Plan"). The 2003 Plan, approved by stockholders at the 2003 annual meeting, permits the Company to grant stock options to acquire shares of the Company's common stock, award stock bonuses of the Company's common stock, and grant stock appreciation rights. At December 31, 2015, options to purchase 967 shares of common stock are outstanding under the 2003 Plan.

In addition, the Company has reserved 2,000 shares of its common stock for issuance outside of its stock incentive plans. At December 31, 2015, options to purchase 2,000 shares of common stock are outstanding outside of its stock incentive plans.

The following table summarizes stock option transactions for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014:

	Number of Options	1	Veighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, December 31, 2013	117,110	\$	15.00
Granted	321,833		-
Exercised	-		
Expired	(112,903)		22.50
Outstanding, December 31, 2014	326,040	\$	15.00
Granted	52,000		3.29
Exercised	-		
Expired	(3,240)		61.00
Outstanding, December 31, 2014	374,800	\$	4.88
Exercisable Options:			
December 31, 2014	326,040	\$	15.00
December 31, 2015	374,800	\$	4.88

The weighted-average fair value of options granted was \$1,829,000 and \$1,609,000 in 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The following table summarizes information about all outstanding and exercisable stock options at December 31, 2015:

		Outstanding Options		Exercisable Options				
			Weighted-Average					
Rar	ige of	Number of	Remaining	Weigh	ited-Average	Number of	Weighte	d-Average
Exe	tercise Prices Options Contractual Life Exercise Pri		rcise Price	Options	Options Exercise Pri			
\$	2.50 to \$7.50	373,833	3.34	\$	4.76	266,555	\$	3.66
\$	0.10 to \$0.20	908	.85		50.00	908		50.00
\$	0.30 to \$0.59	59	.71		65.54	59		62.54
		374,800				267,522		

5. Income Taxes

Deferred Taxes

Deferred taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes, and operating losses and tax credit carryforwards. The significant components of net deferred income tax assets for the Company are:

	December 31,		
	2015	2014	
Deferred tax assets:			
Federal net operating loss carryforward	\$ 15,400,000	\$ 14,481,000	
Other	1,028,000	871,000	
Patent amortization	(13,000)	(15,000)	
Deferred tax assets before valuation	16,415,000	15,337,000	
Valuation allowance	(16,415,000)	(15,337,000))	
Net deferred income tax assets	\$ —	\$	

Generally accepted accounting principles requires that the tax benefit of net operating losses, temporary differences and credit carryforwards be recorded as an asset to the extent that management assesses that realization is "more likely than not." Realization of the future tax benefits is dependent on the Company's ability to generate sufficient taxable income within the carryforward period. Because of the Company's history of operating losses, management has provided a valuation allowance equal to its net deferred tax assets.

Tax Carryforward

At December 31, 2015, the Company had net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$35,800,000 to reduce United States federal taxable income in future years. These carryforwards expire through 2035.

The Company is no longer subject to U.S. and state tax examinations for years ending before the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011. Management does not believe there will be any material changes in our unrecognized tax positions over the next twelve months.

The Company's policy is to recognize interest and penalties accrued on any unrecognized tax benefits as a component of income tax expense. There was no accrued interest or penalties associated with any unrecognized tax benefits, nor was any interest expense recognized during the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014.

6. Subsequent Events

In January 2016, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with one accredited investor to sell 10% convertible debentures, with and an exercise price of \$1.25, with an initial principal balance of \$100,000 and warrants to acquire up to 80,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$1.25 per share.

Restructuring Agreements

Effective January 8, 2016, Company entered into agreements to effect the restructuring (the "Restructuring") of certain unregistered debt and equity securities of the Company that will result in an issuance of up to 28,389,193 shares of common stock of the Company (the "Common Stock"). In connection with the Restructuring, the Company entered into a note conversion agreement (the "Conversion Agreement"), a warrant exercise agreement (the "Exercise Agreement") and a preferred stock exchange agreement (the "Exchange Agreement" and, collectively with the Conversion Agreement and the Exercise Agreement, the "Restructuring Agreements"), pursuant to which the Company and certain of the Company's creditors and investors have agreed that (i) certain outstanding debt of the Company (collectively, the "Debt") will be converted into shares of Common Stock; (ii) certain outstanding warrants to purchase shares of capital stock of the Company (collectively, the "Warrants") will be exercised on a cashless basis for shares of Common Stock; and (iii) certain outstanding shares of Series H Convertible Preferred Stock of the Company (the "Series H Preferred Stock") and Series I Convertible Preferred Stock of the Company (the "Series I Preferred Stock" and together with the Series H Preferred Stock, the "Preferred Stock") will be exchanged for shares of Common Stock. The Conversion Agreement, Exercise Agreement and Exchange Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby are described in further detail below.

Under the Conversion Agreement, certain creditors of the Company holding an aggregate of approximately \$15,056,000 (including accrued interest and penalties) of outstanding Debt have agreed to convert all such outstanding Debt into shares of Common Stock at a conversion price of \$1.25 per share upon successful completion by the Company of a \$6 million financing.

In addition, under the Exercise Agreement, certain investors together holding warrants to purchase 12,269,240 shares of capital stock of the Company exchanged such warrants and received one share of Common Stock in exchange for each share of capital stock of the Company underlying the warrants.

Finally, under the Exchange Agreement, certain investors together holding 25,000 shares of Series H Preferred Stock and 1,666,667 shares of Series I Preferred Stock have agreed to convert all such shares of Preferred Stock into an aggregate of 4,075,000 shares of Common Stock upon successful completion by the Company of a \$6 million financing.

The Restructuring Agreements terminated the notes, the warrants, and any anti-dilution protection thereunder. In addition, all creditor and investor parties to the Restructuring Agreements provided a waiver of any and all past defaults and breaches under the Notes, Warrants and Preferred Stock, in consideration of the shares issued pursuant to the Restructuring Agreements.

Common Stock

The Company has issued an aggregate of 12,397,040 shares of common stock to a total of 29 persons or entities in exchange of the cancellation of warrants on a cashless basis. The shares issued were exempt from the registration requirements of Section 5 of the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Act") pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Act since the shares were issued to persons or entities closely associated with the Company and there was no public offering of the shares.

The Company also issued an aggregate of 2,283,840 shares of common stock to a total of 15 persons as payment for consulting services provided to the Company. The average valuation of these shares was \$2.50 per share. These shares were also exempt from the registration requirements of Section 5 of the Act pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Act since the shares were also issued to persons closely associated with the Company and there was no public offering of the shares.

The Company also issued an aggregate of 4,612,341 shares of common stock to two executive officers of the Company in fulfilment of contractual rights held by the officers pursuant to their employment agreements. These shares were also exempt from the registration requirements of Section 5 of the Act pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Act since the shares were also issued to persons closely associated with the Company and there was no public offering of the shares.

PART II

INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

Item 13. Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution.

The following table sets forth an itemization of all estimated expenses in connection with the issuance and distribution of the securities to be registered:

Item	Amount
Registration Statement filing fee	\$ 5,026
Accountants fees and expenses	10,000
Legal fees and expenses	50,000
Printing	5,000
Miscellaneous	5,000
Total	\$ 75,026

Item 14. Indemnification of Directors and Officers.

Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, or DGCL, provides that a corporation may indemnify directors and officers as well as other employees and individuals against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection with any threatened, pending or completed actions, suits or proceedings in which such person is made a party by reason of such person being or having been a director, officer, employee or agent to the corporation. The DGCL provides that Section 145 is not exclusive of other rights to which those seeking indemnification may be entitled under any bylaw, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise.

Section 102(b)(7) of the DGCL permits a corporation to provide in its certificate of incorporation that a director of the corporation shall not be personally liable to the corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except for liability for any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the corporation or its stockholders, for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law, for unlawful payments of dividends or unlawful stock repurchases, redemptions or other distributions, or for any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit.

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated by-laws include provisions to (i) eliminate the personal liability of our directors for monetary damages resulting from breaches of their fiduciary duty to the extent permitted by Section 102(b) (7) of the DGCL and (ii) require the registrant to indemnify its directors and officers to the fullest extent permitted by Section 145 of the DGCL, including circumstances in which indemnification is otherwise discretionary. Pursuant to Section 145 of the DGCL, a corporation generally has the power to indemnify its present and former directors, officers, employees and agents against expenses incurred by them in connection with any suit to which they are, or are threatened to be made, a party by reason of their serving in such positions so long as they acted in good faith and in a manner they reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to, the best interests of the corporation and with respect to any criminal action, they had no reasonable cause to believe their conduct was unlawful. We believe that these provisions are necessary to attract and retain qualified persons as directors and officers. These provisions do not eliminate the directors' duty of care, and, in appropriate circumstances, equitable remedies such as injunctive or other forms of nonmonetary relief will remain available under DGCL. In addition, each director will continue to be subject to liability for breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the registrant, for acts or omissions not in good faith or involving intentional misconduct, for knowing violations of law, for acts or omissions that the director believes to be contrary to the best interests of the registrant or its stockholders, for any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit, for acts or omissions involving a reckless disregard for the director's duty to the registrant or its stockholders when the director was aware or should have been aware of a risk of serious injury to the registrant or its stockholders, for acts or omissions that constitute an unexcused pattern of inattention that amounts to an abdication of the director's duty to the registrant or its stockholders, for improper transactions between the director and the registrant and for improper distributions to stockholders and loans to directors and officers. The provision also does not affect a director's responsibilities under any other law, such as the federal securities law or state or federal environmental laws.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers or persons controlling us pursuant to the foregoing, we have been informed that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable.

We have entered into indemnification agreements with our directors and officers. The indemnification agreements will provide indemnification to our directors and officers under certain circumstances for acts or omissions which may not be covered by directors' and officers' liability insurance, and may, in some cases, be broader than the specific indemnification provisions contained under Delaware law.

At present, there is no pending litigation or proceeding involving any of our directors or officers as to which indemnification is being sought nor are we aware of any threatened litigation that may result in claims for indemnification by any officer or director.

We do not have an insurance policy covering our officers and directors with respect to certain liabilities, including liabilities arising under the Securities Act or otherwise.

The foregoing statements are subject to the detailed provisions of the DGCL, our articles and our by-laws.

Item 15. Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities.

Effective April, 2013 the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with one accredited investor to sell 10% convertible debentures with an initial principal balance of \$75,000.

In October and November, 2013, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with four accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures with an initial principal balance of \$172,000 and warrants to acquire up to 98,286 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share.

In December, 2013, the Company entered into a convertible demand promissory note with an initial principal balance of \$189,662 convertible at \$1.75 per share and warrants to acquire up to 108,378 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share.

In January, 2014, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with one accredited investor to sell 10% convertible debentures with an initial principal balance of \$50,000 and warrants to acquire up to 28,571 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share.

In April, 2014, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with three accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures with an initial principal balance of \$49,000 and warrants to acquire up to 22,286 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share.

In July 2014, the Company agreed to an adjustment as negotiated to enable inducement of further financing of the Company. Pursuant to the anti-dilution provisions in the convertible instruments, the conversion price of certain convertible instruments is now \$1.75 (with the exception of the conversion price of the October 2006 Debenture which is already priced at the lesser of \$1.75 and 60% of the average of the lowest three trading prices occurring at any time during the 20 trading days preceding conversion).

On July 24, 2014, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with ten accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures, with an exercise price of \$1.75, with an initial principal balance of \$1,250,000 and warrants to acquire up to 714,286 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share.

Also on July 24, 2014, the Company sold to Kenneth Eaton, the Company's Chief Executive Officer, a \$175,000 debenture, with an exercise price of \$1.75, as payment in full for all accrued and unpaid salary and fees owed to Mr. Eaton.

On October 15, 2014, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with three accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures, with an exercise price of \$2.50, with an initial principal balance of \$1,250,000 and warrants to acquire up to 400,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$5.00 per share.

On December 29, 2014, the Company issued 120,000 warrants to a consultant for services rendered. The warrants were valued at \$601,000 and were recorded as an expense in the Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2014.

In January 2015, the Company agreed to issue 39,657 shares of common stock as a price protection to a note holder that originally converted notes at a price of \$2.50 and continues to hold these shares. These additional shares would have been issued if the conversion shares price was \$1.75. As of December 31, 2015, 33,142 shares of common stock have been issued and \$247,000 of interest expense was recorded for this issuance.

On February 23, 2015, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with ten accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures, with an exercise price of \$6.25, with an initial principal balance of \$2,350,000 and warrants to acquire up to 376,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$7.50 per share.

Effective July 2015, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with three accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures, with an exercise price of \$5.00, with an initial principal balance of \$550,000 and warrants to acquire up to 111,765 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$6.25 per share.

On August 18, 2015, the Company entered into a settlement agreement with three noteholders. In accordance with the July 24, 2014 Security Purchase Agreements, the Company was required to establish and maintain a reserve of shares of its common stock from its duly authorized shares of Common Stock for issuance in an amount equal to 150% of a required minimum by December 21, 2014 which did not occur. As compensation for the default, the Company issued allonges to the noteholders for a total of \$812,500, increasing the principal amount of the convertible notes.

On October 1, 2015, the Company issued 120,000 warrants to a consultant for services rendered. The warrants were valued at \$448,000 and were recorded as an expense in the Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Effective October 2015, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with three accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures, with an exercise price of \$2.50, with an initial principal balance of \$500,000 and warrants to acquire up to 200,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share.

On October 7, 2015, the Company entered into a settlement agreement with two noteholders. In accordance with the July 24, 2014 Security Purchase Agreements, The Company was required to establish and maintain a reserve of shares of its common stock from its duly authorized shares of Common Stock for issuance in an amount equal to 150% of a required minimum by December 21, 2014 which did not occur. As compensation for the default, the Company issued allonges to the noteholders for a total of \$537,500, increasing the principal amount of the convertible notes.

On November 5, 2015, the Company entered into a Second Settlement Agreement with three noteholders. On August 18, 2015 the Company entered into a Settlement Agreement that required the Company to increase its authorized shares to not less 8,000,000 shares and reserve 150% of the number of shares of its Common Stock no later than the earlier of (1) two days after Oxis obtaining all corporate and regulatory approvals necessary to increase it authorized shares; or (2) September 30, 2015 which did not occur. As compensation for the default, the Company issued additional allonges to the noteholders for a total of \$837,500, increasing the principal amount of the convertible notes.

Effective November 2015, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with two accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures, with an exercise price of \$2.50, with an initial principal balance of \$100,000 and warrants to acquire up to 80,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share.

Effective December 2015, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with two accredited investors to sell 10% convertible debentures, with and an exercise price of \$1.25, with an initial principal balance of \$350,000 and warrants to acquire up to 280,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$1.25 per share.

In December 2015, the Company agreed to an adjustment as negotiated to enable inducement of further financing of the Company. Pursuant to the anti-dilution provisions in all the convertible instruments, the conversion price of certain convertible instruments is now \$1.25 (with the exception of the conversion price of the October 2006 Debenture which is already priced at the lesser of \$1.25 and 60% of the average of the lowest three trading prices occurring at any time during the 20 trading days preceding conversion).

On Dec 5, 2015, the Company entered into a Second Settlement Agreement with three noteholders. On October 7, 2015 the Company entered into a Settlement Agreement that required the Company to increase its authorized shares to not less than 8,000,000 shares and reserve 150% of the number of shares of its Common Stock no later than the earlier of (1) two days after Oxis obtaining all corporate and regulatory approvals necessary to increase it authorized shares; or (2) September 30, 2015 which did not occur. As compensation for the default, the Company issued additional allonges to the noteholders for a total of \$537,500, increasing the principal amount of the convertible notes.

In January 2016, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with one accredited investor to sell 10% convertible debentures, with and an exercise price of \$1.25, with an initial principal balance of \$150,000 and warrants to acquire up to 80,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$1.25 per share.

During the six months ending June 30, 2016, the Company also issued an aggregate of 2,022,230 shares of common stock to a total of 17 persons as payment for consulting services provided to the Company. The average valuation of these shares was \$2.00 per share.

During the six months ending June 30, 2016, the Company also issued an aggregate of 4,612,341 shares of common stock to two executive officers of the Company in fulfilment of contractual rights held by the officers pursuant to their employment agreements.

During the six months ending June 30, 2016, the Company also issued an aggregate of 4,275,186 shares of common stock to a total of 17 persons as payment for the conversion of certain note and the related accrued interest. The conversion price of these shares was \$0.40 per share.

In July 2016, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with one accredited investor to sell 10% convertible debentures, with and an exercise price of \$0.40, with an initial principal balance of \$112,135 and warrants to acquire up to 280,338 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.45 per share.

In July 2016, the Company also issued an aggregate of 1,026,019 shares of common stock to a total of three persons or entities as payment for the conversion of certain note and the related accrued interest. The conversion price of these shares was \$0.40 per share. These shares were also exempt from the registration requirements of Section 5 of the Act pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Act since the shares were also issued to persons closely associated with the Company and there was no public offering of the shares.

In August 2016, the Company issued 1,115,000 shares of common stock to H.C. Wainwright and Co., LLC as payment for investment banking services provided to the Company.

In August 2016, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with one accredited investor to sell 10% convertible debentures up \$1,000,000, with and an exercise price of \$0.40, with an initial principal balance of \$250,000 and warrants to acquire up to 2,500,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.45 per share.

All securities described above in this Item 15 were exempt from the registration requirements of Section 5 of the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Act") pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Act since the securities were issued to persons or entities closely associated with the Company and there was no public offering of the securities.

Item 16. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.

(a) Exhibits: The list of Exhibits is set forth on page 41 of this Registration Statement and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 17. Undertakings.

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes:

- (1) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:
 - (i) To include any prospectus required by section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933;
- (ii) To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in the registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933, if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than 20% change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement.
- (iii) To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the registration statement or any material change to such information in the registration statement;
- (2) That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.
- (3) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering.
- (6) That, for the purpose of determining liability of the registrant under the Securities Act of 1933 to any purchaser in the initial distribution of the securities:

The undersigned registrant undertakes that in a primary offering of securities of the undersigned registrant pursuant to this registration statement, regardless of the underwriting method used to sell the securities to the purchaser, if the securities are offered or sold to such purchaser by means of any of the following communications, the undersigned registrant will be a seller to the purchaser and will be considered to offer or sell such securities to such purchaser:

- (i) Any preliminary prospectus or prospectus of the undersigned registrant relating to the offering required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424:
- (ii) Any free writing prospectus relating to the offering prepared by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant or used or referred to by the undersigned registrant;
- (iii) The portion of any other free writing prospectus relating to the offering containing material information about the undersigned registrant or its securities provided by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant; and
 - (iv) Any other communication that is an offer in the offering made by the undersigned registrant to the purchaser.
- (h) Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933 and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933 and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.
- (i) The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes that:
- (1) For purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act, the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this registration statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in a form of prospectus filed by the registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b)(1) or (4) or 497(h) under the Securities Act shall be deemed to be part of this registration statement as of the time it was declared effective.
- (2) For the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act, each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Los Angeles, State of California, on this 21st day of November , 2016.

Oxis International, Inc.

/s/ Anthony J. Cataldo
By: _____
Anthony J. Cataldo
President and Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

/s/ Anthony J. Cataldo

Anthony J. Cataldo Chief Executive Officer Director

Dated: November 21, 2016

/s/ Steven Wendon

Steven Weldon Chief Financial Officer Principal Accounting Officer Director

Dated: November 21, 2016

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Exhibit Description
3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation as filed in Delaware September 10, 1996 and as thereafter amended through March 1,
	2002 (filed as Exhibit 3A to the Company's Form 10-KSB as filed with the SEC on April 1, 2002 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.2	Certificate of Amendment to Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Oxis International, Inc. (filed as
	Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Form 10-K as filed with the SEC on March 31, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.3	Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation (filed as Exhibit 3.3 to the Company's Form S-1/A on August 25, 2016).
3.4	Bylaws, as restated effective September 7, 1994 and as amended through April 29, 2003 (filed as Exhibit 3 to the Company's Form 10-QSB as filed with the SEC on August 13, 2003 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.1	Certificate of Designation of Preferences, Rights and Limitations of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock of Oxis International, Inc. (filed as a section of Exhibit 3A to the Company's Form 10-KSB as filed with the SEC on April 1, 2002 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.2	Certificate of Designation of Preferences, Rights and Limitations of Series H Convertible Preferred Stock of Oxis International, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 8-K as filed with the SEC on February 16, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.3	Certificate of Designation of Preferences, Rights and Limitations of Series I Convertible Preferred Stock of Oxis International, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 3.4 to the Company's Form 10-K as filed with the SEC on March 31, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.4	Certificate of Designation of Preferences, Rights and Limitations of Series J Convertible Preferred Stock of Oxis International, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 4.4 to the Company's Form S-1/A on August 25, 2016).
4.5	Form of Series A Warrant (see Exhibit 10.10).
5	Opinion re legality (filed as Exhibit 5 to the Company's Form S-1/A on October 31, 2016).
10.1	Employment Agreement of Steven Weldon (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 10-K as filed with the SEC on March 30, 2016 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.2	Employment Agreement of Anthony Cataldo (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Form 10-K as filed with the SEC on March 30, 2016 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.3	License Agreement with ID4 Pharna LLC (filed as Exhibit 5 to the Company's Form S-1/A on October 31, 2016). (1')
10.4	License Agreement with the University of Minnesota (filed as Exhibit 5 to the Company's Form S-1/A on October 31, 2016). (1)
10.5	License Agreement with Daniel A. Vallera, Ph.D. (filed as Exhibit 5 to the Company's Form S-1/A on October 31, 2016).
10.6	License Agreement with MultiCell Immunotherapeutics, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 5 to the Company's Form S-1/A on October 31, 2016). (1)
10.7	Note Conversion Agreement (filed as Exhibit 10.7 to the Company's Form S-1/A filed with the SEC on October 3, 2016)
10.8	Warrant Conversion Agreement (filed as Exhibit 10.8 to the Company's Form S-1/A filed with the SEC on October 3, 2016)
10.9	Preferred Stock Exchange Agreement (filed as Exhibit 10.9 to the Company's Form S-1/A filed with the SEC on October 3,
	2016)
10.10	Form of Series A Warrant (filed as Exhibit 10.10 to the Company's Form S-1/A filed with the SEC on October 3, 2016)
10.11	Placement Agent Agreement with H.C. Wainwright & Co., LLC. (filed as Exhibit 10.11 to the Company's Form S-1/A filed with the SEC on October 3, 2016)
21	Subsidiaries of Oxis International, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 21 to the Company's Form S-1/A on August 25, 2016).
23.1	Consent of Independent Accounting Firm
23.2	Consent of Attorney (see Exhibit 5 above).
101	Interactive Data Files

⁽¹⁾ Confidential treatment is being sought for Exhibits 10.3, 10.4, 10.5, and 10.6.

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the incorporation by reference in this Registration Statement on Form S-1/A of Oxis International, Inc. of our report dated March 30, 2016, relating to our audit of the consolidated financial statements as of and for the years ended December 2015 and 2014, which appears in the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Oxis International, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2015. Our report included an explanatory paragraph expressing substantial doubt about the ability of Oxis International, Inc. to continue as a going concern.

We also consent to the reference to our Firm under the caption "Experts" in the Prospectus, which is part of this Registration Statement.

/s/Seligson & Giannattasio, LLP Seligson & Giannattasio, LLP

White Plains, New York November 21, 2016